

2007 Motor Vehicle Occupant Safety Survey

VOLUME 1

Methodology Report

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Study Design

The 2007 Motor Vehicle Occupant Safety Survey (MVOSS), like the baseline Motor Vehicle Occupant Safety Survey in 1994 and its follow-up surveys in 1996, 1998, 2000, and 2003 was conducted by telephone. Hence, the study procedures called for the construction of a national sampling frame of telephone households from which a random population sample could be derived. For each of the two survey instruments (one focusing on seat belts and the other on child restraints, with a common core of questions relating to personal characteristics and driving behaviors), a national probability sample was developed. Each sample was composed of a cross-sectional sample of approximately 4,500 persons 16 and older, and an over-sample of approximately 1,500 persons ages 16 through 39. Since the sampling procedures and data collection methodology for the two samples were identical, procedures described in this report for one sample apply to the other as well.

The procedure for developing a population-based sample for this telephone survey involved four stages. The first stage sample involved using a population-based sample allocation, distributed in proportion to the geographic distribution of the target population according to the most recent Census estimates. The second stage employed a systematic selection of assigned land-line telephone banks within the geographically stratified first stage sample design. The third stage used a random digit dialing (RDD) sampling of telephone households within the telephone banks selected in the second stage. The fourth stage required the identification and systematic selection of one eligible respondent within each sampled household so that the household sampling frame yielded a representative sample of the eligible population. These procedures yielded national estimates of the target population, within specified limits of expected sampling variability, from which valid generalizations can be made to the general public. The sampling procedures used to develop the sample for the 2007 surveys were the same as those used to draw the samples for the 2003, 2000, 1998, 1996 and 1994 surveys.

There were several differences in study methodology between the current 2007 MVOSS and earlier surveys. First, the field period was changed from November-January in the surveys in 1994, 1996, 1998 and 2000 to January-March in 2003. In 2007, the field period was extended from January to April in order to permit an extended callback protocol for the survey. Second, there was a change in the contact protocol to increase the maximum contact attempts from a 5call design to a 10-call design in 2003. In order to improve response rates, the 2007 survey was initially designed for a maximum of 17 contact attempts, 12 contact attempts to reach a household and an additional 5 contact attempts to reach and interview the designated respondent. The maximum number of contact attempts was subsequently increased to 22, 12 contacts to reach the household and 10 more contact attempts to interview the designated respondent. The extended call design increased the likelihood of including younger and more mobile respondents, who are less likely to be at home and reached in a five or ten call design, as well as increasing the response rate. Third, the earlier surveys had included a gender quota by geographic area to avoid over-representing women in the achieved sample. In the 2007 MVOSS, gender quotas were eliminated. Instead, the probability of selection was increased for males in households in which there were multiple eligible respondents. Finally, several experiments were performed as

part of the 2007 MVOSS, including a cell phone sample component and a test of the effects of advance letters on response rate to the survey.

Cognitive Testing and Questionnaire Revisions

Although the two questionnaires for the 2007 MVOSS were identical to the 2003 MVOSS, several new or revised items were planned for the Version II questionnaire in 2007. Consequently, cognitive testing was conducted on the Version II questionnaire to measure how respondents might interpret and respond to new or revised questions. The cognitive testing process involved a series of standardized probes that were introduced at specified points in the draft questionnaire used to interview respondents. The objective was to identify any questions or response categories that posed problems for respondents with encoding, recall or decision processes prior to the full implementation of the survey.

A total of nine one-on-one cognitive interviews were conducted on December 7, 2005, with persons selected from the general public. The cognitive interviews were conducted by two researchers from SRBI: one who asked the basic survey questions and another who asked the cognitive probes. This two-person approach was utilized to ensure that all of the appropriate questions were asked for both the regular survey and the cognitive testing.

The cognitive testing of the instrument was performed by adding probes at various points during the interview designed to measure respondents' understanding of the questions and response options being offered. Illustrative probes used in the cognitive testing included the following:

- Please restate this question in your own words.
- What does... mean to you?
- Are there any other answer categories I should have provided?
- As I read the following items, please tell me if any are confusing.
- Is there another term we should use?
- What types of answers did you think I was looking for?
- Was this question hard to answer?
- Can you rephrase the question to make it clearer?
- How did this question differ from the previous question?
- What part of the question did you focus on when you came up with your answer?

Respondents indicated a basic level of understanding of the questions asked and were able to accurately rephrase questions when probed. Respondents also indicated a basic level of understanding of specific words and phrases when probed. When asked to discuss the thought process for some questions, respondents tended to indicate that they generally thought about their own experiences when answering questions. Those respondents familiar with specific aspects of child safety seats were able to describe them and (on occasion) offer suggestions for alternative item descriptions. As a result of the cognitive testing, several questions and answer selections were modified slightly for clarity.

Sample Construction

Most of the statistical formulas associated with sampling theories are based upon the assumption of simple random sampling. Specifically, the statistical formulas for specifying the sampling precision (estimates of sampling variance), given particular sample sizes, are premised on simple random sampling. Unfortunately, random sampling requires that all of the elements in the population have an equal chance of being selected. Since no enumeration of the total population of the United States (or its subdivisions) is available, all surveys of the general public are based upon an approximation of the actual population and survey samples are generated by a process closely resembling true random sampling.

The survey samples were based on a modified stratified random digit dialing method, using an area probability/RDD sample rather than a single-stage/RDD sample. There are several important advantages to using an area probability base: (1) it draws the sample proportionate to the geographic distribution of the target population rather than the geographic distribution of telephone households, which is vital to constructing unbiased population estimates from telephone surveys; (2) it allows greater geographic stratification of the sample to control for known geographic differences in non-response rates; and (3) it facilitates the use of Census estimates of population characteristics to weight the completed sample to correct for other forms of sampling and non-sampling bias. Moreover, the precision of sample estimates is generally improved by stratification.

Hence, as specified for the study design for the survey, the adult household population of the United States was stratified by the ten NHTSA regions. The estimated distribution of the population for 2007 by stratum was calculated on the basis of the Bureau of the Census, Interim State Projections of Population by Single Year of Age and Sex: July 1, 2004 to 2030, (release date, April 21, 2005). At the time of the survey, these were the most recent projections of the distribution of adult population by state. Based on the Census data on the geographic distribution of the target population, the total sample was proportionately allocated by stratum. The expected geographic allocation of the cross-sectional sample for the survey is presented in Table 1 (this table does not include the 1,500 cases from the over-sample).

Once the sample had been geographically stratified with sample allocation proportionate to population distribution, a sample of assigned telephone banks was randomly selected from an enumeration of the Working Residential Hundreds Blocks of the active telephone exchanges within the region. The Working Residential Hundreds Blocks were defined as each block of 100 potential telephone numbers within an exchange that included 3 or more residential listings. (Exchanges with one or two listings were excluded because in most cases such listings represent errors in the published listings). The sampling frame for working hundreds blocks in all surveys using random digit dialing is restricted to land-line telephones since there are no public listings of cell phones. Further, federal law prohibits the use of auto-dialers in calling of cell phone numbers. Hence, any known cell phone banks and numbers ported from land-line to cell phone are systematically excluded from the RDD land-line samples.

TABLE 1 Population Aged 16 and Older by NHTSA Region: 2007 Projections for National Cross-Section Survey of 4,500*

			Cre	oss-Section
		Population	Proportion	Sample
		235,697,149	100.00%	(4,500)
Region I	CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT	11,632,801	4.94%	222
Region II	NJ, NY	22,366,056	9.49%	427
Region III	DE, DC, MD, PA, VA, WV	23,264,667	9.87%	444
Region IV	AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, TN	46,141,934	19.58%	881
Region V	IL, IN, MI, MN, OH, WI	40,583,984	17.22%	775
Region VI	AR, LA, NM, OK, TX	27,713,138	11.76%	529
Region VII	IA, KS, MO, NE	10,456,325	4.44%	200
Region VIII	CO, MT, ND, SD, UT, WY	7,741,611	3.28%	148
Region IX	AZ, CA, HI, NV	36,229,526	15.37%	692
Region X	AK, ID, OR, WA	9,567,107	4.06%	183

^{*}Does not include the 1,500 cases from the over-sample)

Source: <u>Interim State Projections of Population by Single Year of Age and Sex: July 1, 2004 to 2030</u>, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Division, Populations Projections Branch, http://www.census.gov/population/www/projections/projectionsagesex.html, (release date, April 21, 2005).

In the third stage sample, a two-digit number was randomly generated by computer for each Working Residential Hundreds Block selected in the second stage sample. This third stage sampling process is the random digit dialing (RDD) component. Every telephone number within the Hundreds Block has an equal probability of selection, regardless of whether it is listed or unlisted.

The third stage RDD sample of telephone numbers was then dialed by SRBI interviewers to determine which were currently working residential household phone numbers. Non-working numbers and non-residential numbers were immediately replaced by other RDD numbers selected within the same stratum in the same fashion as the initial number. Ineligible households (e.g., no adult in the household, language barriers other than Spanish) were also immediately replaced. Non-answering numbers were not replaced until the research protocol (in this study, a ten-call protocol) was exceeded.

Screening to Determine Household Eligibility

The sample construction process yielded a population-based, random digit dialing sample of telephone numbers. The systematic dialing of those numbers to obtain a residential contact yielded a random sample of telephone households. The next step was to select eligible households within the total sample of working numbers.

An adult respondent at each number drawn into the sampling frame was contacted about the composition of the household. Telephone numbers that yielded non-residential contacts such as businesses, churches, and college dormitories, were screened out. Only households, i.e., residences in which any number of related individuals or no more than five unrelated persons living together, were eligible for inclusion in the sample. This minimal screening was only to ascertain that the sample of telephone numbers reached by interviewers was residential households.

Selection of Respondent Within Household

The multi-stage sampling process described in the previous sections yielded a random national sample of households with telephones, drawn proportionate to the population distribution. The final stage required the selection of one respondent per household for the interview.

A systematic selection procedure was used to select one designated respondent for each household sampled. First, the total number of age-eligible adults in the household was ascertained from a household informant. If there was only one eligible adult in the household that individual was the designated respondent. If there was more than one age eligible respondent in the household, the number of eligible males and females was ascertained.

The "most recent/next birthday method" was used for within household selection among multiple eligibles. The most recent/next birthday procedure has been widely used for two decades because it permits unbiased systematic selection without requiring full household enumeration. The Within Household Selection Procedure is presented in Figure 1.

In the 2003 MVOSS and previous surveys, the CATI program included a gender quota by geographic division in order to avoid the over-representation of women that usually occurs in random digit dialing surveys even when the most recent birthday selection procedure is used. In the 2007 MVOSS the gender quota was dropped in favor of a probability based selection procedure designed to avoid an over-representation of women. When the age eligible respondents were exclusively from one gender in a household, the most recent birthday screen was applied. However, when there were age eligible respondents in the household from both genders, the program selected the eligible gender for that household according to an algorithm that sampled males at a higher rate than females when both were present. The program then asked for the selected gender in the household who had the most recent/next birthday. The CATI system alternated the "most recent" and "next" birthday specification for the selected respondent to avoid a temporal bias for birthdays before (or after) the field period.

¹ Salmon, C. and Nichols, J. The Next-Birthday Method of Respondent Selection, Public Opinion Quarterly, 1983, Vol. 47, pp.270-276.

FIGURE 1 Within Household Selection Procedure: Adult Cross-Section

		Adult Cı	coss-Sect	ion	
TIME O	гарт.	TIME END:			
DATE.	RATI	CH #: CATI	— RESP #·		
		GENDER OF RESP.:			
		OLD:			_
INTERV	TEWER NAME:				- =
	TERVIEW IS A: COM	IPLETE [] CALLBACK I TERMINATE AT Q		PLETION []	
Hello, conduc (If you	I'mting a national stud would like to learn	calling for ty of Americans' driving more about the survey, t www.nhsta.dot.gov.)	the U.S. g habits ar	Department of Trand their attitudes abo	unsportation. We are ut current driving laws. ober at 1-888-772-4269
A1	How many person	s, age 16 and older, live	in this ho	ousehold?	
	Number of	16+ persons I	F ONLY	1 PERSON, SKIP	ГО АЗ
A2	How many of thos	e adults are (women/me	en)?		
	Number of Number of Number of Refused	f women f men			
A3	IF A1>1 READ: (GENDER, If Ref	May I please speak to he In order to select just justed in A2, read-in: "po nt/will have the next) bir	one person") in	on to interview, may	
	DesignateSomeoneSchedule			O TO D1 O TO D	
	[ARRANGE CALLBA POSITION, ON THE APPLICABLE RESPO	CAIDACK ACK AND RECORD IT, AL SAMPLE SHEET. ATTACI DNDENT INFO AT THE TO L ENTER Q1 AS C1]	H THIS SH	EET TO SAMPLE AFTE	ER FILLING OUT

Young Adult Over-Sample

The survey design specified an over-sample of 16-39 year olds in the achieved sample in order to permit more detailed analysis of this subset of the population. A random sample of all persons age 16 and over in an RDD sample of 6,000 households yields too few individuals in this range to allow very close examination. Therefore, to increase the sub-sample sizes of the 16-39 year olds, within a projectable national sample, an independent national sample was conducted of that population. The allocation of sample by region for the young adult oversample was proportional to the regional distribution of that population. The household selection procedure through RDD was the same for the over-sample as for the national cross-sectional sample.

The screening criteria for the over-sample were different from the simple cross-section in that households were screened for persons age 16 to 39. This systematic screening of a national probability sample of households for a subset of the total household population should yield a random sample of that population. As in the case of the simple cross-sectional sample, if there was only one eligible respondent in the household then he or she was selected. If there was more than one eligible respondent, then the "most recent/next birthday" method of selection was used. The over-sample screener script is presented in Figure 2.

FIGURE 2 Within Household Selection Procedure: Young Adult Over-Sample

		Young Adult Ove	r-Sample
TIME ST	ΓART:	TIME END:	
DATE: _		BATCH #: CATI RESP. 7	# :
		GENDER OF RESP.: MALE	
RESP PI	HONE NU	MBER:	
RESP PO	OSITION I	N HOUSEHOLD:	
INTERV	IEWER N	AME:	
		7 IS A: COMPLETE [] CALLBACK FOR COTERMINATE AT Q [
INTROE Hello, I conduc (If you	OUCTION I'm ting a na would li	TO BE ADMINISTERED TO ANY ADULT HO calling for the U.S. Detional study of Americans' driving habits	
B1	How ma	any persons, age 16-39, live in this house	ehold?
	(VOL)	Number of 16-39 None	IF ONLY 1 PERSON, SKIP TO B3 THANK AND SCREEN OUT
B2	How ma	any of those 16-39 year old adults are (w	romen/men)? NONE=00.
	99	Number of women Number of men Refused	
IF BO	IF B1= IF B1> (GEND		
	1 2 3	Designated Respondent on line Someone else Schedule callback	GO TO D1 GO TO D
FIRST SAMP	ANGE ONAME LE AFT THE N	CALLBACK AND RECORD IT, ALC OR HH POSITION, ON THE SAM TER FILLING OUT APPLICABLE F	ONG WITH THE RESPONDENT'S PLE SHEET. ATTACH THIS SHEET TO RESPONDENT INFO AT THE TOP. THIS PERSON, THEY WILL ENTER Q1

Table 2 presents the national population estimates and projected sample distribution by age and sex for the total sample of 6,000 respondents in each survey, including the cross-sectional sample of 4,500 respondents and the over-sample of 1,500 persons aged 16-39.

TABLE 2 Population and Expected Sample Distribution						
	Popula	Population Expected sample distribution				
	Total Population	8				
Total (16+)	235,697,149	100.0%	4,500	1,500	6,000	
Males (16+)	114,463,297	48.6%	2,187	761	2,948	
16-20	11,059,867	4.7%	212	167	379	
21-29	19,107,581	8.1%	365	288	653	
30-39	20,280,473	8.6%	387	306	693	
40-64	48,156,899	20.4%	918		918	
65+	15,858,477	6.7%	302		302	
Females (16+)	121,233,582	51.4%	2,313	739	3,052	
16-20	10,509,998	4.5%	203	159	362	
21-29	18,412,177	7.8%	351	277	629	
30-39	20,078,017	8.5%	383	303	686	
40-64	50,242,465	21.3%	959		959	
65+	21,991,195	9.3%	419		419	

Source: <u>Interim State Projections of Population by Single Year of Age and Sex: July 1, 2004 to 2030</u>, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Division, Populations Projections Branch, http://www.census.gov/population/www/projections/projectionsagesex.html, (release date, April 21, 2005).

Contact Attempts

Initial telephone contact was attempted during the hours of the day and days of the week that have the greatest probability of respondent contact. The primary interviewing period was from 5:30 p.m. to 9:30 p.m. on weekdays, from 9:00 a.m. to 9:30 p.m. on Saturdays, and from 10:00 a.m. to 9:30 p.m. on Sundays (all are local time). Since interviewing was conducted across time zones, the interviewing shift lasted until 12:30 a.m. Eastern Time (9:30 p.m. Pacific Time).

If the interview was not conducted at the time of initial contact, the interview was rescheduled at a time convenient to the respondent. Although initial contact attempts were made on evenings and weekends, daytime interviews were scheduled when necessary. If four telephone contacts on the night and weekend shifts did not elicit a household contact, the fifth contact was attempted on a weekday during the daytime.

Interviewers attempted a minimum of 12 calls to each telephone number to reach a household. When the household was reached, the interviewer asked to speak to an adult to screen the household for eligibility and to determine the designated respondent. When the designated respondent was reached but an interview at that time was inconvenient or inappropriate, interviewers set up appointments with respondents. When contact was made with the household, but the designated respondent was not available, interviewers probed for appropriate callback times for an appointment. After a household was reached, an additional 10 calls were made to reach and interview the designated respondent.

The contact protocol specified that the fifth call to reach a household be made during weekdays. Messages were left on the answering machine on the sixth, eighth and tenth calls, if an answering machine was encountered on those attempts. The first answering machine message explained that the household had been selected as part of a USDOT study of American driving habits and attitudes, and asked the respondent to call SRBI's toll-free number to schedule an interview. The subsequent answering messages also included the DOT website where they could get more information about the study.

Once a household had been reached, up to 10 additional contact attempts were made to reach the designated respondent. These additional contact attempts were set to occur every 47 hours unless a scheduled callback was made with a respondent. Additional daytime contact attempts were made, along with nights and weekends. Additional answering machine messages were left periodically during the extended callback period. Although the maximum number of contact attempts was 22 according to the study protocol (12 to reach a household and 10 to interview the designated respondents), additional callbacks were made if requested by the designated respondent.

Spanish Language Interviews

Spanish language versions of the two survey instruments were developed in order to eliminate language barriers for a small proportion of the U.S. adult population. The questionnaires were translated into Spanish by a professional translation firm. The Spanish

questionnaires were then back-translated to English by a different translator and checked for comparability. Any translations that were not comparable were revised to be accurate and precise to the original intent of the English questionnaire.

If the interviewer encountered a language barrier at the telephone number, either with the person answering the phone or with the designated respondent, the interviewer thanked the person and terminated the call. If the case was designated as Spanish language, it was turned over to the next available Spanish-speaking interviewer.

All households in which a language barrier (Spanish) was encountered were assigned to a Spanish-speaking interviewer. These bilingual interviewers re-contacted the Spanish-speaking households to screen for eligibility and conduct interviews with eligible respondents.

Refusal Conversion

The process of converting terminations and refusals, once they had occurred, involved the following steps. First, there was a diagnostic period, when refusals and terminates were reported on a daily basis and the Project Director and Operations Manager reviewed them after each shift to see if anything unusual was occurring. Second, after enough time had passed to see a large enough sample of refusals and terminations, the Project Director and his staff developed a refusal conversion script. Third, the refusal conversion effort was fielded with reinterview attempts scheduled about a week after the initial refusal. Fourth, the Project Director and Operations Manager received the outcomes of the refusal conversion efforts on a daily basis. Minor revisions of the script and the procedures were made, as needed. The final refusal conversion script is shown in Figure 3, on the following two pages.

FIGURE 3
Refusal Conversion Script
Hello, my name is I am a field supervisor with SRBI, a national research organization in New York. I believe that someone in your household may have been contacted by one of our interviewers concerning a public policy study that we are conducting for the U.S. Department of Transportation in Washington, D.C. Yes, respondent
1. In order to assess the effectiveness of current traffic laws, the U.S. Department of Transportation is conducting a study of Americans' attitudes about current driving laws. It is a public opinion study that will help the government to consider traffic laws in light of what the public really wants and does. It only takes about fifteen minutes and it's strictly confidential. Willing to proceed1 GO TO SELECTION GRID Refuses
2. I understand. My job as a field supervisor is to find out if there are any problems with our surveys or interviewers that are discouraging people from participating. Could you tell me if we have done something wrong or is there something about the interview that concerns you?
IF: I don't do surveys. ANSWER: I understand, but this survey examines whether our traffic laws are realistic and appropriate in terms of what people really want and really do. The results may affect laws in your state. It is really important.
IF: I don't know if you are who you say you are. ANSWER: I can give you our 800 number to call and confirm the authenticity of the study.
IF: I don't know how the results will be used. ANSWER: The Department of Transportation has been charged to collect information about public opinion and behavior related to traffic laws, in order to assist them in determining whether certain laws should be changed or not. That's why we need to talk to you.
IF: I don't drive. ANSWER: Then the interview should only take a few minutes. Even if you don't drive, we need to get your opinion about some traffic laws that may affect you as a pedestrian. We also need a little background about non-drivers, but it won't take long at all.

FIGURE 3

Refusal Conversion Script (continued)				
IF: Don't know enough. ANSWER: This is an opinion survey about driving, traffic safety and traffic laws based on your experience. We need to talk to all kinds of people to get a true picture of what ordinary Americans think, not just what "experts" say.				
IF: I don't want the government to know about me/ what I do. ANSWER: The interview is strictly confidential. Your telephone number was selected at random. As soon as we complete the interview and verify it, we destroy the phone number. No one will ever know who you are. We do this so that you can be comfortable in telling us what you really think, not what you think the government wants to hear.				
IF: It's a bad time. ANSWER: We can schedule a callback for a time that would be good for you.				
Date Time				
IF STILL HESITANT SAY: It is really important that we represent the views and experience of people like yourself so that the findings will be fair and accurate. You don't often get a chance to participate in studies that may affect the laws in your community. It's really important and we really want to represent your household in the study. If now is a bad time, we can schedule the interview during the day, in the evening, or on the weekend whenever is better for you.				
(IF SUGGESTS A TIME MORE THAN TWO WEEKS HENCE: We are supposed to finish the study by the end of (February/March). Could we find some time this week (or next) to do the interview?)				
Date Time				
IF AGREEABLE, GO TO THE SELECTION GRID. IF STILL REFUSES, THANK AND COMPLETE.				

OMB Requested Experiments - Pre-notification and Cell Phone

In an attempt to better determine the most effective ways to improve sample estimates from the survey, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) suggested that the 2007 MVOSS include two experiments: 1) a test of the effect of pre-notification letters on response rate in an RDD survey and 2) a test of the use of a cell phone sample to recruit cell phone only households into a national RDD survey. These experiments were conducted using the Questionnaire A version of MVOSS.

Pre-notification Experiment

Using replicate samples from the national RDD sample, two samples of 1,000 households were constructed. The telephone numbers drawn for both samples were submitted to an electronic telephone number/name and address matching service. The matches are made on the basis of telephone directory listings. The proportion of matched numbers out of the total sample was 37.9% for the first sample (AE1a) and 39.2% for the second sample (AE1b).

The drawn sample in both replicates was fielded for the telephone survey. However, the sub-sample for which name and address had been obtained in the first sample was sent a prenotification letter informing the household that they had been selected to participate in the study. The letter contained a toll-free number and the DOT website address. These households and the control group (sample not sent a pre-notification letter) were first contacted about one week after the letters were mailed.

Tables 3a and 3b provide detailed sample information for both the pre-notification sample and the control sample. A total of 4995 numbers were dialed for this experiment (2384 pre-notification, 2611 control). Approximately 38% of the total numbers dialed in each sample were usable numbers. Of these usable numbers, nearly half (46% for the pre-notification sample and 48% for the control sample) were screened contacts.

The purpose of the experiment was to determine whether a pre-notification letter would increase response rate in a random digit dialing survey, such as MVOSS. In this experiment, however, we found no significant difference in the response rates and participation rates between the two samples. The response rate for the two samples using America Association of Public Opinion Research Response Rate 3 (AAPOR 3) is calculated using a four-step process:

- 1. Compute A' estimate the number of qualified households/respondents for which eligibility was undeterminable (i.e., no answer/busy). This proportion is based on the percentage of usable (T2) numbers from the total numbers dialed;
- 2. Compute B' estimate the number of eligible respondents based on the percentage of the total contacts screened minus the screenouts (ineligible because of age) divided by the total number of contacts screened;
- 3. Compute C' sum the total number of eligible (screened) estimated eligible (not screened, eligibility unknown) respondents; and

4. Compute D' (response rate) - divide the total number of completed interviews by the sum of the total number of eligible (screened) estimated eligible (not screened, eligibility unknown) respondents (C').

The participation rate is calculated as the number of completed interviews and screenouts divided by the combined total number of completed interviews, screenouts, terminated interviews, and refusals to interview. The participation rate for the pre-notification sample was 63.88% compared to 62.90% for the control sample. The response rate for the pre-notification sample was 45.60% compared to 45.64% for the control sample. The 731 completed interviews (352 from the pre-notification sample and 379 from the control sample) from both samples used in this experiment are included in the data set.

TABLE 3a					
Sample Disposition - Pre-notification Experiment - Pre-notification Sample					
Т1	Version 1, 2007 TOTAL	Original Count 2384	Estimated Qualified Household*	Estimated Response Eligible	
A	NON-Usable Numbers	1470			
A 1 A	NIS/DIS/Change#/Intercepts	1131			
2 A	Non-residential #	207			
3 A	Computer/Fax tone	126			
4	Line problem	6			
T2	Total Usable Numbers	914			
В	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD*^	209	80	79	
B1	Probable unassigned number	62			
B2	No answer/Busy	94			
В3	Answering machine	53			
C	NOT ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^	70	70	69	
C1	Language barrier	15			
C2	Health/Deaf	44			
C3	Respondent away for duration	11			
D	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^	218		214	
1 D	Callback (10 attempts)	41			
2 D	Spanish Callback not screened	1			
3	Refusals not screened	176			
E	CONTACTS SCREENED	65			
E1	Qualified callback	31		31	
E2	Refusals – Qualified	27		27	
E3	Terminates	0		0	
E4	Screenouts (no one 16 or older)	7			
F	COMPLETE	352		352	
A'	ESTIMATED ELIGIBLE HH RATE =T2/T1 ELIGIBLE RESPONSE RATE = E+F-	38.34%			
B'	E4/(E+F)	98.32%			
C' D'	SUM RESPONSE ELIGIBLE COUNT RESPONSE RATE = F/C'			772 45.60%	
	Participation Rate imated Qualified HH=Original Count * A' sponse Eligible = Qualified Household Count * B'	63.88%			

TABLE 3b						
Sample Disposition - Pre-notification Experiment- Control Sample						
T1	Version 1, 2007 TOTAL	Original Count 2611	Estimated Qualified Household*	Estimated Response Eligible		
A A	NON-Usable Numbers	1629				
1 A	NIS/DIS/Change#/Intercepts	1060				
2 A	Non-residential #	428				
3 A	Computer/Fax tone	133				
4	Line problem	8				
T2	Total Usable Numbers	982				
B	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD*^	211	79	77		
B1	Probable unassigned number	62 86				
B2 B3	No answer/Busy Answering machine	63				
ВЗ	Answering machine	03				
C	NOT ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^	79	79	77		
C1	Language barrier	21	.,			
C2	Health/Deaf	44				
C3	Respondent away for duration	14				
D	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^	223		218		
1 D	Callback (10 attempts)	41				
2 D	Spanish Callback not screened	1				
3	Refusals not screened	181				
E	CONTACTS SCREENED	90				
E1	Qualified callback	30		30		
E2	Refusals – Qualified	49		49		
E3	Terminates	0		0		
E4	Screenouts (no one 16 or older)	11				
F	COMPLETE	379		379		
A'	ESTIMATED ELIGIBLE HH RATE =T2/T1 ELIGIBLE RESPONSE RATE = E+F-	37.61%				
B' C' D'	E4/(E+F) SUM RESPONSE ELIGIBLE COUNT RESPONSE RATE = F/C'	97.65%		830 45.66%		
	Participation Rate 62.90% *Estimated Qualified HH=Original Count * A' ^Response Eligible = Qualified Household Count * B'					

Cell Phone Experiment

Traditionally, national population-based surveys are conducted via telephone using a Random Digit Dialing (RDD) sampling procedures. The robustness of the RDD method is based on the premise that it provides a sampling frame from which a relatively unbiased sample of the national population can be derived. The introduction of the cell, mobile, or wireless phone, however, has led some households to substitute cell phones for traditional landline telephone service. In fact, other studies have shown that the percentage of cell phone only households has steadily increased, from approximately 4% in 2004 to 8% in 2005 to nearly 13% in 2006 (Blumberg, 2007). This trend toward cell phone only households in the United States suggests that the exclusion of cell phone only households in a national random sample may increase the likelihood of under-coverage bias and thus have potential implications regarding the robustness of inferences made from traditional RDD methodology which only uses landlines (Ivie et al., 2006; Brick et al., 2007; Blumberg et al., 2006; Blumberg et al., 2007).

A limited number of studies have shown that cell-only households differ from the landline households. Demographically, cell phone only individuals tend to be younger and less affluent. Also, researchers have found that higher proportions of cell-only households (compared to landline households) are minority, single and rent rather than own their place of residence (Keeter, 2006; Blumberg, 2007). More importantly, as researchers begin to incorporate methods to survey households that are cell-only, substantive differences, in addition to demographic characteristics, between cell-only and landline households are also being discovered (Blumberg, 2006).

The exclusion of the cell phone only population poses some particular concerns for the Motor Vehicle Occupant Safety Survey. Young adults, aged 16-39, are over-sampled in the surveys because they are more likely to be involved in crashes, so adult occupant safety issues are important, and they are more likely to have children for whom child restraint issues need to be addressed. To address concerns about the potential bias in survey estimates introduced by the exclusion of cell phone only households from the sampling frame, the Office of Management and Budget suggested an experiment as part of the 2007 MVOSS to assess the need and feasibility of conducting a survey of the cell-only population.

The first goal of the cell phone experiment was to determine the degree of bias introduced into key survey estimates by the exclusion of the cell phone only households. The second objective was to determine whether demographic weighting of the landline sample could correct for the coverage bias. The third objective of the experiment was to gauge whether cell-only individuals could be recruited to participate in a full 20-minute interview via a landline phone or the Internet so that coverage bias could be corrected by direct measurement rather than weighting.

The Telecordia TPM data file was used as the sampling frame for the cell phone survey. Those prefixes and blocks whose NXX type was cellular or ported were included. In addition, those blocks identified as mixed or shared blocks were included if they were not found in a national list assisted RDD sampling frame. The sample was geographically stratified based on the state code of the billing center for the number. The full 50 states and the District of

Columbia were included in the sampling frame. A systematic selection of 100 blocks was employed in a series of replicate samples with randomization of the last two digits.

The target sample size for the national cell phone survey was 500 completed interviews. The 2006 Pew Cell Phone Survey found that more than 20% of the respondents to a national cell phone survey were cell phone only. Hence, a sample of 500 completed cell phone interviews was expected to yield more than 100 interviews with cell phone only respondents. This was viewed as an appropriate size to meet the objectives of the experiment in a cost efficient manner.

A total of 5,597 numbers were dialed to complete 502 short (7-minute) cell phone interviews with eligible respondents. More than half of the numbers dialed (53%) were non-working. Approximately 7% of the respondents reached by cell phone were ineligible either due to age (under age 16) or exclusively business phone. The AAPOR 3 response rate for the cell phone survey was 22.5%. Two in five respondents in the completed sample were cell phone only households. Nearly sixty percent of the cell phone only sample completed the full interview (102 via phone, 17 via Internet). The cell phone only respondents were invited to participate in the full 20-minute MVOSS interview (via phone or the Internet).

The cell phone only sub-sample differed significantly from the landline plus cell phone sub-sample on several demographic characteristics. The vast majority of cell-only households were comprised of the younger age cohorts. While nearly 4 in 10 $(38\%)^2$ of the cell-only households were in the 16 - 24 age range, only 10% of the cell and landline households were in this same age group. Education level was also statistically significant when comparing the two sub-samples (cell-only versus both cell and landlines). A smaller proportion of cell-only households were college graduates (25%) compared to respondents who had both cell and landlines in their households (36%).

Similarly, household income was significantly lower for persons from cell-only households compared to those from cell and landline households. Seven in ten of the cell phone only respondents had incomes under \$50,000, compared to only 41% of the persons with cell phones and landlines. By contrast, those from households with both cell phone and landlines were more than twice as likely to have incomes over \$100,000 (17%) compared to the cell phone only respondents (7%).

When comparing cell phone only respondents to landline respondents on several key motor vehicle occupant habits and attitudes, we found only one significant difference. When asked how often they wear their seat belts when riding in the front seat (not as the driver), 87% of the landline respondents indicated that they were their seat belt all of the time, compared to only 74% of the cell-only respondents. This difference is statistically significant.

As earlier research has suggested (and this experiment confirms), cell-only households have a higher proportion of the younger age cohort. For MVOSS this may become an important issue especially if there are differences between the cell-only and landline households within this age cohort in vehicle occupant habits and attitudes. However, when comparing cell phone only

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² Significance statistics exclude respondents who answered "don't know" or "refused."

respondents to landline respondents in the 30 and under age cohort on several key motor vehicle occupant habits and attitudes, we found no major differences. Additionally there were only two statistically significant demographic differences: a higher proportion of the 21-24 age cohort in the cell-only sample (35% cell-only, 21% cell and landline) and a higher proportion of cell-only respondents reporting a total household income of less than \$5,000 (13% cell-only, 6% cell and landline).

In summary, the results of the cell phone experiement suggest that 1) while there are significant demographic differences between cell-only and landline households; there were no great differences in key motor vehicle occupant habits and attitudes estimates; thus 2) demographic weighting of the landline sample (i.e., age, income and education-level) might be employed to correct for the coverage bias; and 3) cell-only individuals are willing to participate in a full 20-minute interview via a landline phone more so than the Internet (suggesting that it might be possible to correct possible coverage bias by direct measurement rather than weighting).

The completed surveys from this experiment are not included in the final data analysis. After discussing with OMB how these completed surveys should be incorporated, it was decided that the size of the weights required to incorporate the cell-only respondents would introduce too much design effects into the estimates.

Field Outcomes

Survey data collection by the Federal government requires prior approval by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). NHTSA published a Notice in the Federal Register soliciting comments on the information collection. The Notice appeared in the Federal Register, 70:131, pages 39851-39852, July 11, 2005. NHTSA then submitted the request for data collection to OMB. OMB approved the information collection on June 30, 2006, assigning it the OMB number 2127-0645 with an expiration date of June 30, 2009.

The field interviewing for the study commenced on January 9, 2007, following training of the field interviewers, and was completed on April 30, 2007. This was about one month longer than the field period for the 2003 Motor Vehicle Occupant Safety Survey (January 8, 2003 to March 30, 2003), in order to accommodate the longer callback protocol. Also, starting with the 2003 study, the field period start for the survey was moved from November-January to January-March in order to permit us to report results in the same calendar year as the data were collected.

A total of 5,908 interviews were conducted using Version 1, including 4,397 for the cross-section and 1,511 for the young adult over-sample. The average interview length for Version 1 was 18.05 minutes for the cross-section and 18.8 minutes for the over-sample. A total of 6010 interviews were completed using Version 2, including 4,510 for the cross-section and 1,500 for the young adult over-sample. The average interview length for Version 2 was 17.0 minutes for the cross-section and 18.8 minutes for the over-sample.

An overview of the sample disposition categories is presented in Figure 4.

FIGURE 4
Sample Disposition Categories

NIS/DIS/Change # The number was not in service, disconnected, or no longer an active number.

Non-residential The number yielded a contact with a business, government agency, pay telephone,

or other identifiable non-residential unit.

Computer/Fax The number yielded an electronic tone indicating a fax machine or data line. A

handful of other non-household numbers are included in this category.

Line problems These represent dialing attempts that did not result in other standard outcomes

and may be bad area codes, or other transient or permanent connection problems.

Probably unassigned No answers, exclusively, were encountered on every contact over a period of

several weeks until the study protocol (10 attempts) was reached.

Non-contact (max) Answering machines or busy signals, as well as no answers, were encountered on

all contact attempts until the study protocol (10 attempts) was reached.

No answer/busy No household contact ever achieved, but less than 10 attempts. Ring, no answer

or repeated busy signal on last attempt.

Answering machine No household contact ever achieved, but less than 10 attempts. An answering

machine was reached at the telephone number.

Language barrier The interview could not be completed because of language barriers other

than Spanish (which was treated as Spanish callback).

Health/Deaf The designated respondent was unable to participate due to health or deafness.

Away for duration The designated respondent was out of the area for the entire field period.

Screen-Outs Households whose eligible participants did not meet the 16-39 age requirement

in the over-sample version.

Callback Contact was made with the household, but not necessarily the designated

respondent

Refusal -- Initial Someone in the household refused before selection of a designated respondent.

Refusal -- Second Either an extremely strong initial refusal or a second refusal was encountered

during refusal conversion, but before selection of a designated respondent.

Qualified Callback The designated respondent had neither completed, nor refused an interview.

Refusal – Qualified The designated respondent refused to participate in the survey.

Terminate A respondent began the interview but refused to finish.

Complete An interview was completed with the designated respondent.

For the <u>Version 1 Cross-Section (age 16 and older)- Seat Belt Usage Issues</u> survey, 4,397 interviews were completed from the 29,564 randomly selected telephone numbers sampled within a geographically stratified national sampling frame (see Table 4). Of the telephone numbers dialed:

- 60% of the numbers were not active residential phone numbers, including 42% pre-screened or individually dialed Not-In-Service or Disconnected Numbers; 12% Business Numbers; and 6% computer, fax, cell phone or line problems;
- 5% of the numbers had reached the maximum number of contacts and were still in a no answer, status, including 1% that were probably unassigned numbers because they were consistently no answers on all ten dialing attempts;
- 1% were households in which the designated respondent was not interviewable (away for an extended period, incapacitated, or deaf) and an additional 0.74% were non-interviewable due to language barriers (non-Spanish); and
- at the close of the field period, 1216 cases (4%) were in callback status and an additional 981 cases (3%) were no answers or answering machines.

The participation rate for the <u>Version 1 Cross-Section (age 16 and older)- Seat Belt Usage Issues</u> survey was 67.35% and the response rate was 48.04%.³

For the <u>Version 1 Over Sample (age 16 to 39)- Seat Belt Usage Issues</u> survey, 1,511 interviews were completed from the 33,498 randomly selected telephone numbers sampled within a geographically stratified national sampling frame (see Table 5). Of the telephone numbers dialed:

- 55% of the numbers were not active residential phone numbers, including 38% pre-screened or individually dialed Not-In-Service or Disconnected Numbers; 12% Business Numbers; and 5% computer, fax, cell phone or line problems;
- 12% of the numbers had reached the maximum number of contacts and were still in a no answer, status, including 4% that were probably unassigned numbers because they were consistently no answers on all ten dialing attempts;
- 0.69% were households in which the designated respondent was not interviewable (away for an extended period, incapacitated, or deaf) and an additional 0.63% were non-interviewable due to language barriers (non-Spanish); and
- at the close of the field period, 903 cases (3%) were in callback status and an additional 2986 cases (9%) were no answers or answering machines.

The participation rate for the <u>Version 1 Over Sample (age 16 to 39)- Seat Belt Usage Issues</u> survey was 77.95% and the response rate was 45.01%.

³ See page 19 for an explanation of how the response rate and participation rate is calculated.

	TABLE 4				
	Sample Disposition - Version 1 Cross-section, Seat Belt Usage Issues: 2007				
T1	Version 1, 2007 TOTAL	Original Count 29564	Estimated Qualified Household*	Estimated Response Eligible	
A	NON-Usable Numbers	19489			
A 1	NIS/DIS/Change#/Intercepts	13611			
A2	Non-residential #	4011			
A3	Computer/Fax tone	1671			
A4	Line problem	196			
T2	Total Usable Numbers	10075			
В	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD*^	1315	448	445	
B1	Probable unassigned number	334			
B2	No answer/Busy	657			
В3	Answering machine	324			
C	NOT ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^	966	966	960	
C1	Language barrier	257			
C2	Health/Deaf	609			
C3	Respondent away for duration	100			
D	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^	2297		2283	
D1	Callback (10 attempts)	647			
D2	Spanish Callback not screened	40			
D3	Refusals not screened	1610			
E	CONTACTS SCREENED	1100			
E1	Qualified callback	529		529	
E2	Refusals – Qualified	527		527	
E3	Terminates	11		11	
E4	Screenouts (no one 16 or older)	33			
F	COMPLETE	4397		4397	
A'	ESTIMATED ELIGIBLE HH RATE =T2/T1 ELIGIBLE RESPONSE RATE = E+F-	34.08%			
В'	E4/(E+F)	99.40%			
C'	SUM RESPONSE ELIGIBLE COUNT			9,153	
D'	RESPONSE RATE = F/C'			48.04%	
	Participation Rate	67.35%			
*Estimated Qualified HH=Original Count * A'					
	^Response Eligible = Qualified Household Count * B'				

	TABLE 5			
	Sample Disposition - Version 1 Oversample, Seat Belt Usage Issues: 2007			
T1	Version 1, 2007 TOTAL	Original Count 33498	Estimated Qualified Household*	Estimated Response Eligible
A A1 A2 A3 A4	NON-Usable Numbers NIS/DIS/Change#/Intercepts Non-residential # Computer/Fax tone Line problem	18364 12726 3845 1613 180		
T2 B B1 B2 B3	Total Usable Numbers UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD*^ Probable unassigned number No answer/Busy Answering machine	15134 4163 1177 1974 1012	1881	491
C C1 C2 C3	NOT ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^ Language barrier Health/Deaf Respondent away for duration	441 211 164 66	441	115
D D1 D2 D3	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^ Callback (10 attempts) Spanish Callback not screened Refusals not screened	2418 558 47 1813		632
E E1 E2 E3 E4	CONTACTS SCREENED Qualified callback Refusals – Qualified Terminates Screenouts (no one age 16 to 39)	6601 298 310 0 5993		298 310 0
F	COMPLETE	1511		1511
A' B' C' D'	ESTIMATED ELIGIBLE HH RATE =T2/T1 ELIGIBLE RESPONSE RATE = E+F- E4/(E+F) SUM RESPONSE ELIGIBLE COUNT RESPONSE RATE = F/C'	45.18% 26.12%		3,357 45.01%
	Participation Rate	77.95%		1210170
	timated Qualified HH=Original Count * A' sponse Eligible = Qualified Household Count * B'			

For the <u>Version 2 Cross-Section</u> (age 16 and older)- <u>Child Safety Seat Issues</u> survey, 4,510 interviews were completed from the 29,286 randomly selected telephone numbers sampled within a geographically stratified national sampling frame (see Table 6). Of the telephone numbers dialed:

- 67% of the numbers were not active residential phone numbers, including 46% pre-screened or individually dialed Not-In-Service or Disconnected Numbers; 14% Business Numbers; and 6% computer, fax, cell phone or line problems;
- 3% of the numbers had reached the maximum number of contacts and were still in a no answer, status, including 0.61% that were probably unassigned numbers because they were consistently no answers on all ten dialing attempts;
- 2% were households in which the designated respondent was not interviewable (away for an extended period, incapacitated, or deaf) and an additional 0.89% were non-interviewable due to language barriers (non-Spanish); and
- at the close of the field period, 1,414 cases (5%) were in callback status and an additional 654 cases (2%) were no answers or answering machines.

The participation rate for the <u>Version 2 Cross-Section</u> (age 16 and older)- Child Safety <u>Seat Issues</u> survey was 65.86% and the response rate was 47.84%.

For the <u>Version 2 Over Sample (age 16 to 39)- Child Safety Seat Issues</u> survey, 1,500 interviews were completed from the 34,907 randomly selected telephone numbers sampled within a geographically stratified national sampling frame (see Table 7). Of the telephone numbers dialed:

- 55% of the numbers were not active residential phone numbers, including 37% pre-screened or individually dialed Not-In-Service or Disconnected Numbers; 12% Business Numbers; and 5% computer, fax, cell phone or line problems;
- 14% of the numbers had reached the maximum number of contacts and were still in a no answer, status, including 3% that were probably unassigned numbers because they were consistently no answers on all ten dialing attempts;
- 0.64% were households in which the designated respondent was not interviewable (away for an extended period, incapacitated, or deaf) and an additional 0.47% were non-interviewable due to language barriers (non-Spanish); and
- at the close of the field period, 864 cases (2%) were in callback status and an additional 3,970 cases (11%) were no answers or answering machines.

The participation rate for the <u>Version 2 Over Sample (age 16 to 39)- Child Safety Seat Issues</u> survey was 76.59% and the response rate was 46.66%.

⁴ See page 19 for an explanation of how the response rate and participation rate is calculated.

	TABLE 6			
	Sample Disposition - Version 2 Cross-section, Child Safety Seat Issues: 2007			
T1	Version 1, 2007 TOTAL	Original Count 29286	Estimated Qualified Household*	Estimated Response Eligible
A A1 A2 A3 A4	NON-Usable Numbers NIS/DIS/Change#/Intercepts Non-residential # Computer/Fax tone Line problem	19299 13385 4108 1684 122		
T2 B B1 B2 B3	Total Usable Numbers UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD*^ Probable unassigned number No answer/Busy Answering machine	9987 833 179 396 258	284	284
C C1 C2 C3	NOT ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^ Language barrier Health/Deaf Respondent away for duration	882 262 572 48	882	881
D D1 D2 D3	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^ Callback (10 attempts) Spanish Callback not screened Refusals not screened	2614 786 96 1732		2611
E E1 E2 E3 E4	CONTACTS SCREENED Qualified callback Refusals – Qualified Terminates Screenouts (no one 16 or older)	1148 532 596 13 7		532 596 13
F	COMPLETE	4510		4510
A' B' C'	ESTIMATED ELIGIBLE HH RATE =T2/T1 ELIGIBLE RESPONSE RATE = E+F- E4/(E+F) SUM RESPONSE ELIGIBLE COUNT	34.10% 99.88%		9,426
D'	RESPONSE RATE = F/C'			47.84%
	Participation Rate	65.86%		
	imated Qualified HH=Original Count * A' sponse Eligible = Qualified Household Count * B'			

TABLE 7					
Sample Disposition - Version 2 Oversample, Child Safety Seat Issues: 2007					
T1	Version 1, 2007 TOTAL	Original Count 34907	Estimated Qualified Household*	Estimated Response Eligible	
A A1 A2 A3 A4	NON-Usable Numbers NIS/DIS/Change#/Intercepts Non-residential # Computer/Fax tone Line problem	19033 13012 4161 1723 137			
T2 B B1 B2 B3	Total Usable Numbers UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD*^ Probable unassigned number No answer/Busy Answering machine	15874 4941 971 2761 1209	2247	548	
C C1 C2 C3	NOT ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^ Language barrier Health/Deaf Respondent away for duration	389 165 175 49	389	95	
D D1 D2 D3	UNKNOWN ELIGIBLE RESPONDENT^ Callback (10 attempts) Spanish Callback not screened Refusals not screened	2722 630 70 2022		664	
E E1 E2 E3 E4	CONTACTS SCREENED Qualified callback Refusals – Qualified Terminates Screenouts (no one age 16 to 39)	6322 164 224 20 5914		164 224 20	
F	COMPLETE	1500		1500	
A' B'	ESTIMATED ELIGIBLE HH RATE =T2/T1 ELIGIBLE RESPONSE RATE = E+F- E4/(E+F)	45.48% 24.39%			
C' D'	SUM RESPONSE ELIGIBLE COUNT RESPONSE RATE = F/C'			3,215 46.66%	
	Participation Rate	76.59%			
	*Estimated Qualified HH=Original Count * A' ^Response Eligible = Qualified Household Count * B'				

Sample Weighting

The characteristics of a perfectly drawn sample of a population will vary from true population characteristics only within certain limits of sample variability (i.e., sampling error). Unfortunately, social surveys do not permit perfect samples. The sampling frames available to survey research are less than perfect. The absence of perfect cooperation from sampled units means that the completed sample will differ from the drawn sample. In order to correct these known problems of sample bias, the achieved sample is weighted to certain characteristics of the total population. Each of the survey samples was weighted separately.

The weighting plan for the survey was a multi-stage sequential process of weighting the achieved sample to correct for sampling and non-sampling biases in the final sample. The first stage in the sample weighting procedures was designed to correct the cases in the completed sample for known selection biases in the sampling procedures. At the household selection stage, a random digit dialing process will give households with more than one telephone number an unequal likelihood of selection. Nationally, about 9% of households selected by random digit dialing will have more than one telephone number (MVOSS 2007). This selection bias was corrected by giving each household a first stage weight equal to the inverse of the number of different telephone numbers in the household, up to a maximum of three phone numbers.

The second step in the weighting process was to correct for selection procedures that yielded unequal probability of selection within sampled households. Although the survey was designed as a population survey, only one eligible person per household could be interviewed (because multiple interviews per household are burdensome and introduce additional design effects into the survey estimates). A respondent's probability for selection is inverse to the size (number of other eligible adults) of the household. Hence, the second stage weight was equal to the number of eligible respondents within the household.

The next step in the weighting process was to correct the study design for deliberate disproportionate selection of younger population subsets in the sample design. The survey included both a cross-sectional sample of 4,500 respondents, aged 16 and older, and an oversample of 1,500 persons, aged 16 to 39 years old. Hence, the total achieved sample yielded a disproportionate sample distribution by age. A third stage weight was used to correct the achieved sample for disproportionate sampling by dividing the expected population distribution, based on Census projections, by the achieved sample distribution on the stratification variables. Specifically, the third stage weight corrected the sample to the cell distribution of the population for five cohorts (16-20, 21-29, 30-39, 40-64 and 65 or older) by gender, using the Census Population Projections for Age, Sex and Race for 2007. The estimated distribution of the population for 2007 by stratum was calculated on the basis of the Bureau of the Census, Interim State Projections of Population by Single Year of Age and Sex: July 1, 2004 to 2030, (release date, April 21, 2005). At the time of the survey, these were the most recent projections of the distribution of adult population by state.

FIGURE 5A SPSS Program for Assigning Weights

VERSION 1

```
compute numtel=q110a.
recode numtel (sysmis=1)(4 thru 10=3)(11 thru highest=1).
compute nadults=a1+b1.
recode nadults (7 thru 98=7)(99=1).
compute weight1=(1/numtel).
compute weight2=nadults.
COMPUTE WEIGHT3=(WEIGHT1*WEIGHT2).
*age by gender weight.
compute catage=q99.
recode catage (16 thru 20=1)(21 thru 29=2)(30 thru 39=3)
        (40 thru 64=4)(65 thru 97=5)(99=6).
value labels catage 1 '16-20' 2 '21-29' 3 '30-39'
           4 '40-64' 5 '65+' 6 'Refused'.
compute gender=q111.
value labels gender 1 'Male' 2 'Female'.
compute weight4=1.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 1) weight4=1.119.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 2) weight4=1.236.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 3) weight4=0.759.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 4) weight4=1.036.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 5) weight4=1.082.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 1) weight4=1.550.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 2) weight4=1.120.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 3) weight4=0.695.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 4) weight4=.982.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 5) weight4=1.144.
compute weight5=(weight3*weight4).
compute weight6=(weight5*.55153).
recode weight6 (0=1).
```

FIGURE 5B SPSS Program for Assigning Weights

VERSION 2

```
compute numtel=q136a.
recode numtel (sysmis=1)(4 thru 10=3)(11 thru highest=1).
compute nadults=a1+b1.
recode nadults (7 thru 98=7)(99=1).
compute weight1=(1/numtel).
compute weight2=nadults.
COMPUTE WEIGHT3=(WEIGHT1*WEIGHT2).
*age by gender weight.
compute catage=q128.
recode catage (16 thru 20=1)(21 thru 29=2)(30 thru 39=3)
        (40 thru 64=4)(65 thru 97=5)(99=6).
value labels catage 1 '16-20' 2 '21-29' 3 '30-39'
           4 '40-64' 5 '65+' 6 'Refused'.
compute gender=q138.
value labels gender 1 'Male' 2 'Female'.
compute weight4=1.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 1) weight4=1.001.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 2) weight4=1.215.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 3) weight4=.814.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 4) weight4=1.005.
if (gender eq 1 and catage eq 5) weight4=1.016.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 1) weight4=1.622.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 2) weight4=1.311.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 3) weight4=0.668.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 4) weight4=.0959.
if (gender eq 2 and catage eq 5) weight4=1.256.
compute weight5=(weight3*weight4).
compute weight6=(weight5*.693755).
recode weight6 (0=1).
```

The final step in the weighting process was designed to correct for the fact that the total number of cases in the weighted sample was larger than the unweighted sample size because of the use of the number of eligibles weight. In order to avoid misinterpretation of sample size, the total number of cases in the unweighted sample was divided by the total number of cases in the weighted sample to yield a sample size weight. When this weight is applied, the size of the weighted sample is identical to the size of the unweighted sample.

The final weight (WEIGHT6) incorporates all of the intermediate weighting steps described above. The final weight adjusts the total completed interviews in the achieved sample to correct for known sampling and participation biases, while maintaining the unweighted sample size.

Precision of Sample Estimates

The objective of the sampling procedures used on this study was to produce a random sample of the target population. A random sample shares the same properties and characteristics of the total population from which it is drawn, subject to a certain level of sampling error. This means that with a properly drawn sample we can make statements about the properties and characteristics of the total population within certain specified limits of certainty and sampling variability.

The confidence interval for sample estimates of population proportions, using simple random sampling without replacement, is calculated by the following formula:

$$p \pm z_{\alpha/2} \cdot SE(p) = p \pm z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{(p \cdot q)}{(n-1)}}$$

Where:

SE(p) = the standard error of the sample estimate for a proportion

p = some proportion of the sample displaying a certain characteristic or attribute

q = (1 - p)

n = the size of the sample

 $z_{\alpha/2} = (1-\alpha/2)$ -th percentile of the standard normal distribution (1.96 for 95% CI)

The sample sizes for the surveys are large enough to permit estimates for sub-samples of particular interest. Table 8, on the next page, presents the expected size of the sampling error for specified sample sizes of 12,000 and less, at different response distributions on a categorical variable. As the table shows, larger samples produce smaller expected sampling variances, but there is a constantly declining marginal utility of variance reduction per sample size increase.

TABLE 8 Expected Sampling Error (Plus or Minus) At the 95% Confidence Level (Simple Random Sample)

Percentage of the Sample or Sub-Sample Giving A Certain Response or Displaying a Certain Characteristic for Percentages Near:

Samp!	le	or	
ourrip.		OI	

Size of

Sample of					
Sub-Sample	<u>10 or 90</u>	<u>20 or 80</u>	<u>30 or 70</u>	<u>40 or 60</u>	<u>50</u>
12,000	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9
6,000	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3
4,500	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
4,000	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5
3,000	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8
2,000	1.3	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2
1,500	1.5	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.5
1,300	1.6	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.7
1,200	1.7	2.3	2.6	2.8	2.8
1,100	1.8	2.4	2.7	2.9	3.0
1,000	1.9	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.1
900	2.0	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.3
800	2.1	2.8	3.2	3.4	3.5
700	2.2	3.0	3.4	3.6	3.7
600	2.4	3.2	3.7	3.9	4.0
500	2.6	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.4
400	2.9	3.9	4.5	4.8	4.9
300	3.4	4.5	5.2	5.6	5.7
200	4.2	5.6	6.4	6.8	6.9
150	4.8	6.4	7.4	7.9	8.0
100	5.9	7.9	9.0	9.7	9.8
75	6.8	9.1	10.4	11.2	11.4
50	8.4	11.2	12.8	13.7	14.0

NOTE: Entries are expressed as percentage points (+ or -)

However, the sampling design for this study included a separate, concurrently administered over-sample of youth and young adults (age 16-39). Both the cross-sectional sample and the over-sample of the youth/younger adult population were drawn as simple random samples; however, the disproportionate sampling of the age 16-39 population introduces a design effect that makes it inappropriate to assume that the sampling error for total sample estimates will be identical to those of a simple random sample.

In order to calculate a specific interval for estimates from a sample, the appropriate statistical formula for calculating the allowance for sampling error (at a 95% confidence interval) in a stratified sample with a disproportionate design is:

ASE =
$$1.96\sqrt{\sum_{h=1}^{g} \left[W_h^2 \left\{ (1-f_h) \left(\frac{s_h^2}{n_h}\right) \right\} \right]}$$

where:

ASE = allowance for sampling error at the 95% confidence level;

h = a stratum;

g = number of strata;

 W_h = proportion of stratum h to total population (N_h/N) ;

 f_h = sampling fraction in stratum h - sample size divided by population

size in stratum h (n_h/N_h) ;

 n_h = the sample size for the stratum h.

 s_h^2 = sample variance in stratum h – for proportions, this is equal to

$$\frac{n_h}{n_h - 1} p_h (1 - p_h)$$

Although Table 8 above provides a useful approximation of the magnitude of expected sampling error, precise calculation of allowances for sampling error requires the use of this formula. To assess the design effect for sample estimates, we calculated sampling errors for the disproportionate sample for a number of key variables using the above formula. These estimates were then compared to the sampling errors for the same variables, assuming a simple random sample of the same size. The two strata (h_1 and h_2) in the disproportionate sample were all respondents age 16-39 and all respondents age 40 and over respectively. The proportion for the 16-39 year old stratum (w_1) was 42.2 percent while the proportion for the 40 and over stratum (w_2) was 57.8 percent.

As shown in Table 9, the disproportionate sampling increases the confidence interval for total sample estimates by an average of 17.1 percent, compared to a simple random sample of the same size. This means the sample design decreases the sampling precision for total population estimates somewhat, while increasing the precision of sampling estimates for the sub-sample aged 16-39 years old. Since the maximum difference in the point estimate between the stratified disproportionate sample and a simple random sample is less than .34 of a percentage point, the sampling error table for a simple random sample will provide a reasonable approximation of the precision of sampling estimates in the survey.

TABLE 9
Design Effect on Confidence Intervals for Sample Estimates
Between Disproportionate Sample Used in Occupant Protection Survey
and a Proportionate Sample of Same Size

----- CONFIDENCE INTERVALS -----PERCENTAGE POINTS <u>+</u> AT 95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL

	p=	HYPOTHETICAL PROPORTIONATE SAMPLING*	CURRENT DIS- PROPORTIONATE SAMPLING	DIFFERENCE IN CONFIDENCE INTERVALS		
VARIABLE (Version 1 only) Driven in the past year	89.3%	0.79	0.89	12.7%		
Drank alcohol in past year	61.2%	1.24	1.42	14.5%		
Always use seat belt (N=5252)	75.1%	1.17	1.37	17.1%		
Dislike seat belts (N=5258)	30.4%	1.17	1.39	18.8%		
Always use passenger belt (N=5376)	85.7%	0.93	1.11	19.4%		
Favor (a lot) seat belt laws	71.4%	1.15	1.32	14.8%		
Should be primary enforcement	67.3%	1.19	1.38	16.0%		
Ever ticketed by police for seatbelt	9.4%	0.74	0.91	23.0%		
Ever injured in vehicle accident	26.3%	1.12	1.28	14.3%		
Drives a car for work almost every day	52.3%	2.27	2.61	15.0%		
Set a good example for others (N=5192) (reason for using seat belts)	77.8%	1.12	1.28	14.3%		
Driver-side air bag in vehicle (N=4755)	99.0%	0.28	0.33	17.9%		
Race: Black/African American	9.9%	0.76	0.89	17.1%		
Ethnicity: Hispanic	13.4%	0.87	1.1	26.4%		
Gender: Male	48.4%	1.27	1.46	15.0%		
AVERAGE DIFFERENCE IN CONFIDENCE INTERVALS Total sample proportions using SRS formula Unless specified otherwise N=5908						

Estimating Statistical Significance

The estimates of sampling precision presented in the previous section yield confidence bands around the sample estimates, within which the true population value should lie. This type of sampling estimate is appropriate when the goal of the research is to estimate a population distribution parameter. However, the purpose of some surveys is to provide a comparison of population parameters estimated from independent samples (e.g. annual tracking surveys) or between subsets of the same sample. In such instances, the question is not simply whether or not there is any difference in the sample statistics that estimate the population parameter, but rather is the difference between the sample estimates statistically significant (i.e., beyond the expected limits of sampling error for both sample estimates).

To test whether or not a difference between two sample proportions is statistically significant, a rather simple calculation can be made. The maximum expected sampling error (i.e., confidence interval in the previous formula) of the first sample is designated s1 and the maximum expected sampling error of the second sample is s2. The sampling error of the difference between these estimates is sd and is calculated as:

$$sd = \sqrt{(s1^2 + s2^2)}$$

Any difference between observed proportions that exceeds sd is a statistically significant difference at the specified confidence interval. Note that this technique is mathematically equivalent to generating standardized tests of the difference between proportions.

An illustration of the pooled sampling error between sub-samples for various sizes is presented in Table 10. This table can be used to determine the size of the difference in proportions between drivers and non-drivers or other sub-samples that would be statistically significant.

	TABLE 10. Pooled Sampling Error Expressed as Percentages for Given Sample Sizes (Assuming P=Q)																
Sampl	Sample																
Size																	
4000	14.1	10.0	7.1	5.9	5.1	4.7	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.0	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2
3500	14.1	10.0	7.1	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.3	
3000	14.1	10.0	7.2	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.1	2,8	2.7	2.5		
2500	14.1	10.0	7.2	6.0	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.2	2.9	2.8			
2000	14.2	10.1	7.3	6.1	5.4	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.3	3.1				
1500	14.2	10.2	7.4	6.2	5.5	5.1	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.1	4.0	3.6					
1000	14.3	10.3	7.6	6.5	5.8	5.4	5.1	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4						
900	14.4	10.4	7.7	6.5	5.9	5.5	5.2	4.9	4.8	4.6							
800	14.4	10.4	7.8	6.6	6.0	5.6	5.3	5.1	4.9								
700	14.5	10.5	7.9	6.8	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.2									
600	14.6	10.6	8.0	6.9	6.3	5.9	5.7										
500	14.7	10.8	8.2	7.2	6.6	6.2											
400	14.8	11.0	8.5	7.5	6.9												
300	15.1	11.4	9.0	8.0													
200	15.6	12.1	9.8														
100	17.1	13.9															
50	19.8																
	50	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000
								Sampl	e Size								

Comparisons Between Samples

In order to permit statistical comparisons between the two samples, the data sets from the two separate samples were merged together on like questions. The sample versions (Version 1 for Seat belt Usage and Version 2 for Child Safety Seats) were cross-tabulated with each of the survey questions that had been asked in an equivalent fashion in the two samples. A chi-square test was conducted for each of these cross-tabulations to test for the independence of the samples.

An exact test of independence was calculated to test the differences between the two samples. Pearson's chi-square is a widely used statistic to test the hypothesis that the row and column variables are independent. It is calculated by summing over all cells the squared residuals divided by the expected frequencies. The calculated chi-square is compared to the critical points of the theoretical chi-square distribution to produce an estimate of how likely (or unlikely) this calculated value is, indicating if the two variables are in fact independent. This probability is also known as the observed significance level of the test. If the probability is small (greater than 0.05), the hypothesis that the two variables are independent is rejected.

No statistically significant difference (at the .05 level) was found between the two samples on most of the vehicle characteristics (e.g., airbags in vehicle, location of airbags, type of seatbelts in vehicle), driver behaviors (e.g., drive everyday, general seatbelt use), or demographic characteristics (e.g., race, ethnicity, gender).

There are, nonetheless, a limited set of differences large enough to be statistically significant with samples of this size. For example, the difference between the two samples regarding the type of vehicle driven most often was statistically significant. A higher proportion of drivers in Version 1 drove a van or minivan most often (10.4% v. 7.8%). While a higher proportion of drivers in Version 2 drove a pickup truck most often (19.7% v. 17.2%). The proportion of drivers who always wore their lap belt is slightly higher in Version 1 (87.9) than in Version 2 (85.8). Of those reporting being in a crash, a higher proportion of respondents in Version 2 (69.3%) reported that they were wearing their seat belts at the time of the crash compared to 63.8% in Version 1. Significantly higher proportions of respondents in Version 2 reported achieving an 8th grade (4.5% v. 3.6), 10th grade (3.9% v. 3.1%) and 11th grade (5.3% v. 4.4%) level. Significantly higher proportions of respondents in Version 2 reported incomes of less than \$5,000 (4.8% v. 3.8%) and \$5,000 to \$14,999 (9.2% v. 6.8%). A statistically higher proportion of Version 1 respondents reported an income of \$50,000 to \$74,999 (21.0% v. 19.2%).

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⁵ Significance statistics excludes respondents who answered "don't know" or "refused."

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APPENDIX A1:

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

QUESTIONNAIRE

VERSION 1

SCHULMAN, RONCA AND BUCUVALAS, INC.

275 7th Avenue; Suite 2700

NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10001

STUDY NUMBER 3629A

Jan. 4, 2007

OMB No. 2127-0645

Expiration Date: 6/30/2009

NHTSA 1020A

SURVEY ON OCCUPANT PROTECTION: 2006 VERSION 1

	PLE RE							
Samp	ole Type							
	1 2	Cross-section Over-Sample						
State:		•	County:	Metro Status:				
				Trong Status.				
				Telephone Number:				
I ime	Start: _		Time End:	Total Time:				
INTF	RODUC	TION						
	T1		11. C 4 T	IOD WAR AND				
Hello	, I'm nal_studi	y of Americans'	calling for the U	J.S. Department of Transportation. We are conducting a heir attitudes about current driving laws. (If you would				
				our toll-free number at 1-888-772-4269 or visit the DOT				
		ww.nhsta.dot.gov.		an ton nee number at 1 ooe 7/2 1207 of visit the Bot				
		_						
DUM	IMV OI	HESTION FOR	BIRTHDAY QUES	STIONS				
DUM	1							
	2	Will have the	next					
IF SA	AMPLE	TYPE EO 1. AS	SK A1, ELSE SKII	P TO B1.				
A1			ge 16 and older, live					
		Number of 16+	nerconc	IF ONLY 1 PERSON, SKIP TO A3				
		None	persons	THANK AND SCREEN OUT				
	,) Refused		THANK AND END [SOFT REFUSAL]				
A2	How	How many of those adults are (women/men)? NONE=00.						
		Number of wo	omen					
		Number of me						
	99	Refused						

IF BOTH MEN AND WOMEN, SELECT MALE 60%/FEMALE 40%

IF A1=1 READ: May I please speak to him or her? A3

> IF A1>1 READ: In order to select just one person to interview, may I please speak to the (GENDER, If Refused in A2, read-in: "person") in your household, age 16 or older, who (has had the most recent/will have the next) birthday?

	1	Designated Respondent on line	GO TO D1
	2	Someone else	GO TO D
	3	Schedule callback	
	9	Refused	THANK AND END [SOFT REFUSAL]
IF SA B1		TYPE EQ 2 ASK B1 many persons, age 16-39, live in this h	ousehold?
	(VOL	Number of 16-39) None	IF ONLY 1 PERSON, SKIP TO B3 THANK AND SCREEN OUT
B2	How r	many of those 16-39 year old adults are	e (women/men)? NONE=00.
	99	Number of women Number of men Refused	

IF BOTH MEN AND WOMEN, SELECT MALE 60%/FEMALE 40%.

IF B1=1 READ: May I please speak to him or her? **B3**

> IF B1>1 READ: In order to select just one person to interview, may I please speak to the (GENDER, If Refused in A2, read-in: "person") in your household, age 16 - 39 who (has had the most recent/will have the next) birthday?

	1	Designated Respondent on line	GO TO D1
	2	Someone else	GO TO D
	3	Schedule callback	
	9	Refused	THANK AND END [SOFT REFUSAL]
D	laws. (cting a national study of Americans' driv	the U.S. Department of Transportation. We are wing habits and their attitudes about current driving the survey, you can call our toll-free number at 1-w.nhsta.dot.gov.)

The interview is voluntary and the information you provide us will be used for statistical purposes D1 only. We will not collect any personal information that would allow anyone to identify you. If there is a question you don't want to answer, that's OK. The interview takes about 15 - 20 minutes to complete. (This study has been reviewed and approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB control number 2127-0645.) Could we begin now?

Continue interview 1

SKIP TO Q1

2 Arrange callback

3	Want to think about it/Not sure	SKIP TO D2
9	Refused	SKIP TO D3

D2 If you would prefer, you can call our toll-free number to do the interview or you can go to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration website to learn more about the survey. Would vou like the toll-free number or website address?

1	Requested toll-free number	PROVIDE NUMBER (1800),
		~ ~

CALLBACK

2 Requested website address **PROVIDE WEBSITE ADDRESS**

(www.nhtsa.dot.gov), CALLBACK

Requested both PROVIDE BOTH, CALLBACK

4 Neither CALLBACK

D3 Would you please tell me why you do not want to do the interview?

THANK, END [QUALIFIED HARD REFUSAL]

- Q1 How often do you drive a motor vehicle? Almost every day, a few days a week, a few days a month, a few days a year, or do you never drive?
 - 1 Almost everyday/everyday
 - 2 Few days a week
 - Few days a month
 - 4 Few days a year
 - 10 Never SKIP TO Q30 11 More than a year ago SKIP TO Q30
 - 12 (VOL) Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
 - Q1a How often do you drive a motor vehicle at night, after 9:00 pm? Do you drive at night almost every day, a few days a week, a few days a month, a few days a year, or do you never drive after 9:00 at night?
 - 1 Almost every day
 - 2 Few days a week
 - Few days a month
 - 4 Few days a year, or do you
 - Never drive after 9:00 at night
 - 11 More than a year ago
 - 12 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q2 Not including driving to and from work, do you at least sometimes drive a vehicle as part of a job or business?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q5
3	Don't work	SKIP TO Q5
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q5
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO O5

- Q3 How often do you drive a vehicle as part of a job or business? Almost every day, a few days a week, a few days a month, or a few days a year?
 - 1 Almost everyday/everyday
 - 2 Few days a week
 - Few days a month
 - 4 Few days a year
 - 5 (VOL) Never/more than a year ago
 - 6 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q4 Does your company or business have a policy requiring seatbelt use when driving on the job?
 - 1 Yes

2	No	SKIP TO Q5
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q5
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q5

- Q4a Is that a written policy?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Now I'd like you to think about all the driving you do (whether or not it's part of your job). Is the vehicle you drive most often a car, van, motorcycle, sport utility vehicle, pickup truck, or other type of truck? **IF RESPONDENT DRIVES MORE THAN ONE VEHICLE OFTEN, ASK:** What kind of vehicle did you LAST drive?
 - 1 Car (station wagon)
 - 2 Van or minivan
 - 3 Motorcycle **SKIP TO Q30**
 - 4 Pickup truck
 - 5 Sport utility vehicle

(Jeep/Explorer/Trooper/etc)

- 6 Other (SPECIFY)
- 7 Other truck (SPECIFY)
- 8 (VOL) Don't know

9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q5=MOTORCYCLE, SKIP TO Q30, ELSE GO TO Q6

For the next series of questions, please answer only for the (car/truck/van) you said you usually drive. Do the seatbelts in the front seat of the (car/truck/van) go across your shoulder only, across your lap only, or across both your shoulder and lap? **SEATBELT QUESTIONS REFER TO DRIVER-SIDE BELTS.**

1	Across shoulder	SKIP TO Q9
2	Across lap	SKIP TO Q13
3	Across both	
4	Vehicle has no belts	SKIP TO Q25
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q14
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q14

Q7 Are the shoulder and lap belt one piece or are they two separate belts?

1 O	ne piece	SKIP	TO	Q9
-----	----------	------	----	----

- 2 Two separate belts
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q8 Are both the shoulder and lap belt automatic, is only the shoulder belt automatic or is neither the shoulder or lap belt automatic?

1	Both are automatic	SKIP TO Q10
2	Only shoulder is automatic	SKIP TO Q10
3	Neither are automatic	SKIP TO Q11
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q11
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q11

Q9 Is the shoulder belt automatic or do you have to fasten it?

1	Automatic	
2	Manual	SKIP TO Q11
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q11
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q11

- When you drive, do you always wear your automatic belt or is it ever disconnected, disabled, or placed behind you?
 - 1 Always wear it
 - 2 Disconnected
 - 3 Disabled
 - 4 Placed behind me
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q11 Shoulder belts are usually attached to the door or frame behind the driver's left shoulder. In some vehicles, this attachment can be moved up or down to adjust the shoulder belt. Is this attachment adjustable in your vehicle?
 - 1 Yes, adjustable

2	No, not adjustable	SKIP TO Q12
8	Don't know	SKIP TO Q12
9	Refused	SKIP TO Q12

- Q11a Have you ever tried to adjust it?
 - 1 Yes

2	No	SKIP TO Q11c
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q12
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q12

Q11b Were you able to make the shoulder belt more comfortable by adjusting it?

1	Yes	SKIP TO Q12
2	No	SKIP TO Q12
3	(VOL) Could not adjust it	SKIP TO Q12
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q12
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q12

- Q11c Is there any reason why you have never tried to adjust it?
 - 1 Yes

2	No	SKIP TO Q12
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q12
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q12

- Q11d What is the reason? MULTIPLE RECORD. DO NOT READ.
 - 1 It already fits
 - 2 It's comfortable enough
 - 3 Someone adjusted it for me
 - 4 Never thought about it
 - Hard to adjust
 - 11 Automatic/self adjusting

- 12 Don't wear seatbelt
- 13 Didn't know it was adjustable
- 14 Other (SPECIFY)
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused

IF Q6=1 OR 3 ASK Q12, ELSE GO TO Q13

- When driving this (car/truck/van), how often do you wear your shoulder belt? **READ LIST.**
 - 1 All of the time
 - 2 Most of the time
 - 3 Some of the time
 - 4 Rarely or
 - 5 Never
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q6=2 OR 3 ASK Q13, ELSE GO TO Q14

- Q13 When driving this (car/truck/van), how often do you wear your lap belt? **READ LIST.**
 - 1 All of the time
 - 2 Most of the time
 - 3 Some of the time
 - 4 Rarely or
 - 5 Never
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q6=5-6 OR Q12=1-4, 6, 7 OR Q13=1-4, 6, 7 THEN ASK Q14; ELSE SKIP TO Q17

- Q14 When was the last time you did NOT wear your seatbelt (neither lap nor shoulder belt) when driving?
 - 1 Today
 - Within the past week
 - Within the past month
 - 4 Within the past 12 months
 - 5 A year or more ago/I always wear it
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

ASK Q14a IF DON'T KNOW/REF IN Q14, ELSE SKIP TO Q15

- Q14a Has there been any occasion in the past 12 months when you did not wear your seatbelt (neither lap nor shoulder belt) when driving?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q2=YES AND (Q12 EQ 1-4 OR Q13 EQ 1-4) ASK Q15 ELSE GO TO Q17

Q15 Are you more likely, less likely or just as likely to wear your seatbelt when driving on the job as compared to when driving for personal use?

1	More likely	GO TO Q16A
2	Less likely	SKIP TO Q16B
3	Just as likely	SKIP TO Q17
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q17
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q17

- Q16a Why are you MORE likely to wear your belt when driving on the job? Anything else? **MULTIPLE RECORD. DO NOT READ.**
 - 1 Company policy
 - 2 Increased awareness of safety
 - 3 Seatbelt law
 - 4 Don't want ticket
 - 5 Habit/always wear it
 - 6 Drive long distances
 - 7 Have passengers/client in vehicle with me
 - 8 Insurance reasons
 - 9 Driving in heavy traffic
 - 10 Driving larger vehicle
 - 11 More highway driving
 - 12 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused

IF O15=2 THEN ASK O16B; ELSE SKIP TO O17

- Q16b Why are you LESS likely to wear your belt when driving on the job? Anything else? **MULTIPLE RECORD. DO NOT READ.**
 - 1 Not company policy/practice
 - 2 Don't drive on roads/main streets
 - 3 Don't like being told what to do
 - 4 Don't like wearing them
 - 5 Habit/never/rarely wear it
 - 6 Drive short distances
 - 7 In/out of vehicle all the time/type of work/equipment gets in the way
 - 8 Driving slowly
 - 9 Don't have passengers with me
 - 10 Seatbelt broken/not working
 - 13 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q17 In the past 12 months, has your use of seatbelts when driving (car driven most often) increased, decreased, or stayed the same?

1	Increased	
2	Decreased	SKIP TO Q19
3	Stayed the same	SKIP TO Q19
4	New driver	SKIP TO Q19
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q19
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q19

Q18 What caused the change? Was it because......? **READ LIST. MULTIPLE RECORD. RANDOMIZE ORDER.**

		Yes	No	Don't Know	Refused
a.	You became more aware of safety issues	1	2	8	9
b.	Of the seatbelt law	1	2	8	9
c.	You didn't want to get a ticket	1	2	8	9
d.	You got a seatbelt ticket/warning	1	2	8	9
e.	You, or someone you know was in a crash	1	2	8	9
f.	Other people encourage or pressured you to use seatbelts	1	2	8	9
g.	You wanted to set a good example for children	1	2	8	9
h.	Someone you know got a ticket	1	2	8	9
i.	Other (SPECIFY)	1	2	8	9

IF (Q12 EQ 1-4 OR Q13 EQ 1-4), ASK Q19, ELSE SKIP TO Q21.

Q19 I'm going to read a list of reasons why you might wear your seatbelt. As I'm reading, tell me yes or no whether each reason applies to you. When I wear my seatbelt, I do so because.......

RANDOMIZE ORDER

		Yes	No	Don't Know	Refused
a.	It's a habit	1	2	8	9
b.	I don't want to get a ticket	1	2	8	9
c.	I'm uncomfortable without it	1	2	8	9
d.	Others want me to wear it	1	2	8	9
e.	It's the law	1	2	8	9
f.	I want to avoid serious injury/or death	1	2	8	9
g.	I want to set a good example for others	1	2	8	9
h.	The people I'm with are wearing seatbelts	1	2	8	9
i.	My (car/truck/van) has a bell, buzzer, or light that reminds me	1	2	8	9

- Q19j Are there any other reasons why you wear your seatbelt?
 - 1 Yes

No
 (VOL) Don't know
 (VOL) Refused
 SKIP TO Q20
 SKIP TO Q20

- Q19j1 **ASK IF Q19j = 1:** What other reasons (why you wear your seatbelt)? **MULTIPLE RECORD. DO NOT READ.**
 - 1 Makes me comfortable
 - 2 Driving longer distance
 - 3 Inclement/bad weather
 - 4 Driving on the highway
 - 5 Heavy traffic
 - 6 It's automatic
 - 7 Drive more
 - 8 good company image/more professional
 - 10 Oother bad drivers
 - 11 It's smart/right thing to do
 - 12 I was brought up to wear it
 - 13 Other (SPECIFY)

IF MORE THAN ONE YES IN Q19a-j, ASK Q20, ELSE SKIP TO Q21

- Q20 Of the following reasons you just gave me for wearing your seat belt, which is the most important? **READ LIST. SINGLE RECORD.**
 - 1 It's a habit
 - 2 I don't want to get a ticket
 - 3 I'm uncomfortable without it
 - 4 Others want me to wear it
 - 5 It's the law
 - 6 I want to avoid serious injury
 - 7 I want to set a good example for others
 - 8 The people I'm with are wearing seatbelts
 - 9 A bell, buzzer, or light reminds me
 - Makes me comfortable
 - 11 Driving longer distance
 - 12 Inclement weather
 - Driving on the highway
 - 14 Heavy traffic
 - 15 It's automatic
 - 16 Drive more
 - good company image/more professional
 - 19 Other bad drivers
 - 20 It's smart/right thing to do
 - I was brought up to wear it
 - 22 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 23 (VOL) Can't say one is most important/all are important

- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused

IF Q12 EQ 2-5 OR Q13 EQ 2-5 OR Q14 EQ 1-4 OR Q14A EQ 1 ASK Q21, ELSE SKIP TO Q22A

Q21 Please tell me if you agree or disagree with the following statements concerning your use of seatbelts. Sometimes I do not wear my seatbelt because....... **RANDOMIZE ORDER**

		Yes	No Don't		Refused	
		1 05	110	Know	Refused	
a.	I'm only driving a short distance	1	2	8	9	
b.	I'm driving in light traffic	1	2	8	9	
c.	I'm in a rush	1	2	8	9	
d.	I forgot to put it on	1	2	8	9	
e.	I don't want my clothes to get wrinkled	1	2	8	9	
f.	The seatbelt is uncomfortable	1	2	8	9	
g.	The probability of being in a crash is too low	1	2	8	9	
h.	The people I am with are not wearing seatbelts	1	2	8	9	
i.	I don't like being told what to do	1	2	8	9	

- Q21j Are there any other reasons why you sometimes do not wear your seatbelt?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q21j1 **ASK IF Q21j = 1:** What are they (other reasons for not wearing seatbelt)? **MULTIPLE RECORD. DO NOT READ.**
 - 1 May cause injury/trap
 - 2 In accident where seatbelt cause injury
 - 3 Know someone injured/killed because of seatbelt
 - 4 Other (SPECIFY)

IF MORE THAN ONE YES IN Q21a-j, ASK Q22, ELSE GO TO Q22A

- Q22 Of the following reasons you just gave me for not wearing your seatbelt, which is the most important? **READ LIST. SINGLE RECORD.**
 - 1 I'm only driving a short distance
 - 2 I'm driving in light traffic
 - 3 I'm in a rush
 - 4 I forget to put it on
 - 5 I don't want my clothes to get wrinkled
 - 6 The seatbelt is uncomfortable
 - 7 The probability of being in a crash is too low
 - 8 The people I am with are not wearing seatbelts
 - 9 I don't like being told what to do
 - May cause injury/trap
 - 11 In accident where seatbelt cause injury

Q23

Q24

NO. 302	49A 2007 Motor V	enicie Occupant Safety Survey, version 1, Jan 4.
12 13 16 98 99 Q22a	Know someone injured/killed because (VOL) Can't say one is most important (VOL) Other (SPECIFY) (VOL) Don't know (VOL) Refused When driving at night, are you more list seatbelt compared to when driving during dur	t/all important kely, less likely, or just as likely to wear your
	 More likely Less likely Just as likely (VOL) Don't drive at night (VOL) Don't know (VOL) Refused 	
Is there	e anything that you particularly dislike of	or find annoying about wearing your seatbelt?
1 2 8 9	Yes No (VOL) Don't know (VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q25 SKIP TO Q25 SKIP TO Q25
What is NOT F		Anything else? MULTIPLE RECORD. DO
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 98 99	Uncomfortable Seatbelts are a nuisance/hassle/annoya Feel restricted/too confining/constricti Pressure on my neck/chokes me/cuts a Pressure on my shoulder/shoulder stra Pressure on my chest/Strap doesn't fit Irritates/chafes my skin/rash Wrinkles my clothes Other (SPECIFY) Don't know Refused	ng cross my neck p too tight
		now how many children age 15 or younger are ne or consider it their primary residence?

Q25

Children age 15 or younger Don't know 98

99 Refused

IF Q25=0, 98, 99 SKIP TO Q29

How old is (this child/the youngest child)? TWINS (TRIPLETS, ETC.) MUST EACH BE ENTERED SEPARATELY, YOUNGEST FIRST.

	Years old
0	Under 1
98	Don't knov

99 Refused

IF Q26=0-12 ASK Q27, ELSE SKIP TO Q29

Q27 Think about all the times this child rode with you in the past thirty days, both with and without other passengers. About what proportion of those trips would you say that the child rode in the front seat? Would you say that in the past thirty days the child rode in the front seat....... **READ LIST. SINGLE RECORD.**

- 1 Nearly all the time, that is 90% or more
- 2 Most of the time
- 3 About half of the time
- 4 Some of the time
- 5 A few times, that is 10% or less
- 6 Never
- 7 (VOL) Don't know
- 8 (VOL) Refused

IF Q26 = 0 SKIP TO Q29

Q28 Compared to 12 MONTHS ago, is this child more likely to ride in the front seat when you drive, as likely to ride in the front seat, or less likely to ride in the front seat?

1	More likely to ride in front seat	
2	As likely to ride in front seat	SKIP TO Q29
3	Less likely to ride in front seat	SKIP TO Q28b
4	(VOL) Don't currently drive with child	SKIP TO Q29
5	(VOL) Didn't drive with child 12 months ago	SKIP TO Q29
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q29
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q29

Q28a Why is this child more likely to ride in the front seat when you drive? **DO NOT READ. MULTIPLE RECORD**

1	Child is older/larger	SKIP TO Q29
2	Child and I are the only ones in vehicle	SKIP TO Q29
3	The child prefers the front	SKIP TO Q29
4	Child likes to sit by me	SKIP TO Q29
5	I want to be able to see/reach child	SKIP TO Q29
6	No other place for child in vehicle	SKIP TO Q29
12	Other (SPECIFY)	SKIP TO Q29
98	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q29
99	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO O29

Q28b Why is this child less likely to ride in the front seat when you drive? **DO NOT READ.**

MULTIPLE RECORD.

- 1 Safer in back
- 2 Danger from airbags
- 3 Child prefers back
- 4 Child's car seat is in back
- 5 No other place for child in vehicle
- 6 It's the law
- 7 Child is too young/small
- 12 Other (SPECIFY)
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q29 In the past 30 days, have you driven a motor vehicle in which you had three or more child passengers at the same time?
 - 1 Yes

No
 (VOL) Don't know
 (VOL) Refused
 (VOL) Refused

SKIP TO Q30
SKIP TO Q30

- Q29a Were there any days out of the past 30 where you had to put a child in the front seat because there were too many children to fit in the back?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q30 How often do you ride as a passenger in any kind of car, van or truck? Would you say....... **READ LIST.**
 - 1 Almost every day
 - 2 A few days a week
 - 3 A few days a month
 - 4 A few days a year or
 - 5 Never SKIP TO Q40
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- When you are a passenger, do you usually ride in the front seat or the back seat?
 - 1 Front seat
 - 2 Back seat
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

- Q32 When riding as a passenger in the front seat how often do you wear your seatbelt? **READ LIST.**
 - 1 All of the time
 - 2 Most of the time
 - 3 Some of the time
 - 4 Rarely or
 - 5 Never
 - 6 (VOL) Never ride in front seat
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q33 When riding as a passenger in the back seat how often do you wear your seatbelt? **READ LIST.**
 - 1 All of the time
 - 2 Most of the time
 - 3 Some of the time
 - 4 Rarely or
 - 5 Never
 - 6 (VOL) Never ride in back seat
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q1 NE NEVER (10) OR YEAR+ (11) AND Q5 NE MOTORCYCLE, SKIP TO Q40. IF Q1=NEVER (10) OR YEAR+ (11) AND Q32 NE 1-4 AND Q33 NE 1-4, SKIP TO Q40. IF Q5=MOTORCYCLE AND Q32 NE 1-4 AND Q33 NE 1-4, SKIP TO Q40, ELSE ASK Q34.

I'm going to read a list of reasons why you might wear your seatbelt. As I'm reading, tell me yes or no whether each reason applies to you. When I wear my seatbelt, I do so because.......

RANDOMIZE ORDER

		Yes	No	Know	Refused
a.	It's a habit	1	2	8	9
b.	I don't want to get a ticket	1	2	8	9
c.	I'm uncomfortable without it	1	2	8	9
d.	Others want me to wear it	1	2	8	9
e.	It's the law	1	2	8	9
f.	I want to avoid serious injury	1	2	8	9
g.	I want to set a good example for others	1	2	8	9
h.	The people I'm with are wearing seatbelts	1	2	8	9
i.	My (car/truck/van) has a bell, buzzer, or light that reminds me	1	2	8	9

Don't

- Q34j Are there any other reasons why you wear your seatbelt?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q34J1 =1: What other reasons (why you wear your seatbelt)? **MULTIPLE RECORD. DO NOT READ.**

- 1 Makes me comfortable
- 2 Driving longer distance
- 3 Inclement weather
- 4 Driving on the highway
- 5 Heavy traffic
- 6 It's automatic
- 7 Drive more
- 8 Good company image/more professional
- 9 Other (SPECIFY)

IF MORE THAN ONE YES IN Q34, ASK Q35, ELSE SKIP TO Q36

- Q35 Of the following reasons you just gave me for wearing your seat belt, which is the most important? **READ LIST. SINGLE RECORD.**
 - 1 It's a habit
 - 2 I don't want to get a ticket
 - 3 I'm uncomfortable without it
 - 4 Others want me to wear it
 - 5 It's the law
 - 6 I want to avoid serious injury
 - 7 I want to set a good example for others
 - 8 The people I'm with are wearing seatbelts
 - 9 A bell, buzzer or light reminds me
 - Makes me comfortable
 - 11 Driving longer distance
 - 12 Inclement weather
 - Driving on the highway
 - 14 Heavy traffic
 - 15 It's automatic
 - 16 Drive more
 - 17 Good company image/more professional
 - 18 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 19 (VOL) Can't say one is most important/all are important
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused

IF Q32 = 2-5 OR Q33 = 2-5 THEN ASK Q36, ELSE SKIP TO Q38

Q36 Please tell me if you agree or disagree with the following statements concerning your use of seatbelts. Sometimes I do not wear my seatbelt because....... RANDOMIZE ORDER

		Yes	No	Don't Know	Refused
a.	I'm only riding a short distance	1	2	8	9
b.	I'm riding in light traffic	1	2	8	9
c.	I'm in a rush	1	2	8	9
d.	I forgot to put it on	1	2	8	9
e.	I don't want my clothes to get wrinkled	1	2	8	9
f.	The seatbelt is uncomfortable	1	2	8	9
g.	The probability of being in a crash is too low	1	2	8	9
h.	The people I am with are not wearing seatbelts	1	2	8	9
i.	I don't like being told what to do	1	2	8	9

- Q36j Are there any other reasons why you sometimes do not wear your seatbelt?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q36j1 **IF YES:** What are they (other reasons for not wearing seatbelt)?

IF MORE THAN ONE YES IN Q36a-j, ASK Q37, ELSE GO TO Q38

Of the following reasons you just gave me for not wearing your seatbelt, which is the most important? **READ LIST. SINGLE RECORD.**

- 1 I'm only riding a short distance
- 2 I'm riding in light traffic
- 3 I'm in a rush
- 4 I forget to put it on
- 5 I don't want my clothes to get wrinkled
- 6 The seatbelt is uncomfortable
- 7 The probability of being in a crash is too low
- 8 The people I am with are not wearing seatbelts
- 9 I don't like being told what to do
- 10 (VOL) Can't say one is most important/all important
- 13 (VOL) Other (SPECIFY)
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused

Q38 Is there anything that you particularly dislike or find annoying about wearing your seatbelt?

2	No	SKIP TO Q40
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q40
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q40

- Q39 What is it that you dislike or find annoying? Anything else? **MULTIPLE RECORD. DO NOT READ.**
 - 1 Uncomfortable
 - 2 Seatbelts are a nuisance/hassle/annoyance
 - 3 Feel restricted/too confining/constricting
 - 4 Pressure on my neck/chokes me/cuts across my neck
 - 5 Pressure on my shoulder/shoulder strap too tight
 - 6 Pressure on my chest/Strap doesn't fit my chest
 - 7 Irritates/chafes my skin/rash
 - 8 Wrinkles my clothes
 - 9 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 Don't know
 - 99 Refused
- Q40 Now I'd like to ask your opinion about seatbelt laws. How do you feel about laws that require drivers and front seat passengers to wear seatbelts? Do you favor these laws a lot, do you favor them some or do you not favor these laws at all?
 - 1 Favor a lot
 - 2 Favor some

3	Not favor at all	SKIP TO Q44
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q44
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q44

- Q41 Do you think that seatbelt laws should also apply to back seat ADULT passengers?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 3 Depends on age of the passenger
 - 4 Depends on type of vehicle
 - 9 (VOL) Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused

Q42 Do you favor or oppose fines for drivers who do not wear seatbelts?

1	Favor	
2	Oppose	SKIP TO Q43
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q43
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q43

Q42a What do you think the minimum fine should be for a seatbelt violation?

```
Amount of fine (RANGE=0-1000)
No fine/warning
9998 (VOL) Don't know
```

Q43 Do you favor or oppose receiving points against a license as a penalty for seatbelt violations?

- 1 Favor
- 2 Oppose
- 3 Depends on past violations
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

I'd like you to think about someone you know who doesn't wear seatbelts all of the time. If that person were stopped and fined (AMOUNT OF FINE IN STATE) for not wearing seatbelts, would this person definitely wear seatbelts more often, probably wear seatbelts more often, or probably not change his or her seatbelt wearing habits?

- 1 Definitely wear more often
- 2 Probably wear more often
- 3 Probably not change seatbelt wearing habits
- 4 (VOL) Maybe short-term change, but no long term change
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Don't know anyone like that

Q45 Suppose you get a ticket for not wearing your seatbelt. Which of the following statements better describes your likely reaction?

- I deserve the ticket because I broke the law, or
- I do NOT deserve the ticket because wearing a seatbelt should be a personal choice
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q46 The next questions are about seatbelt laws in your state. Does (STATE) have a law requiring seatbelt use?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q49
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q49
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q49

Q47 Who is required to wear seatbelts according to your state law? Are (**READ ITEM**) required to wear seatbelts?

		Yes	No	Don't Know	Refused
a.	Drivers	1	2	8	9
b.	Children in the front seat	1	2	8	9
c.	Children in the back seat	1	2	8	9
d.	Adult passengers in the front seat	1	2	8	9
e.	Adult passengers in the back seat	1	2	8	9

- Q48 According to your state law, can police stop a vehicle if they observe a seatbelt violation or do they have to observe some other offense first in order to stop the vehicle?
 - 1 Can stop just for seatbelt violation
 - 2 Must observe another offense first
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q49 In your opinion, SHOULD police be allowed to stop a vehicle if they observe a seatbelt violation when no other traffic laws are being broken?

1	Should be allowed to stop	SKIP TO Q50
2	Should not	
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q50
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q50

- Q49a Most other traffic laws allow police to stop the vehicle whenever they see a violation. Why do you think seatbelt violations should be treated differently from other traffic violations? **DO NOT READ LIST. MULTIPLE RECORD.**
 - 1 Don't pose a risk to others
 - 2 Not as serious a violation
 - 3 Police may abuse it
 - 4 Should be a personal choice/not a good law/infringe on rights
 - 5 Can't always tell if seatbelt is on/Can be mistaken
 - 6 Should only apply to children
 - 10 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 Don't know
 - 99 Refused

IF Q1=10 (NEVER) OR YEAR + (11), SKIP TO Q51

Q50 In the past twelve months, since (MONTH) of last year, have you been stopped by police for ANY traffic-related reason while driving?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q51
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q51
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO O51

Q50a Were you wearing a seatbelt when you were stopped? **IF STOPPED MORE THAN ONCE IN PAST 12 MONTHS, ASK ABOUT MOST RECENT TIME.**

1	Yes	SKIP TO Q50e
2	No	
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q50e
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q50e

Q50b Did you receive a ticket for violating seatbelt laws?

1	Yes	SKIP TO Q50d
2	No	
8	(VOL) Don't know	

- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q50c Did you receive a warning for violating seatbelt laws?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q50d Did you receive a ticket for some other traffic violation?

1	Yes	SKIP TO Q51
2	No	SKIP TO Q51
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q51
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q51

Q50e Did you receive a ticket for any traffic violation?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

IF YES IN Q50b SKIP TO Q52

()51	Have v	ou ever	received a	ticket	for not	wearing	seatbelts?
`	,,,,	Trave y	ou cvci	icccivcu a	i iickci	101 1101	wcaring	scatocits:

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

IF YES IN Q50c SKIP TO Q52a

- Q52 Have you ever received a warning for not wearing seatbelts?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF YES IN Q50b, Q50c, Q51 OR Q52 ASK Q52a, OTHERWISE SKIP TO Q53

- Q52a After you received the seatbelt (ticket/warning), did you start wearing your seatbelts more often, less often, or was there no change in how often you wore them?
 - 1 Wore seatbelt more often
 - Wore seatbelt less often
 - 3 No change in how often wore seatbelt
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q1=NEVER (10) OR YEAR + (11) SKIP TO Q54 ELSE ASK Q53

- Assume that you do not wear your seatbelt AT ALL while driving over the next six months. How likely do you think you will be to receive a ticket for not wearing a seatbelt? **READ LIST.**
 - 1 Very likely
 - 2 Somewhat likely
 - 3 Somewhat unlikely
 - 4 Very unlikely
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q54 How often do you think police should ticket for seatbelt violations? On a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means police should hardly ever give tickets and 10 means police should give tickets at every opportunity when it comes to enforcing seatbelt laws, how strict should police enforcement be?
 - Police should hardly ever give a ticket for violations
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6

7
8
9
10 Police should give a ticket at every opportunity
98 (VOL) Don't know
99 (VOL) Refused

Now I'm going to read you a few statements Please tell me whether you strongly agree, somewhat agree, somewhat disagree, or strongly disagree. **ROTATE LIST.**

		Strongly Agree		newhat	Strongly Disagree		
Refused		rigice	rigice	Disagree	Disagree	Kilow	
	a. Seatbelts are just as likely to harm you as help you.	1	2	3	4	8	9
I	Police in my community generally do not bother to write tickets for seatbelt violations. PROBE FOR DON'T KNOW: Based on what you have seen or have heard from others	1	2	3	4	8	9
(An accident close to home is usually not as serious as an accident farther away.	1	2	3	4	8	9
(d. If I were in an accident, I would want to have my seatbelt on.	1	2	3	4	8	9
•	e. Most motor vehicle accidents happen within five miles of home.	1	2	3	4	8	9
1	f. I would feel self-conscious around my friends if I wore a seatbelt and they did not.	1	2	3	4	8	9
į.	I have a habit of wearing a seatbelt because my parents insisted I wear them when I was a child. CODE "NOT APPLICABLE" IF NO SEATBELTS WHEN CHILD	1	2	3	4	8	9
i	Putting on a seatbelt makes me worry more about being in an accident.	1	2	3	4	8	9

I'd like to ask you a few questions about speed limits.

Q57 In general, do you think most highway speed limits are too low, too high or about right?

- 1 Too low
- 2 Too high
- 3 About right
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q58		oout residential speed limits or those not on a highway? Do you think they are too low, too about right?
	1	Too low
	2	Too high
	3	About right
	8	(VOL) Don't know
	9	(VOL) Refused
Q59	Would	you say the driving of most other drivers is? READ LIST.
	1	Excellent
	2	Very good
	3	Good
	4	Fair or
	5	Poor
	8	(VOL) Don't know
	9	(VOL) Refused
IF Q1=	=NEVEI	R (10) OR YEAR+ (11) SKIP TO Q67 ELSE ASK Q60
Q60	How of LIST.	Eten do you feel pressure from other drivers to go faster than the speed limit? READ
	1	Very often
	2	Often
	3	Rarely
	4	Never
	8	(VOL) Don't know
	9	(VOL) Refused
Q61		statement best describes your highway driving? (1) I tend to pass other cars more often her cars pass me, or (2) Other cars tend to pass me more often.
	mat om	ter cars pass me, or (2) other cars tend to pass me more often.
	1	I tend to pass other cars more often than other cars pass me
	2	Other cars tend to pass me more often
	3	(VOL) Neither, I drive the same as most others
	4	(VOL) I don't' drive on highways SKIP TO Q63
	7	(VOL) Both, that is, I tend to pass and others tend to pass me
	8	(VOL) Don't know
	9	(VOL) Refused
Q62	In gene	ral, how fast do you drive on highways?
		Miles per hour (RANGE=40-120)

997	Don't drive	on highways
-----	-------------	-------------

998 Don't know

999 Refused

Now I'd like to ask you a few questions about airbags.

IF Q1=NEVER (10) OR YEAR+ (11) OR Q5=MOTORCYCLE, SKIP TO Q67 ELSE ASK Q63

Q63 Does the (car/truck/van) you normally drive have an air bag?

- 1 Yes
- No
 (VOL) Don't know
 SKIP TO Q66
 SKIP TO Q66
- 9 (VOL) Refused **SKIP TO Q66**
- Q64 Does your (car/truck/van) have an air bag in front of the driver?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q65 Does your (car/truck/van) have an airbag in front of where a passenger would sit in the front seat?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
 - Q65a Is there an air bag anywhere else in your (car/truck/van)? If so, where? Anywhere else? IF SAY SIDE AIRBAG, ASK IF FRONT OR BACK OR BOTH. DO NOT READ. MULTIPLE RECORD.
 - 1 In the car doors next to front seat
 - 2 In the car doors next to rear seat(s)
 - 3 Descending curtain from above front seat doors
 - 4 Descending curtain from above rear seat doors
 - 5 In the front seat itself
 - 6 In the rear seat itself
 - 9 Yes, but I don't know where
 - 10 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 20 No
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q66 If you are driving in a vehicle that has an air bag and you get into an accident involving major vehicle damage is it likely or unlikely that you would be injured?
 - 1 Likely

- 2 Unlikely
- 3 (VOL) Depends on type of accident
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

IF O1=10 OR 11, READ "PASSENGER" & "RIDING" ELSE READ "DRIVER" & "DRIVING"

- Q67 Please tell me whether you agree or disagree with the following statement. If my car has a (driver/passenger) side airbag, I don't need to wear my seatbelt when (driving/riding).
 - 1 Agree
 - 2 Disagree
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q71 Would you prefer that your next vehicle have DRIVER airbags only, DRIVER AND PASSENGER airbags or NO airbags?
 - 1 Driver
 - 2 Driver and passenger
 - 3 No airbags
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q72 Do you have any concerns about the safety of airbags?
 - 1 Yes
 - No
 (VOL) Don't know
 (VOL) Refused
 SKIP TO Q73
 SKIP TO Q73
 SKIP TO Q73
 - Q72a What are those concerns (about the safety of air bags)? **DO NOT READ. MULTIPLE RECORD.**
 - 1 Accidental inflation/deploying prematurely
 - Failure to deploy/concern about them not working right
 - 4 Chemical Powder that burns
 - 5 Rate of speed airbag inflates causes injuries
 - 6 Injuries/airbags can break your neck
 - 7 Broken bones/airbags can break your bones (i.e., nose, fingers, etc.)
 - 8 Injuries sustained when airbag is opened on impact
 - 10 Adults can be injured by airbags
 - 11 Adults can suffocate/can't breath from airbags
 - 12 Smaller adults can be injured by airbags
 - 13 Children's injury/safety
 - 16 Other (SPECIFY)

Q73		eral, do you feel safer in moto es with airbags than those with	r vehicles with airbags, about the same, or less safe in nout airbags?					
	1	1 Safer in vehicles with airbags						
	2	About the same						
	3	Less safe in vehicles with ai	rbags					
	8 9	(VOL) Don't know						
	9	(VOL) Refused						
	Q73a		etion from injury do you feel an air bag would provide in an otor vehicle damage? Would the air bag provide?					
		1 A lot of protection f	rom injury					
		2 Some protection fro						
		3 Very little protection						
		4 No protection from						
		5 (VOL) Depends on 8 (VOL) Don't know	type of accident					
		8 (VOL) Don't know 9 (VOL) Refused						
		,						
Q78	Now I'm going to ask you a few questions about alcohol use. During the past 30 days have you had at least one drink of any alcoholic beverage, including liquor, beer, wine or wine coolers?							
	1	Yes	SKIP TO Q80					
	2	No	•					
	8	(VOL) Don't know						
	9	(VOL) Refused						
Q79	Did yo	ou drink any alcoholic beverag	ges at all during the past 12 months?					
	1	Yes	SKIP TO Q81					
	2	No	SKIP TO Q86					
	8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q86					
	9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q86					
Q80	How n	nany days out of the past 30 d	ays did you drink alcoholic beverages?					
		Days (RANGE=0-30)						
	98	Don't know						
	99	Refused						
Q81	On the	e average, how many drinks di	d you typically have on the days you drank?					
		Drinks (RANGE=0-12)						
	13	More than 12 drinks						
	98	Don't know						

99 Refused

IF Q1=NEVER	(10) OR YI	EAR+ (11) OF	R Q78=NO,	DK OR	REFUSED,	SKIP TO	Q86 EI	LSE ASK
O82								

Q82 During the past 30 days, have you driven a vehicle after you had been drinking alcohol?

1	Yes	
2	No	

2	No	SKIP TO Q86
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q86
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q86

Q83 How many days out of the past 30 days did you drive after drinking alcoholic beverages?

```
____ Days (RANGE=0-30)
```

- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused

Q84 In the past 30 days, have you driven a vehicle when you thought you might have consumed too much alcohol to drive safely?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q86 Have YOU ever been injured in a motor vehicle accident? Only count injuries that required medical attention.

1	Yes	SKIP TO	Q87
1	V_{es}	SKIP TO	$\Omega 8'$

- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q86a Have YOU ever been injured in a motor vehicle accident when you were a passenger, or have you ever been hit and injured by a motor vehicle when you were walking or riding a bike? Only count injuries that required medical attention.

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q97
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q97
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q97

Q87 How many times has this happened to you?

_____ Times (**RANGE=1-50**)

- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused

Q88 How long ago did (that/the most recent) accident occur? **ONLY ACCIDENTS WHERE THEY REQUIRED MEDICAL ATTENTION**

 Years ago	(RANGE:	=0-97)

- 0 Within the past 12 months
- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused

Q88a Did (that/the most recent) accident happen less than 5 miles from where you lived at the time of the accident?

- 1 Yes, less than 5 miles
- No, 5 miles or more away

 (VOL) Don't know

 (VOL) Refused

 SKIP TO Q89

 SKIP TO Q89

Q88b Where were you GOING when you had that accident? Were you going home, going to work, going to the food store, going to a friend's home or were you going somewhere else?

- 1 Home
- 2 Work
- 3 Food store
- 4 Friend's/Relative's home
- 5 Somewhere else (SPECIFY)
- 8 School/College/Class
- 9 Restaurant/Fast food place
- 10 Recreational activity (ballgame, movies, etc)
- No where in particular/just riding/walking
- 12 Shopping/mall/store
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused

Q88c Where were you COMING FROM when you had that accident? Were you coming from......? **READ LIST. SHOW ONLY THOSE NOT IN Q88b.**

- 1 Home
- 2 Work
- 3 Food store
- 4 Friend's/Relative's home
- 5 Somewhere else (SPECIFY)
- 8 School/College/Class
- 9 Restaurant/Fast food place
- 10 Recreational activity (ballgame, movies, etc)
- No where in particular/just riding/walking
- 12 Shopping/mall/store
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused

\sim	** *	1 .			.1	. 1 .0
Q89	Were v	you a driver	or a	naccenger i	n that	accident?
QUI	VV CIC y	you a direct	OI a	passenger	11 tiiat	accident.

- 1 Driver
- 2 Passenger
- 3 (VOL) Pedestrian
- 4 (VOL) Bicyclist
- 5 (VOL) Motorcycle
- 6 (VOL) Other (SPECIFY)
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q89=3 OR 4 (PEDESTRIAN OR BICYCLIST), SKIP TO Q91

Q90 Were you wearing your seatbelt at the time of the accident?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 (VOL) Motorcycle driver/rider
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q91 At which of the following were you treated for your injuries? Were you treated at......?

		Yes	No	Not Sure	Refused
a.	A hospital emergency room	1	2	8	9
b.	A doctor's office	1	2	8	9
c.	A clinic	1	2	8	9
d.	The accident scene	1	2	8	9
e.	Somewhere else (SPECIFY)	1	2	8	9

- Q92 Were you transported from the accident scene by ambulance or helicopter?
 - 1 Yes, ambulance (or rescue vehicle)
 - 2 Yes, helicopter
 - 3 No, neither
 - 4 (VOL) Don't know
 - 5 (VOL) Refused
- Q93 Were you hospitalized?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q94
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q94
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q94

Q93a How long were you hospitalized?	Q93a	How 1	ong	were	vou	hos	pitalize	d?
--------------------------------------	------	-------	-----	------	-----	-----	----------	----

- 1 Gave answers in days
- 2 Gave answers in hours
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

 Days (RANGE=0-365)
 Hours (RANGE=1-23)

Q94 Did you receive any continuing or follow-up treatment for your injuries?

1	Y	es

2	No	SKIP TO Q95
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q95
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q95

Q94a Where did you receive this follow-up treatment? Was it at......? **READ LIST AND MULTIPLE RECORD.**

		Yes	No	Don't Know	Refused
a.	A doctor's office	1	2	8	9
b.	A physical therapist's office	1	2	8	9
c.	A clinic	1	2	8	9
d.	A hospital	1	2	8	9
e.	A chiropractor	1	2	8	9
f.	Somewhere else (SPECIFY)	1	2	8	9

Q95 Did your injuries from that accident prevent you from performing any of your normal activities (work, school, household) for at least a week?

2	No	SKIP TO Q96
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q96
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q96

- Q95a Were there any activities that you were unable to resume because of your injuries even a year after the accident?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 3 Happened less than 1 year ago
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF (YES IN Q95 AND YES IN Q95A) OR Q87=1, SKIP TO Q98 IF (YES IN Q95 AND Q95a NE YES AND Q87 NE 1) SKIP TO Q96b

Q96 Have you ever received injuries from a vehicle accident that prevented you from performing any of your normal activities (work, school, household) for at least a week?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q98
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q98
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q98

Q96a Were there any activities that you were unable to resume because of your injuries even a year after the accident?

1	Yes	SKIP TO Q98
2	No	SKIP TO Q98
3	Happened less than 1 year ago	SKIP TO Q98
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q98
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q98

Q96b Have you ever received injuries from a vehicle accident that prevented you from performing any of your normal activities (work, school, household) a year after the accident?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

IF YES IN Q86 OR Q86a, SKIP TO Q98

Were you ever a driver or a passenger in a motor vehicle accident that involved death or injuries requiring medical attention?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q98		have different beliefs about their own chances of survival in a crash. Do you agree or the that if it is your time to die, you'll die, so it doesn't matter whether you wear your to the transfer of the survival in a crash. Do you agree or the transfer of				
	1	Agree				
	2	Disagree				
	8	(VOL) Don't know				
	9	(VOL) Refused				
Q99	Now I	need to ask you some basic information about you and your household. What is your age?				
	99	Years old (RANGE=16-97) Refused				
	,,	refused				
_		ASKED, THEN ASK Q101, ELSE SKIP TO Q102				
Q101		How many children age 15 OR YOUNGER are living in your household at least half of the time				
	or cons	sider it their primary residence?				
		Children (RANGE=0-12)				
	99	Refused				
Q102	Do you	a consider yourself to be Hispanic or Latino?				
	1	Yes				
	2	No				
	8	(VOL) Don't know				
	9	(VOL) Refused				
Q103	Which of the following racial categories describes you? You may select more than one. READ LIST AND MULTIPLE RECORD.					
	1	American Indian or Alaskan Native				
	2	Asian				
	3	Black or African-American				
	4	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander				
	5	White				
	6	(VOL) Hispanic/Latino				
	11	(VOL) Other (SPECIFY)				
	99	(VOL) Refused				

CONSISTENCY CHECK IF Q103 EQ 6 AND Q102 EQ 2, ASK Q102b; ELSE SKIP TO 103b

Q102b You just described yourself as Hispanic or Latino. Do you consider yourself to be Hispanic or Latino?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

IF SPANISH VERSION AUTO PUNCH 1 AT Q103b, AUTO PUNCH 1 AT Q103C; SKIP TO Q105

Q103b Do you speak a language other than English at home? **ENGLISH VERSION ONLY, ELSE SKIP TO Q105.**

- 1 Yes
- No
 KIP TO 105
 (VOL) Don't know
 (VOL) Refused
 SKIP TO 105
 SKIP TO 105

Q103c What is this language? **DO NOT READ LIST. MULTIPLE RESPONSE.**

- 1 Spanish
- 2 Chinese
- 3 French
- 4 German
- 5 Tagalog
- 6 Vietnamese
- 7 Italian
- 8 Korean
- 9 Russian
- 10 Polish
- 11 Arabic
- 12 Portuguese
- 13 Japanese
- 14 French Creole
- 15 Greek
- 16 Hindi
- 17 Persian
- 18 Urdu
- 19 Gujarathi
- 20 Armenian
- 21 Other (SPECIFY)
- 99 (VOL) Refused

Q105 What is the highest grade or year of school you completed?

- 8 8th grade or less
- 9 9th grade

	1 2 9	Yes No (VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q110b SKIP TO Q110b
Q110		cluding cell phones, beepers and pagers, ousehold at which you normally can rece	do you have more than one telephone number in ive in-coming phone calls?
Q109	What is 998 999	s your weight? Pounds (RANGE=50-500) Don't know Refused	
Q108	About	how tall are you without shoes? Feet (RANGE=1-8) Inches (RANGE=0-11)	
In orde		er understand driver and rider characteris	tics, we'd like to ask you about your height and
	8 9	(VOL) Don't know (VOL) Refused	
	7	\$100,000 or more	
	5 6	\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	
	4	\$30,000 to \$49,999	
	2 3	\$5,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$29,999	
	1	Less than \$5,000	
Q106	2006?	of the following categories best describe (Includes the income of all persons in the e? READ LIST.	s your total household income before taxes in household.) Was your total household
	99	(VOL) Refused	
	14	College graduate or higher	
	13	Some college	
	11 12	11th grade 12th grade/GED	
	10	10th grade	

Q110a	How many different telephone numbers do you have at this residence at which you can
	normally receive incoming phone calls?

Telephone numbers (10 OR MORE=10)

- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused
- Q110b Did you visit the D.O.T. website to find out more information about the survey? (at www.nhtsa.dot.gov)
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

Q111 FROM OBSERVATION, ENTER SEX OF RESPONDENT

- 1 Male
- 2 Female

Q112 INTERVIEW WAS CONDUCTED IN

- 1 English
- 2 Spanish

That completes the survey. Thank you very much for your time and cooperation.

APPENDIX A2:

ENGLISH LANGUAGE QUESTIONNAIRE

VERSION 2

SCHULMAN, RONCA AND BUCUVALAS, INC.

275 7th Avenue; Suite 2700

NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10001

STUDY NUMBER 3629B Jan 8, 2007

OMB No. 2127-0645

Expiration Date: 6/30/2009

NHTSA 1020B

SURVEY ON OCCUPANT PROTECTION: 2006 VERSION 2

	PLE REA	AD-IN		
Samp	le Type:	C		
	1 2	Cross-section Over-Sample		
State:		•	unty:	Metro Status:
Date:		CA	ATI ID:	
Interv	riewer:			Telephone Number:
Time	Start:	Tiı	me End:	Total Time:
INTR	RODUCT	TON		
Hello	I'm	C	alling for the U.S.	Department of Transportation. We are conducting a
natior	, 1 m nal studv	of Americans' driving	annig for the 0.5.	attitudes about current driving laws. (If you would
like to	learn m	ore about the survey	, you can call our t	oll-free number at 1-888-772-4269 or visit the DOT
websi	te at www	w.nhsta.dot.gov.)		
DUM	MY OU	ESTION FOR BIRT	THDAY OUESTI	ONS
1	-	d the most recent		
2	Will h	ave the next		
		ΓΥΡΕ EQ 1, ASK A		
A 1	How n	nany persons, age 16	and older, live in t	his household?
		Number of 16+ pers	ons IF ONLY 1	PERSON, SKIP TO A3
	(VOL)			D SCREEN OUT
	(VOL)	Refused	THANK AN	D END [SOFT REFUSAL]
A2.	How n	nany of those adults a	are (women/men)?	NONE=00.
		Number of women		
		Number of men		
	99	Refused		

B2

IF BOTH MEN AND WOMEN, SELECT MALE 60%/FEMALE 40%

A3 **IF A1=1 READ:** May I please speak to him or her?

IF A1>1 READ: In order to select just one person to interview, may I please speak to the (GENDER, If Refused in A2, read-in: "person") in your household, age 16 or older, who (has had the most recent/will have the next) birthday?

1	Designated Respondent on line	GO TO D1
2	Someone else	GO TO D

3 Schedule callback

9 Refused THANK AND END [SOFT REFUSAL]

IF SAMPLE TYPE EQ 2 ASK B1

B1 How many persons, age 16-39, live in this household?

Number of 16-39 (VOL) None	IF ONLY 1 PERSON, SKIP TO B3 THANK AND SCREEN OUT
How many of those 16-39 year of	old adults are (women/men)? NONE=00.
Number of women	

Number of men

IF BOTH MEN AND WOMEN, SELECT MALE 60%/FEMALE 40%.

B3 **IF B1=1 READ:** May I please speak to him or her?

IF B1>1 READ: In order to select just one person to interview, may I please speak to the (GENDER, If Refused in A2, read-in: "person") in your household, age 16 - 39 who (has had the most recent/will have the next) birthday?

1	Designated Respondent on line	GO TO D1
2	Someone else	GO TO D

3 Schedule callback

9 Refused THANK AND END [SOFT REFUSAL]

- D Hello, I'm _____ calling for the U.S. Department of Transportation. We are conducting a national study of Americans' driving habits and their attitudes about current driving laws. (If you would like to learn more about the survey, you can call our toll-free number at 1-888-772-4269 or visit the DOT website at www.nhsta.dot.gov.)
- D1 The interview is voluntary and the information you provide us will be used for statistical purposes only. We will not collect any personal information that would allow anyone to identify you. If there is a question you don't want to answer, that's OK. The interview takes about 15 20 minutes to complete. (This study has been reviewed and approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB control number 2127-0645.) Could we begin now?
 - 1 Continue interview **SKIP TO Q1**
 - 2 Arrange callback
 - Want to think about it/Not sure **SKIP TO D2**

9 Refused **SKIP TO D3**

D2 If you would prefer, you can call our toll-free number to do the interview or you can go to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration website to learn more about the survey. Would you like the toll-free number or website address?

1	Requested toll-free number	PROVIDE NUMBER (1800),
		CALLBACK
2	Requested website address	PROVIDE WEBSITE ADDRESS
	_	(www.nhtsa.dot.gov), CALLBACK
3	Requested both	PROVIDE BOTH, CALLBACK
4	Neither	CALLBACK

D3 Would you please tell me why you do not want to do the interview?

THANK, END [QUALIFIED HARD REFUSAL]

- Q1 How often do you drive a motor vehicle? Almost every day, a few days a week, a few days a month, a few days a year, or do you never drive?
 - 1 Almost everyday/everyday
 - 2 Few days a week
 - Few days a month
 - 4 Few days a year
 - 10 Never SKIP TO Q12 11 More than a year ago SKIP TO Q12
 - 12 (VOL) Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
 - Q1a How many years have you been driving? [Read categories if necessary]
 - 1 Less than 1 year
 - 2 1 to 4 years
 - 3 5 to 9 years
 - 4 10 to 14 years
 - 5 15 to 19 years
 - 6 20 years or more
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
 - Q1b Before getting your driver's license, did you take a driver's education course?
 - 1 Yes
 - No
 KIP TO Q2
 (VOL) Don't know
 KIP TO Q2
 (VOL) Refused
 SKIP TO Q2
 - Q1c Please tell me if you took your driver's education from any of the following. Did you take a driver's education?

		Yes	No	(VOL) Don't Know	(VOL) Refused
a.	Course in school	1	2	8	9
b.	Course from a private company	1	2	8	9
c.	Course over the Internet	1	2	8	9
d.	Course from a parent/family member	1	2	8	9
e.	Course from somewhere else (SPECIFY)	1	2	8	9

- Q2 Is the vehicle you drive most often a car, van, motorcycle, sport utility vehicle, pickup truck, or other type of truck? **IF RESPONDENT DRIVES MORE THAN ONE VEHICLE OFTEN, ASK:** What kind of vehicle did you LAST drive?
 - 1 Car
 - 2 Van or minivan
 - 3 Motorcycle SKIP TO Q12
 - 4 Pickup truck
 - 5 Sport utility vehicle (Jeep/Explorer/Trooper/etc)
 - 10 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 11 Other truck (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q3 When you got the (car/truck/van), did you get it new or used?
 - 1 New
 - 2 Used
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

INTERVIEWER INSTRUCTION: SEATBELT QUESTIONS REFER TO DRIVER SIDE SEATBELTS.

Q4 For the next series of questions, please answer only for the (car/truck/van) you said you usually drive. Do the seat belts in the front seat of the (car/truck/van) go across your shoulder only, across your lap only, or across both your shoulder and lap?

1	Across shoulder	SKIP TO Q7
2	Across lap	SKIP TO Q10
3	Across both	
4	Vehicle has no belts	SKIP TO Q12
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q11
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q11

Q5 Are the shoulder and lap belt one piece or are they two separate belts?

1	One piece	SKIP TO Q7
2	Truca gamamata la alta	

- 2 Two separate belts
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q6 Are both the shoulder and lap belt automatic, is only the shoulder belt automatic or is neither the shoulder or lap belt automatic?

1	Both are automatic	SKIP TO Q8
2	Only shoulder is automatic	SKIP TO Q8
3	Neither are automatic	SKIP TO Q9
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q9
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q9

Q7 Is the shoulder belt automatic or do you have to fasten it?

4	A .	. •
1	Autom	atio
1	Autom	auc

2	Manual	SKIP TO Q9
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q9
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q9

- Q8 When you drive, do you always wear your automatic belt or is it ever disconnected, disabled, or placed behind you?
 - 1 Always wear it
 - 2 Disconnected
 - 3 Disabled
 - 4 Placed behind me
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q4=1 OR 3 ASK Q9, ELSE SKIP TO Q10

- Q9 When driving this (car/truck/van), how often do you wear your shoulder belt? **READ LIST.**
 - 1 All of the time
 - 2 Most of the time
 - 3 Some of the time
 - 4 Rarely or
 - 5 Never
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

Q10	When driving this	(car/truck/van), how	often do you wear you	lap belt?	READ LIST.

- 1 All of the time
- 2 Most of the time
- 3 Some of the time
- 4 Rarely or
- 5 Never
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q4=5, 6 OR Q9=1-4, 6, 7 OR Q10= 1-4, 6, 7 ASK Q11, ELSE SKIP TO Q12

- When was the last time you did NOT wear your seatbelt (neither lap nor shoulder belt) when driving?
 - 1 Today
 - Within the past week
 - Within the past month
 - 4 Within the past 12 months
 - 5 A year or more ago/I always wear it
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

ASK Q11a IF DON'T KNOW/REFUSED IN Q11

- Q11a Has there been any occasion in the past 12 months when you did not wear your seat belt(neither lap nor shoulder belt) when driving?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q12 To ask the next series of questions, I need to know how many children AGE 15 OR YOUNGER are living in your household at least half of the time or consider it their primary residence?
 - Children age 15 or younger
 - 98 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused

IF ONE OR MORE IN Q12, ASK Q14a, ELSE GO TO Q17

NOTE: TWINS (TRIPLETS, ETC.) MUST EACH BE ENTERED SEPARATELY, YOUNGEST FIRST

- Q14a How old is (this child/the youngest child)? ENTER TO THE NEAREST YEAR.
 - 0 Newborn/less than 1 year old
 - 1 1 year old
 - 2 2 year old
 - 3 year old

- 4 4 year old
- 5 5 year old
- 6 6 year old
- 7 year old
- 8 8 year old
- 9 year old
- 10 10 year old
- 11 11 year old
- 12 12 year old
- 13 13 year old
- 14 14 year old
- 15 15 year old
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q14b Is the (AGE) a boy or a girl?
 - 1 Boy
 - 2 Girl
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q14c How is the (AGE) related to you?
 - 1 Child/stepchild
 - 2 Grandchild
 - 3 Sibling (brother/sister)
 - 4 Other relative
 - 5 Not related
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q1=NEVER OR 11 (YEAR+), SKIP TO Q69 ALL RESPONDENTS WHO HAVE SONS/DAUGHTERS UNDER AGE 9 GO TO Q21 IF CHILDREN IN HOUSEHOLD UNDER 9 BUT NONE ARE SONS/DAUGHTERS ASK Q15 IF ALL REFUSALS IN Q14a THROUGH Q14c THEN SKIP TO Q17

Q15 Do you ever drive with (the child/ at least one of the children under age 9) that you just mentioned in your (car/truck/van)?

1	Yes, one child in household	SKIP TO Q21
2	Yes, more than one child	
3	No	SKIP TO Q17
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q17
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q17

Q16	Which of the children under age nine do you ever drive with? ENTER AGE OF EACH CHILD DRIVE AT LEAST SOMETIMES BELOW. REFUSED=99.				
		Age of child #1			
		Age of child #2			
		Age of child #3			
		Age of child #4			
		Age of child #5			
		Age of child #6			
		RIVE WITH CHILDREN UN RIVE OR YEAR+ IN Q1, SK	NDER AGE NINE GO TO Q21		
		OREN UNDER AGE 9 ASK (
Q17			n with any children under age 9?		
	1	Yes			
	2	No	SKIP TO Q69		
	8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q69		
	9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q69		
Q18	How o	often do you drive with children under age nine? Is it?			
	1	Almost every day			
	2	Few days a week			
	3	Few days a month			
	4	Few days a year			
	10	Never	SKIP TO Q69		
	11	Other (SPECIFY)			
	98	(VOL) Don't know			
	99	(VOL) Refused			
	Q18b	How many of these children	under age 9 do you at least sometimes drive with?		
		Children (RANGE =2	1-8)		
		98 (VOL) Don't know			
		99 (VOL) Refused			
	ASK A	AGE & SEX OF CHILDREN			
	Q19a	What is your relationship to t drive with?	he child or children under age 9 that you at least sometimes		
		1 Child/stepchild	ASK AGE & SEX OF CHILDREN (Q19B/C)		
		2 Brother/sister			
		3 Grandchild			
		4 Other relative			
		5 Non-relative			
		8 (VOL) Don't know			
		9 (VOL) Refused			

Q19b What is age of youngest child under age 9?

Years old (**RANGE=0-8**)
Age 9 or older

- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q19c Is the child/stepchild a boy or a girl?
 - 1 Boy
 - 2 Girl
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF CHILD/STEPCHILD IN Q19a, SKIP TO Q21

Q20 When you are driving and children under age 9 are riding with you, would you say that they are in a child car seat, booster seat, or a seat belt all of the time, most of the time, some of the time, rarely or never?

1	All of the time	SKIP TO Q69
2	Most of the time	SKIP TO Q69
3	Some of the time	SKIP TO Q69
4	Rarely	SKIP TO Q69
5	Never	SKIP TO Q69
6	(VOL) Depends on child	SKIP TO Q69
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q69
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q69

DRIVERS WITH CHILDREN UNDER AGE NINE IN THE HOUSEHOLD CONTINUE RANDOM SELECTION OF ONE ELIGIBLE CHILD: DUMMY WITH SELECTED AGE CRITERIA: Q1 NE 10 OR 11, AND (Q14C=1 AND Q14A UNDER 9) OR (Q15=1) OR (Q15=2 AND Q16 UNDER 9) OR (Q19A=1 AND Q19B UNDER 9).

Q21 The following questions are for the (AGE), only. How much does the (AGE) weigh? **IGNORE REFERENCES TO OUNCES; ONLY RECORD POUNDS.**

_____ Pounds (**RANGE=1-200**)

998 (VOL) Don't know 999 (VOL) Refused

Q21a Does the (AGE) weigh.......? **IF NOT SURE, PLEASE ASK RESPONDENT TO GIVE HIS/HER BEST ESTIMATION.**

- 1 Less than 20 pounds
- 2 20 to 29 pounds
- 3 30 to 39 pounds
- 4 40 to 60 pounds
- 5 61 pounds or more
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

CONSISTENCY CHECK BETWEEN WEIGHT AND AGE: IF WEIGHT IS LESS THAN 20 POUNDS AND AGE GT 1, REPEAT WEIGHT QUESTION. IF NOT SURE, PLEASE ASK RESPONDENT TO GIVE HIS/HER BEST ESTIMATION.

Q22	How tall is the (AGE)?	RECORD BOTH FEET	AND INCHES.

- 1 Gave response
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q22a How tall is the (AGE)? **RECORD FEET.**

_____ feet (**RANGE=1-6**)

Q22b How tall is the (AGE)? **RECORD INCHES.**

____ inches (RANGE=0-12)

COMPUTE DUMMY HEIGHT IN INCHES AS (FEET X 12) + INCHES.

CONSISTENCY CHECK BETWEEN HEIGHT IN INCHES AND WEIGHT.

IF HEIGHT LT 13 INCHES, REPEAT HEIGHT QUESTION.

IF HEIGHT 13-24 INCHES, WEIGHT=5-19 LBS.

IF HEIGHT 25-36 INCHES, WEIGHT=20-39 LBS.

IF HEIGHT 37-48 INCHES, WEIGHT=40-60 LBS.

IF HEIGHT 49-60 INCHES, WEIGHT=61-80 LBS.

IF HEIGHT GT 61 INCHES, REPEAT HEIGHT QUESTION.

IF FAILS CONSISTENCY CHECK THEN RECHECK WEIGHT AND HEIGHT. MAKE CHANGES, IF ANY, THEN GO TO Q23

When you are driving and the (AGE) rides in the vehicle with you, how often does (he/she) ride in a child car seat. Child car seats include infant seats, toddler seats and booster seats. Would you say (he/she) rides in a child car seat.......? **READ LIST.**

1	All of the time	SKIP TO Q24
2	Most of the time	SKIP TO Q24
3	Some of the time	SKIP TO Q24
4	Rarely, or	SKIP TO Q24
5	Never	SKIP TO Q59
6	(VOL) Never drive with child	SKIP TO Q65

- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q23a Does the (AGE) at least occasionally ride in a child car seat when riding with you?
 - 1 Yes

2	No	SKIP TO Q59
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q65
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q65

Q24 When was the last time the (AGE) DID NOT ride in a child car seat when you were driving? (Remember, child car seats include infant seats, toddler seats, and booster seats). **READ LIST IF NECESSARY.**

1	Today	SKIP TO Q25A1
2	Within the past week	SKIP TO Q25A1
3	Within the past month	SKIP TO Q25A1
4	Within the past 12 months	SKIP TO Q25A1
5	A year or more ago/ always wears it	SKIP TO Q25A1
10	(VOL) Never rides in car seat	GO TO CONSISTENCY CHECK
11	(VOL) Never drives with child in car	GO TO CONSISTENCY CHECK
98	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q24a
99	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q24a

Q24 PUNCHES 10 & 11 CONSISTENCY CHECK

Q24a1 I think I may have marked something wrong, let me double check. **IF PUNCH=10 READ:** your (AGE) never rides in a car seat; **IF PUNCH=11 READ:** you never drive with your (AGE) in a car. Is that right?

1	Correct	IF ORIGINAL PUNCH=10, SKIP TO Q59
		IF ORIGINAL PUNCH=11, SKIP TO Q65
2	No that's not right	GO BACK TO Q24
8	(VOL) Don't know	
Q	(VOL) Refused	

ASK IF DON'T KNOW OR REFUSED IN Q24 OR Q24a1

- Q24a Has there been any occasion in the past 12 months when the (AGE) did not ride in a car seat when you were driving?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q25a1 When the (AGE) rides in the child car seat, does the child wear harness straps that go over the shoulders and buckle between the legs?

1	Yes	SKIP TO Q25a2
2	No	SKIP TO Q25b
3	(VOL) Never uses car seat	GO TO CONSISTENCY CHECK
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q25c
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q25c

Q25A1 PUNCH 3 CONSISTENCY CHECK

q25a1b I think I may have marked something wrong, let me double check, your (AGE) never rides in a car seat? Is that right?

1	Correct	SKIP TO Q59
2	No that's not right	GO BACK TO Q25a1
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q25c

9 (VOL) Refused

SKIP TO Q25c

Q25a2 Is the (AGE) usually in a front facing position when riding in the car seat, where the child faces towards the front of the vehicle? Or is the child usually in a rear facing position when riding in the car seat, where the child faces towards the rear of the vehicle?

1	Front facing	SKIP TO Q26
2	Rear facing	SKIP TO Q26
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q25c
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q25c

Q25b Does the (AGE) ride in a booster seat?

- 1 Yes **SKIP TO Q26**
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q25c Could you tell me the type of car seat the child usually rides in?

When you are driving and the (AGE) rides in the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1 READ:** booster seat], is he/she usually in the front seat or the back seat?

1	Front seat	SKIP TO Q29
2	Back seat	SKIP TO Q26a
3	(VOL) Never uses car seat	GO TO CONSISTENCY CHECK
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q29
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q29

Q26 PUNCH 3 CONSISTENCY CHECK

Q26a1 I think I may have marked something wrong, let me double check: your (AGE) never rides in a [car seat /IF Q25b=1 READ: booster seat]. Is that right?

1	Correct	SKIP TO Q59
2	No that's not right	GO BACK TO Q26
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q29
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q29

Q26a Is the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1 READ:** booster seat] usually behind the driver, behind the passenger or in the middle of the back seat?

- 1 Behind the driver
- 2 Behind the passenger
- 3 In the middle
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q29	How many da	lays out of the	past thirty day	s did the (AGE	() ride in a vehic	le that you drove?

	Days (RANGE=0-30)
98	(VOL) Don't know
99	(VOL) Refused

Q30 During the past thirty days, has the (AGE) ridden in a vehicle where someone outside of your household was driving (includes school buses, taxis and other private vehicles)?

I	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q31
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q31
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q31

Q30a How many days out of the past thirty days did the (AGE) ride in a vehicle driven by someone outside of your household?

```
98 (RANGE=0-32)
(VOL) Don't know
(VOL) Refused
```

Q30b Who were those drivers? (What is their relationship to the child?) **MULTIPLE RECORD.**

- 1 Parent/step-parent
- 2 Brother/sister
- 3 Grandparent
- 4 Other relative
- 5 Daycare/child care provider
- 6 Parent of friends
- 7 Bus driver
- 8 Other non-relative
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused
- Where would you say it is safest to place a [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1 READ:** booster seat] in the vehicle: in the front seat or in the backseat?
 - 1 Front seat
 - 2 Backseat
 - 3 (VOL) Depends on type of child car seat
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Now thinking again about the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1 READ:** booster seat] the (AGE) usually rides in, did you get the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1 READ:** booster seat] new or used?
 - 1 New

- 2 Used
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q34 Did you purchase the child car seat, [IF Q25b=1 READ: booster seat] did you get it as a gift or loaner from a relative or friend or did you get it from a loaner program (such as a hospital or other organization that loans you a car seat [IF Q25b=1 READ: booster seat] which must be returned)? IF RESPONDENT HAD USED THE CHILD CAR SEAT PREVIOUSLY, PROBE TO DETERMINE WHERE CHILD CAR SEAT ORIGINALLY CAME FROM.
 - 1 Purchased
 - 2 Gift/loan
 - 3 Loaner program
 - 9 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused

IF Q33=NEW ASK Q36, ELSE GO TO Q37

- Was there a registration card that came with the car seat [**IF Q25b=1 READ:** booster seat] when you got it?
 - 1 Yes
 - No
 (VOL) Don't know
 (VOL) Refused
 SKIP TO Q37
 SKIP TO Q37
 - Q36a Did you fill out and mail the registration card?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q37 Did you ever read or hear of any information or receive any advice about the need to use child car seats [IF Q25b=1 READ: booster seats] from any of the following sources? Did you get any information......?

		Yes	No	(VOL) Don't Know	(VOL) Refused
a.	From a doctor or nurse	1	2	8	9
b.	From a book, magazine, or article	1	2	8	9
c.	From a daycare provider	1	2	8	9
d.	From TV or radio	1	2	8	9
e.	From a family member or friend	1	2	8	9
f.	From a safety hotline	1	2	8	9
g.	From the Internet	1	2	8	9

Q37h Did you hear or read about the need to use child car seats [**IF Q25b=1 READ:** booster seats] from anywhere else?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q38
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q38
Ω	(VOI) Pafugad	CKID TO 029

SKIP TO Q38 9 (VOL) Refused **SKIP TO Q38**

Where? Q37i

IF Q25b=1 SKIP TO Q39

O38 How did you learn to attach the child car seat to the vehicle? MULTIPLE RECORD.

- 1 Read the instructions
- 2 Relative or friend showed me
- 3 Went to fitting station/inspection station
- 4 Health professional showed me
- 5 Figured it out myself
- 6 Car seat came attached to car **SKIP TO Q47**
- 8 TV program
- Police department 9
- Fire department 10
- Car seat class 11
- Other (SPECIFY) 7
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused

IF Q38=1, THEN GO TO Q40 ELSE GO TO Q39

Did you ever read the instructions [for the child car seat/**IF Q25b=1 READ:** for the booster Q39 seat]?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q42
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q42
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q42

Q40 Which instructions did you read? Did you read......? RANDOMIZE ORDER OF ITEMS.

		Yes	No	(VOL) Don't Know	(VOL) Refused
a.	The instructions that were on the box for the car	1	2	8	9
	seat[IF Q25b=1 READ: booster seat]				
b.	The instructions that were on the label of the car	1	2	8	9
	seat [IF Q25b=1 READ: booster seat]				
c.	The instructions that came in the owner's manual	1	2	8	9

Q41 How easy or difficult were the instructions to understand? Would you say that the instructions were very easy, somewhat easy, somewhat difficult, or very difficult to understand?

1	Very easy	SKIP TO Q43
2	Somewhat easy	SKIP TO Q43
3	Somewhat difficult	SKIP TO Q43
4	Very difficult	SKIP TO Q43
8	(VOL) Not sure	SKIP TO Q43
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q43

- Q42 Were any instructions available?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q25b=1 SKIP TO Q47

Q43 How easy is it for you to attach the child car seat to the vehicle you usually drive? **READ LIST.**

1	Very easy	SKIP TO Q46
2	Somewhat easy or	
3	Not easy at all	
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q46
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO O46

- Q44 What is difficult about attaching the child car seat to the vehicle? **MULTIPLE PUNCH. DO NOT READ.**
 - 1 Fitting the seatbelt through the car seat hole/loop
 - 2 Hooking it/attaching to seat/buckle
 - 3 Adjusting seatbelt making sure it is tight enough
 - 4 Not enough room to maneuver/Design of backseat makes it awkward
 - I have to put my hand/arm through back of child car seat to attach
 - 6 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know/not sure/no answer

9 (VOL) Refused

Q46 Have you ever driven with the child in the car seat and later found that the car seat was not securely attached?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q46b
8	(VOL) Not sure	SKIP TO Q46b
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q46b

Q46a Why did this happen? **MULTIPLE PUNCH. DO NOT READ.**

- Forgot/wasn't paying attention/carelessness
- 2 Hard to attach tightly enough
- 3 Seat put in by spouse/someone else who did not attach it right
- 4 Moved car seat between cars/within same car
- 5 Child knows how to unbuckle him/herself
- 6 Other child loosened baby's seat accidentally
- 7 Other (SPECIFY)
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q46b When you attach the child car seat to your (car/truck/van) do you use the seat belt in the (car/ truck/van) to attach the child car seat, or do you use something else to attach the car seat to the vehicle?

1	Use seat belt	SKIP TO Q46d
2	Use something else	
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q46d
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO O46d

Q46c What do you use to attach the child car seat to your (car/truck/van)?

8 (VOL) Don't know

9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q25a2=1 OR Q25a2>2, ASK Q46d, ELSE SKIP TO Q47

Q46d Some child car seats have a strap on the BACK of the car seat, near the top. This strap or tether is designed to attach to a motor vehicle at a place behind the car seat when the child is sitting facing forward. Does the child car seat you use with the (AGE) have this kind of tether strap on its back?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q47
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q47
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q47

Q46e When the (AGE) rides in the child car seat, how often is the tether strap attached to the motor vehicle? Would you say that the tether strap is attached to the motor vehicle on all trips that the child rides in the car seat, most trips, some trips, or no trips?

1	All trips	SKIP TO Q47
2	Most trips	
3	Some trips	
4	No trips	
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q47
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q47

Q46f When the child is riding in the car seat and the tether strap is not attached to the motor vehicle, what are the reasons the tether strap is not attached? **DO NOT READ. MULTIPLE RECORD.**

- 1 No place on vehicle to attach strap
- 2 Don't know how to attach strap
- 6 Not required/needed
- 7 Didn't want the hassle
- 8 Seatbelt is good enough
- 9 Forgot
- 3 Other (SPECIFY)
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q47 How easy is it for you to properly buckle your child into the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1, READ:** Booster Seat]? **READ LIST.**

1	Very easy	SKIP TO Q50
2	Somewhat easy or	
3	Not easy at all	
4	(VOL) Child buckles him/herself in	SKIP TO Q50
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q50
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q50

- What is difficult about buckling your child into the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1, READ:** Booster Seat]? **MULTIPLE PUNCH. DO NOT READ.**
 - 1 Hard to snap/buckle
 - 2 Adjusting shoulder straps to fit properly/tightness of seat
 - 3 Heavy/bulky/winter clothing makes it difficult to buckle child
 - 4 Child doesn't sit still/down/uncooperative/squirms
 - 5 Difficult for adult to crawl/squeeze into rear of vehicle to buckle
 - 6 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know/not sure/no answer
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q50 Has the (AGE) ever gotten himself/herself out of the [child car seat/If Q25b = 1, read "Booster Seat"] while you were driving?
 - 1 Yes

- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q50a How often do you move the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1, READ:** Booster Seat] from one motor vehicle to another motor vehicle? Would you say that you move the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1, READ:** Booster Seat] from one motor vehicle to another almost every day, a few days a week, a few days a month, a few days a year, or never?
 - 1 Almost every day/every day
 - 2 A few days a week
 - 3 A few days a month
 - 4 A few days a year
 - 10 Never
 - 11 (VOL) Other (SPECIFY)
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused

IF Q25b=1, READ: For the next series of questions, I will be asking you about your experience with child car seats as apposed to the booster seat you are currently using.

- Q51 In many communities, there are places where people can go to have someone check whether they are correctly attaching their car seat and buckling in their children. Did you ever go to a place like this to have someone check how you were attaching the car seat?
 - 1
 Yes

 2
 No

 8
 (VOL) Don't know

 SKIP TO Q51j

 SKIP TO Q51j
 - 9 (VOL) Refused SKIP TO Q51j
 - Q51a Could you tell me what type of organization or company sponsored the car seat check you went to? **MULTIPLE RECORD.**
 - 1 Car dealership
 - 2 Auto manufacturer
 - 3 State or county
 - 4 Police
 - 5 Fire or rescue units
 - 6 Retail store
 - 7 Hospital/medical/health center
 - 8 Charitable org/community service org/AAA/public interest
 - 10 Other (SPECIFY)_
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
 - Q51b How did you find out about the car seat check you went to? **DO NOT READ.**

MULTIPLE RECORD.

- 1 Heard about it on television
- 2 Heard about it on radio

- Read about it in a local paper
- 4 Someone I knew told me about it
- 5 Website/Internet
- 9 Flyers
- 10 Saw it taking place/Drove by
- 11 At work
- 12 Sign on the road/outside
- 13 Doctor's office/Hospital
- 6 Other (SPECIFY)
- 98 (VOL) Don't know
- 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q51c Did the person who was checking the car seat for you find anything that was wrong in how you attached the seat or buckled in your child?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q51d Did the person who was checking the car seat for you suggest that you do anything differently in how you attach the seat or buckle in your child?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No SKIP TO Q51f 8 (VOL) Don't know SKIP TO Q51f 9 (VOL) Refused SKIP TO Q51f
- Q51e What did that person suggest you do differently? **MULTIPLE PUNCH. DO NOT READ.**
 - 1 Make seat belt tighter/More pressure on seat belt
 - 2 Put knee/weight on car seat to fasten down more securely
 - 3 Used foam/towel/something behind/underneath to make more secure
 - 4 Adjust straps for the child
 - 5 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q51f During the car seat check, were you given a chance to practice attaching the seat and buckling in your child? Or did you spend all of the time watching someone else check the seat and show you how to attach it?
 - 1 Given a chance to practice
 - 2 Spent all of the time watching **SKIP TO Q51h**
 - 3 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q51g Before leaving the car seat check, who was the last person to adjust the car seat? Was that you or the person who checked the seat?

- 1 You (respondent)
- 2 Person who check the seats
- 3 Someone else (SPECIFY)
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q51h Which of the following statements best describes how you felt when you left the car seat Check?
 - 1 You felt that you had not learned anything you did not already know;
 - You felt you had learned to do a better job attaching the seat and buckling in your child, but were still unsure that you could do everything correctly yourself; or
 - You felt fully confident that you could attach the car seat and buckle in your child correctly yourself?
 - 1 Didn't learn anything new
 - 2 Could do a better job, but still unsure
 - Confident could do things correctly SKIP TO Q51j
 (VOL) Don't know SKIP TO Q51j
 (VOL) Refused SKIP TO Q51j
- Q51i When you left, what did you feel most unsure about?
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q51j Recently a new way of attaching child car seats has been developed called LATCH. That's short for Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children. Before today, had you ever heard of LATCH?
 - 1 Yes

2	No	SKIP TO Q52
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q52
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q52

- Q511 Have you ever used a LATCH system child car seat?
 - 1 Yes

2	No	SKIP TO Q52
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q52
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO O52

- Q51m Did you have any difficulties attaching the LATCH system car seat to the motor vehicle?
 - 1 Yes

2	No	SKIP TO Q52
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q52
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q52

Q51n What difficulties did you have?

IF [Q23= 1 (ALL THE TIME) AND {(Q24=5 (YR AGO/ALWAYS) OR Q24a=2 (NO)}] SKIP TO Q64 ELSE ASK Q52

IF Q25b=1 READ: Ok, now we will go back to discussing your (AGE) who uses a booster seat.

Q52 Please answer yes or no to each of the following statements. When my (AGE) doesn't ride in a [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1, READ:** Booster Seat], it is sometimes because...)

		Yes	No	(VOL) Don't Know	(VOL) Refused
a.	He/she is too big	1	2	8	9
b.	He/she doesn't like it	1	2	8	9
c.	He/she won't stay in it	1	2	8	9
d.	There is no room for the seat in the car	1	2	8	9
e.	He/she will only be in the car a short time				
f.	We are in a hurry				
g.	The child car seat isn't available	1	2	8	9

Q52h Are there any other reasons why (he/she) doesn't ride in a [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1**, **READ:** Booster Seat]?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q53
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q53
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q53

What other reasons? (Child doesn't ride in a child car seat)

^{8 (}VOL) Don't know

^{9 (}VOL) Refused

- When the (AGE) doesn't ride in the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1, READ:** Booster Seat] when riding with you, does (he/she) usually sit on someone's lap?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- When the (AGE) doesn't ride in the [child car seat/**IF Q25b=1, READ:** Booster Seat] when riding with you, does (he/she) usually sit in the front seat or in the back seat?
 - 1 Front seat
 - 2 Backseat
 - 3 (VOL) Back of station wagon or truck
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- When the (AGE) doesn't ride in the [child car seat/If Q25b = 1, read "Booster Seat"] when riding with you, how often is (he/she) buckled in a seat belt? (**READ LIST**)
 - 1 All of the time
 - 2 Most of the time
 - 3 Some of the time
 - 4 Rarely or
 - 5 Never **SKIP TO Q58**8 (VOL) Not sure **SKIP TO Q58**9 (VOL) Refused **SKIP TO Q58**
- Q56 Does the seat belt that the child usually wears go across the shoulder only, across the lap only, or across both the shoulder and lap?
 - 1 Across shoulder
 - 2 Across lap
 - 3 Across both
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q56 = 1, ASK Q57a/d/e/f. IF Q56 = 2, ASK Q57b/c/f. IF Q56 > 2, ASK ALL ITEMS.

Please tell me, yes or no, if the following things usually happen when the (AGE) wears a seat belt Q57 while riding in a motor vehicle. On most trips, does.....?

		Yes	No	(VOL)	(VOL)
				Don't	Refused
				Know	
a.	The shoulder belt go across the child's neck or face	1	2	8	9
b.	The lap belt go across the child's upper thighs or hips	1	2	8	9
c.	The lap belt go across the child's stomach	1	2	8	9
d.	The child put the shoulder belt behind (his/her) back	1	2	8	9
e.	The child put the shoulder belt under (his/her) arm	1	2	8	9
f.	The child's legs bend over the edge of the seat	1	2	8	9

Q58 In general, at what age do you think a child is ready to begin wearing only a seat belt rather than use some type of child car seat such as a toddler seat or booster seat?

> BEGINNING AGE FOR SEAT BELT USE (RANGE 1 TO 12 OTHER=13, DON'T KNOW=98, REFUSED=99)

IF Q23=5 (NEVER) OR Q23a=2 OR (q24=10 and Q24a1=1 (NEVER)) OR Q25a1b=1 (NEVER) OR Q26a1=1 (NEVER) THEN CONTINUE WITH Q59, ELSE GO TO Q65

Please answer yes or no to each of the following statements to indicate if this is a reason why the (AGE) does not ride in a child car seat .[If Q25b = 1, read "Booster Seat"] My (AGE) doesn't ride in a [child car seat/If Q25b = 1, read "Booster Seat"] because... (\mathbf{MOI})

RANDOMIZE ORDER	Yes	No	Don't Know	(VOL) Refused
a. HE/SHE DOESN'T HAVE ONE	1	2	8	9
b. HE/SHE IS TOO BIG	1	2	8	9
c. HE/SHE DOESN'T LIKE IT	1	2	8	9
d. HE/SHE WON'T STAY IN IT	1	2	8	9
e. HE/SHE USES A SEAT BELT	1	2	8	9
f. THERE ISN'T ENOUGH ROOM IN THE CAR	1	2	8	9
g. THE LAW DOESN'T REQUIRE IT FOR THE CHILD'S AGE AND SIZE	1	2	8	9
h. HE/SHE IS TOO OLD	1	2	8	9

Q59i. Are there any other reasons why he/she doesn't ride in a child car seat[If Q25b = 1, read "Booster Seat"]?

- 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - (VOL) Refused

IF YES. What other reasons? (Child doesn't ride in a child car seat)

IF Q59a=1, ASK Q59j, ELSE SKIP TO Q60

	Q59j Is there any particular reason why you don't have one?			
		1 Yes 2 No SKIP TO Q60 3 (VOL) Don't know SKIP TO Q60 4 (VOL) Refused SKIP TO Q60		
		Q59j1 What is that reason? MULTIPLE PUNCH. DO NOT READ.		
Q60	Where	1 Too old/old enough to use seat belt 2 Child over weight limit/weighs enough not to use one 3 Child is too big 4 Child has outgrown it/outgrown it 5 Child uses seat belt (no mention of size, weight, etc.) 6 Not required by law to use one 7 Not necessary/don't need one 8 Too expensive/can't afford 9 Other (Specify) 98 (VOL) Don't know 99 (VOL) Refused	or the back	
	seat? 1 2 3 4 9 98 99	Front seat Back seat About equal (VOL) Middle seat/row Other (SPECIFY) (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused		
Q61		All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Rarely or Never (VOL) Don't know (VOL) Refused READ LIST) (READ LIST) (READ LIST)		
	2 3 4 5 8	Most of the time Some of the time Rarely or Never (VOL) Don't know SKIP TO Q64 SKIP TO Q64		

- Q62 Does the seat belt that the (AGE) usually wears go across the shoulder only, across the lap only, or across both the shoulder and lap?
 - 1 Across shoulder
 - 2 Across lap
 - 3 Across both
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q62 = 1, ASK Q63a/d/e/f. IF Q62 = 2, ASK Q63b/c/f. IF Q62 > 2, ASK ALL ITEMS.

Please tell me, yes or no, if the following things usually happen when the (AGE) wears a seat belt while riding in a motor vehicle. On most trips, does.....?

		Yes	No	(VOL) Don't Know	(VOL) Refused
a.	The shoulder belt go across the child's neck or face	1	2	8	9
b.	The lap belt go across the child's upper thighs or hips	1	2	8	9
c.	The lap belt go across the child's stomach	1	2	8	9
d.	The child put the shoulder belt behind (his/her) back	1	2	8	9
e.	The child put the shoulder belt under (his/her) arm	1	2	8	9
f.	The child's legs bend over the edge of the seat	1	2	8	9

Q64 In general, at what age do you think a child is ready to begin wearing only a seat belt rather than use some type of child car seat such as a toddler seat or booster seat?

BEGINNING AGE FOR SEAT BELT USE
(Range 0 -12; 0=less than 1 yr old; 98=DK; 99=Ref)

If Q25b = 1 SKIP TO Q66a

Q65 Before today, had you ever seen or heard of a type of car seat called a booster seat?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q68
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q68
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q68

Q66 Have you ever used a booster seat when driving with your/the (child/children)?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q67
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q67
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO O67

	Q66a	At what age did you begin using a booster seat for your/the (child/children) (If more than one child say "most recently")?				
		AGE AT FIRST USE OF BOOSTER SEAT (RANGE=0 TO 6; LESS THAN 1 YR=0; DON'T KNOW=8; REFUSED=9)				
	Q66b	About how mu seat?	ch did the (child/children) weigh at the time you began us	sing a booster		
			WEIGHT AT FIRST USE OF BOOSTER SEAT (RANGE=1 TO 100; DON'T KNOW=998, REFUSI	ED=999)		
Q67	Do you	ı have any conce	erns about the safety of booster seats?			
	1	Yes				
	2	No	SKIP TO Q67b			
	8	(VOL) Don't kn	_			
	9	(VOL) Refused	_			
	Q67a		concerns (about the safety of booster seats)? PUNCH. DO NOT READ.			
			n't securely attached to car's seat/not stable uate restraint/Does not fully restrain child			
			not secure			
			nfant could slip/slide out			
			concerns/Don't know how safe they are			
		-	afe they are compared to regular safety seats			
			afe they would be in an accident			
			(Specify)			
			Don't know			
			Refused			
	Q67b	What would you Seat? DO NOT	u say is the MOST IMPORTANT reason for having a chi	ld use a booster		
		1 To mal	ke the child safer			
			ke the seat belt fit properly	SKIP TO Q68		
			health professionals recommend it			
		4 To allo	w the child to see out of the window better	SKIP TO Q68		
		5 It's the	law	SKIP TO Q68		
		6 Don't	want a ticket	SKIP TO Q68		
		8 When	child is too big for safety seat but too small for seat belt	SKIP TO Q68		
			han just the seat belt	SKIP TO Q68		
		10 Keeps	child still	SKIP TO Q68		
			PECIFY:)	SKIP TO Q68		
			Don't know	SKIP TO Q68		
		99 (VOL)	Refused	SKIP TO Q68		
	067c	What does the	hooster seat do that makes the child safer?			

MULTIPLE RECORD. DO NOT READ.

(VOL) Refused

1	Makes the seat belt fit properly
2	Boosts the child up
3	Holds the child in place
4	Keeps the child from flying out of the vehicle
5	Other (SPECIFY:
8	(VOL) Don't know

IF Q23=5 or 6 OR Q23a GE 2 OR (Q24=10 or 11 and q24a1=1) or q25A1b=1 or q26a1=1, SKIP TO Q69

When your (AGE) outgrows his/her current child car seat, do you expect him/her to use a different type of car seat, a booster seat or a seat belt only?

1	Different type of car seat
2	Booster seat only
3	Seat belts
8	Other (SPECIFY)
9	(VOL) Nothing
98	(VOL) Don't know
99	(VOL) Refused

Q69 How do you personally feel about the police enforcement of child car seat laws? On a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means police should hardly ever give tickets and 10 means police should give a ticket at every opportunity for violations of child car seat laws, how strict should police enforcement be?

```
1
        Police hardly ever give a ticket for violations
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
        Police give a ticket at every opportunity
        (VOL) Don't know
98
99
        (VOL) Refused
```

Q70 What do you think the fine should be for violation of child car seat laws?

- Q71 What about when children outgrow a child car seat, including booster seats? Do you agree or disagree that they should be required by law to wear seat belts when riding in a vehicle?
 - 1 Agree
 - 2 Depends on age

3 Disagree SKIP TO Q72a 8 (VOL) Don't know SKIP TO Q72a 9 (VOL) Refused SKIP TO Q72a

Q72 How old do you think children should be before they are not required by law to wear seat belts or do you think all children should be required to wear them?

AGE RANGE=0-21 0=SHOULD NOT BE REQUIRED AT ANY AGE 21=SHOULD BE REQUIRED AT ANY AGE (VOL) DON'T KNOW=98; (VOL) REFUSED=99

Q72a Now I would like to ask you a few questions about teaching teenagers to drive. In your opinion, what is the youngest age at which teenagers should be allowed to get a learner's permit to drive?

AGE (Range: 13-18;19 = 19+) 98 (VOL) Don't know 99 (VOL) Refused

- Q72b If they are taking a driver's education course, how important is it that teenagers **also have** a parent or guardian help teach them to drive in addition to the course instruction? Would you say it is very important, somewhat important, or not that important?
 - 1 Very important
 - 2 Somewhat important
 - 3 Not that important
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q72c How many hours would you recommend that a parent or guardian spend teaching their teenager how to drive? Would you recommend that a parent or guardian spend more than 50 hours, between 25 and 50 hours, less than 25 hours, or no hours teaching their teenager how to drive?
 - 1 More than 50 hours
 - 2 Between 25 and 50 hours
 - 3 Less than 25 hours
 - 4 No hours
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

ASK IF Q1 NE 10 or 11, OTHERWISE SKIP TO Q72e

- Q72d When **you** were learning how to drive, how many hours did your parents spend helping to teach you to drive. Would you say they spent more than 50 hours, between 25 and 50 hours, less than 25 hours, or no hours helping teach you to drive?
 - 1 More than 50 hours
 - 2 Between 25 and 50 hours
 - 3 Less than 25 hours
 - 4 No hours
 - 5 (VOL) An adult other than my parents taught me
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q72e In most states, teenagers must drive with a learner's permit for a required amount of time, usually 6 months. After that, some states allow teenagers to get the same driver's license adults get. Other states require them to get a provisional license, which has special rules that drivers must follow, such as no driving at night.

Which do you think is best after the learner's permit......? (READ LIST)

- 1 That teenagers get the same driver's license as adults, or **SKIP TO Q73**
- 2 That teenagers get a provisional license that has special rules
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q72f Please tell me if you agree, disagree, or have no opinion on whether a provisional license for teenagers should include the following special rules. [ROTATE ITEMS]

		Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
a.	The teenager can Not drive unsupervised after 9:00 pm	1	2	3
b.	The teenager has a restriction on the number of teenage passengers when he/she is driving	1	2	3
c.	The teenager can NOT use a cell phone while driving	1	2	3
d.	The teenager must drive at least one year without any violations on his or her driving record before getting a regular adult license	1	2	3
e.	The teenager must wear a seat belt at all times while driving	1	2	3

Now, I'd like to ask you a few questions about airbags.

IF Q1=10 (NEVER) or 11 (Year+) OR Q2 = 3 (MOTORCYCLE) SKIP TO Q76A, ELSE ASK Q73 Q73 Does the (car/truck/van) you normally drive have an airbag?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No SKIP TO Q76a 8 (VOL) Don't know SKIP TO Q76a 9 (VOL) Refused SKIP TO Q76a
- Q74 Does your (car/truck/van) have an airbag in front of the driver?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q75 Does your (car/truck/van) have an air bag in front of where a passenger would sit in the front seat?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
 - Q75a Is there an air bag anywhere else in your (car/truck/van)? Where? Anywhere else? [IF SAY SIDE AIR BAG, ASK IF FRONT OR BACK OR BOTH] MULTIPLE RESPONSE. DO NOT READ LIST
 - 1 In the car doors next to front seat
 - 2 In the car doors next to the rear seat
 - 3 Descending curtain from above front seat door
 - 4 Descending curtain from above rear seat doors
 - 5 In the front seat itself
 - 6 In the rear seat itself
 - 8 (HOLD) Yes, but I don't know where
 - 10 Other (SPECIFY)
 - 20 No
 - 98 (VOL) Don't know
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
 - Q76a Based on what you know or have heard, how likely is it that an adult sitting in the front seat **AND WEARING A SEATBELT** would be injured by an air bag when it opens normally? Are they... (**READ**)?
 - 1 Very likely to be injured
 - 2 Somewhat likely to be injured
 - 3 Somewhat unlikely to be injured, or
 - 4 Very unlikely to be injured

- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q76b Based on what you know or have heard, how likely is it that an adult sitting in the front seat and **NOT** wearing a seatbelt would be injured by an air bag when it opens normally? Are they ... (**READ**)?
 - 1 Very likely to be injured
 - 2 Somewhat likely to be injured
 - 3 Somewhat unlikely to be injured, or
 - 4 Very unlikely to be injured
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q77 How likely is it that a small child sitting in the front seat would be injured by an air bag when it opens normally? Are they... (**READ LIST**)?
 - 1 Very likely to be injured
 - 2 Somewhat likely to be injured
 - 3 Somewhat unlikely to be injured, or
 - 4 Very unlikely to be injured
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q78 Have you heard or seen any safety warnings about air bags?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No **SKIP TO Q91** 8 (VOL) Don't know **SKIP TO Q91**
 - 9 (VOL) Refused **SKIP TO Q91**
- Q79 What safety warnings about air bags have you heard or seen? Anything else?

DO NOT READ LIST. MULTIPLE RECORD

- 1 Air bags can kill children/smaller adults
- 2 Back seat is safest for children
- 3 Never put rear facing child seat in front
- 4 Sit as far back from air bag as possible
- 5 Airbags can injure you
- 6 Gave weight/height/age restrictions/warnings
- 7 Always wear your seatbelt when around an airbag
- 9 Airbags can burn/chemicals can cause harm
- Turn off airbags if children/smaller adults in front seat
- Force/impact/speed of airbag
- 15 Airbags accidentally going off
- 10 Other (Specify)
- 98 (VOL) Don't know

99 (VOL) Refused

IF Q1=10 (NEVER) or 11 (Year+), Q2=3 (MOTORCYCLE) or Q73 NE 1 (NOT HAVE AIR BAG) SKIP TO Q91

- Q80 Are there any warning labels about air bags in the (car/truck/van) you normally drive?
 - 1 Yes

2	No	SKIP TO Q91
8	(VOL) Not sure	SKIP TO Q91
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q91

- Q81 Where in the (car/van/truck) are the warning labels? **DO NOT READ. MULT. RECORD.**
 - 1 Sun visor
 - 2 Dashboard
 - 3 Owner's manual
 - 4 Glove compartment
 - 5 Inside door/door panel
 - 6 Steering wheel
 - 8 Other (SPECIFY _____)
 - 98 (VOL) Not sure
 - 99 (VOL) Refused

NO Questions 82 - 90

- Q91 Now I'd like to ask you some questions about a subject you may not know much about. Can you tell me what the initials "EMS" stand for?
 - 1 Yes, Emergency Medical Services/Systems
 - 2 Yes, wrong answer
 - 3 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

IF Q91=2 (YES, WRONG ANSWER), ASK Q91b:

Q91b Record other response to what "EMS" stands for.

IF Q91>1 THEN READ THIS STATEMENT, ELSE GO TO Q92A1

Lots of people don't know it, but EMS stands for Emergency Medical Services. EMS includes all of the people in your community who respond to medical emergencies, such as ambulances, rescue squads and hospital emergency services.

- Q92a1 In your opinion, are emergency medical services more important, equally important, or less important to your community than the services provided by the police department?
 - 1 More important
 - 2 Equally important
 - 3 Less important
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q92a2 In your opinion, are emergency medical services more important, equally important, or less important to your community than the services provided by the fire department?
 - 1 More important
 - 2 Equally important
 - 3 Less important
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q93 If there was a medical emergency in your neighborhood and you called an ambulance, how long do you think it would take for the ambulance to arrive? (ENTER IN MINUTES)

```
MINUTES RANGE=1-60
(MORE THAN AN HOUR=61; (VOL) DON'T KNOW=62; (VOL)
REFUSED=63)
```

- Regardless of the type of medical emergency, how confident are you that the ambulance or other emergency workers would know what to do? (**READ LIST**)
 - 1 VERY CONFIDENT
 - 2 SOMEWHAT CONFIDENT OR
 - 3 NOT CONFIDENT
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q95 Have you, personally, ever called 911 or another emergency number for help?
 - 1 Yes

-	1 08	
2	No	SKIP TO Q96a2
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q96a2
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q96a2

- Q95a How long ago did that occur (the last time)?
 - 1 Today
 - Within past week
 - Within past month
 - 4 Within past 12 months

5

A year or more ago

		8 9	(VOL) Don't know (VOL) Refused	
	Q95b	Did you	u call for police, fire, an	ambulance or something else? MULTIPLE RECORD
		1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10 98 99	Police Fire Ambulance Rescue squad EMS Poison control Other (SPECIFY (VOL) Whoever 911 the (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	
Q96a1	•		om a phone that was attact such as a cell phone?	ched to the wall or to an outlet? Or did you call from a
	1 2 8 9			
Q96a2				at an emergency in your community, can the 911 Call without you telling them?
	1 2 8 9	, ,	Don't know Refused	
Q96a3			ell phone to call 911 abou your LOCATION witho	at an emergency in your community, can the 911 Call ut you telling them?
	1 2 8 9	No (VOL)	Don't know Refused	
Q96b		willing,		through fees or taxes collected from the public. Would bre than you currently pay for 911 call services to locate
	1 2 8 9	Unwilli (VOL) (VOL)	g to pay more ing to pay more Don't know Refused	SKIP TO Q96d SKIP TO Q96d SKIP TO Q96d
Q96c				g to pay per year for 911 call services? Would you be more, \$10-\$20 more or over \$20 more per year?

- 1 Less than \$5 more
- 2 \$5 \$10 more
- 3 \$10 \$20 more
- 4 Over \$20 more
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q96d Communities use other fees and taxes collected from the public to pay for their EMS systems, which include ambulances, rescue squads, and hospital emergency services. Would you be willing or unwilling to pay more than you currently pay for your community's EMS system to improve EMS equipment and training?
 - 1 Willing to pay more

2	Unwilling to pay more	SKIP TO Q97A
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q97A
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q97A

Q96e How much more would you be willing to pay per year for your community's EMS system? Would you be willing to pay less than \$5 more, \$5-\$10 more, \$10-\$20 more or over \$20 more per year?

- 1 Less than \$5 more
- 2 \$5 \$10 more
- 3 \$10 \$20 more
- 4 Over \$20 more
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q97A Assuming it was reasonably priced and in a convenient location, how interested would you be in taking training to become an emergency medical services provider? (**READ LIST**)
 - 1 Very interested
 - 2 Somewhat interested
 - 3 Not interested
 - 4 (VOL) Already have EMS training
 - 5 (VOL) Depends
 - 8 (VOL) Don't know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

If Q1=10 or 11 SKIP TO Q110

Q104	When you drive a	motor vehicle, do	o you usuall	y have a wir	eless phone of	some type in the	1e
	vehicle with you?	This could be a ca	ar phone, a c	ellular phone,	, a PCS phone, a	a GSM phone or	a
	satellite phone.						

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q107
8	(VOL) Don't Know	SKIP TO Q107
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q107

- Q105 When you drive, how often would you say you keep the phone turned on so that you can receive calls? Would you say that you keep the phone turned on during......?
 - 1 All trips
 - 2 Most trips
 - 3 About half your trips
 - 4 Fewer than half your trips, or
 - 5 Never SKIP TO Q106
 - 8 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q105a When you get a call on the phone while you are driving, how often do you answer the call? Would you say you always, usually, seldom, or never answer a call while driving?
 - 1 Always
 - 2 Usually
 - 3 Seldom
 - 4 Never
 - 8 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q106 How often do you talk on the phone while you are driving? Would you say you talk on the phone while driving during?
 - 1 All trips
 - 2 Most trips
 - 3 About half your trips
 - 4 Fewer than half your trips, or
 - 5 Never **SKIP TO Q107**
 - 8 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
 - Q106a When you are talking on the phone while driving, do you tend to hold the phone with your hand or do you tend to use the phone hands free?

1	Hold phone	SKIP TO Q106e
2	Use hands free	
8	(VOL) Don't Know	SKIP TO Q106e

9 (VOL) Refused

SKIP TO Q106e

- Q106b Do you always use the phone hands free when you are talking on the phone while driving, or do you sometimes hold the phone by hand when driving and talking on the phone?
 - 1 Always use hands free
 - 2 Sometimes hold phone
 - 8 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q106c When you are talking on the phone while driving, do you usually use an earpiece or headset to talk, do you usually use a speakerphone to talk, or do you usually use something else to talk?
 - 1 Earpiece/headset

2	Speakerphone	SKIP TO Q106e
6	Just the phone	SKIP TO Q106e
3	Something else (SPECIFY)	SKIP TO Q106e
8	(VOL) Don't Know	SKIP TO Q106e
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q106e

- Q106d When do you usually put the (earpiece/headset) on? Do you usually put the (earpiece/headset) on before you start driving, do you put it on while you are driving, or do you usually put it on while temporarily stopped?
 - 1 Before start driving
 - While driving
 - When temporarily stopped
 - 8 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q106e When you are driving and want to dial the phone, do you tend to dial the phone WHILE you are driving, do you tend to dial the phone while you are TEMPORARILY STOPPED, or do you tend to PULL OVER AND STOP the motor vehicle before dialing?
 - 1 While driving
 - When temporarily stopped
 - 3 Pull over and stop
 - 4 (VOL) Never dial
 - 8 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused
- Q107 Does your state have a law that makes it illegal to talk on a handheld cell phone while driving?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

Q108	Have you ever used a car phone or cellular phone or other type of wireless phone to report an emergency while you were driving or riding in a motor vehicle?		
	1 2 8 9	Yes No (VOL) Don't Know (VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q99 SKIP TO Q99 SKIP TO Q99
Q109	What k	aind of emergency did you c	all about? MULTIPLE PUNCH. DO NOT READ.
	1 2 3 5 6 7 8 10 11 12 13 98 99	Car stranded on road/bread Drunk driver Car accident/collision/wre Reckless/aggressive driver Debris on the road Animal hit/struck Fire Medical emergency Criminal behavior Vehicle fire Other (Specify	
Q99	What c		see an accident happen and no one is there at the scene to help. out stopping to help? Anything else? DO NOT READ LIST.
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 14 15 13 98	No concerns Lawsuits/liability Not knowing what to do/h Trick to get you to stop Causing further injury to v Personal safety Safety of my children/pass How injured the victim mi Don't want to see dead/ma Not physically able to help Other (SPECIFY (VOL) Don't know (VOL) Refused	engers ght be/seriousness of injury ngled bodies /too old to help
Q110		YOU ever been injured in a all attention.	notor vehicle accident? Only count injuries that required
	1	Yes S	XIP TO Q111

	2	No						
	8	(VOL) Don't know					
	9) Refused					
	Q110a	Have	YOU ever been injuryou ever been hit and	red in a motor vehicle injured by a motor ve that required medical	ehicle who			•
		1 2 8 9	Yes No (VOL) Don't know (VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q128 SKIP TO Q128 SKIP TO Q128				
Q111	How m	any tir	nes has this happened	I to you? (RANGE = 1	1-50; 51 =	= 51+)		
				((VOL) DON'T K	KNOW=9	8; (VOI	L) REFUSED	=99)
Q112				recent) accident occur THEY REQUIRED N		L ATT	ENTION)	
		(WIT	HIN THE PAST 12 N	NUMBER OF Y MONTHS=0; (VOL) N			VOL) REFU	SED=99)
Q113	Were y	ou a di	river or a passenger ir	n that accident?				
	1 2 3 4 5 10 98 99	(VOL (VOL Other (VOL		.)				
_		-	KIP TO Q115 uring your seat belt at	the time of the accide	ent?			
Q115		(VOL (VOL ch of th		or rider u treated for your inju F AND MULTIPLE		D)?		
					Yes	No	(VOL) Not Sure	(VOL) Refused

a.	hospital emergency room	1	2	8	9
b.	A doctor's office	1	2	8	9
c.	A clinic	1	2	8	9
d.	The accident scene	1	2	8	9
e.	SOMEWHERE ELSE (SPECIFY)	1	2	8	9

Q116 Were you transported from the accident scene by ambulance or helicopter?

- 1 Yes, ambulance (or rescue vehicle)
- 2 Yes, helicopter
- 3 No, neither
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q117 Were you hospitalized?

1	y es	
2	No	SKIP TO Q118
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q118
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q118

Q117a How long were you hospitalized?

- 1 Gave answer in days
- 2 Gave answer in hours
- 8 (VOL) Don't know
- 9 (VOL) Refused

Q117a1 _____ DAYS (O-365)

Q117a2 _____ HOURS (1-23)

Q118 Did you receive any continuing or follow-up treatment for your injuries?

1 Yes 2 No **SKIP TO Q119** 8 (VOL) Don't know **SKIP TO Q119** 9 (VOL) Refused **SKIP TO Q119** Q118a Where did you receive this follow-up treatment? (**READ LIST**) Was it at.....?

		Yes	No	(VOL) Don't Know	(VOL) Refused
a.	A doctor's office	1	2	8	9
b.	A physical therapist's office	1	2	8	9
c.	A clinic	1	2	8	9
d.	A hospital	1	2	8	9
e.	A Chiropractor	1	2	8	9
f.	SOMEWHERE ELSE (Specify)	1	2	8	9

Q119 Did your injuries from that accident prevent you from performing any of your normal activities (work, school, household) for at least a week?

1	Yes	
2	No	SKIP TO Q120
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q120
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q120

Q119a Were there any activities that you were unable to resume because of your injuries even a year after the accident?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 Happened less than 1 year ago
- 8 (VOL) Not sure
- 9 (VOL) Refused

IF (YES IN Q119 AND YES IN Q119a) OR Q111=1, SKIP TO Q128 IF YES IN Q 119 AND Q119a NE YES AND Q111 NE 1, SKIP TO Q120b

Q120 Have you ever received injuries from a vehicle accident that prevented you from performing any of your normal activities (work, school, household) for at least a week?

1	Y es	
2	No	SKIP TO Q128
8	(VOL) Don't know	SKIP TO Q128
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q128

Q120a Were there any activities that you were unable to resume because of your injuries even a year after the accident?

1	Yes	SKIP TO Q128
2	No	SKIP TO Q128
3	Happened less than 1 year ago	SKIP TO Q128
8	(VOL) Not sure	SKIP TO Q128
9	(VOL) Refused	SKIP TO Q128

	Q120b	Have you ever received injuries from a vehicle accident that prevented you from performing any of your normal activities (work, school, household) a year after the accident?		
		1 Yes 2 No 8 (VOL) Not sure 9 (VOL) Refused		
Now I	would li	ke to ask you just a few more questions about yourself and then we will be done.		
Q128	What is your age?			
		AGE (RANGE=16-97; (VOL) REFUSED=99)		
Q130	Do you consider yourself to be Hispanic or Latino?			
	1	Yes		
	2	No		
	8	(VOL) Not sure		
	9	(VOL) Refused		
Q131	Which of the following racial categories describes you? You may select more than one. READ LIST AND MULTIPLE RECORD			
	1	American Indian or Alaskan Native		
	2	Asian		
	3	Black or African-American		
	4 5	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander White		
	6	(VOL) Hispanic/Latino		
	11	(VOL) Other (SPECIFY)		
	99	(VOL) Refused		
	CONSISTENCY CHECK, IF Q131=6 AND Q130=2, GO TO 130B; else go to 131b Q130b You just described yourself as Hispanic or Latino. Do you consider yourself to be Hispanic or Latino?			
		1 Yes		
		2 No		
		8 (VOL) Don't Know		
		9 (VOL) Refused		

[IF SPANISH VERSION AUTO PUNCH 1 AT Q131b, AUTO PUNCH 1 AT Q131c; SKIP TO Q133]

Q131b Do you speak a language other than English at home?

[ENGLISH VERSION ONLY else SKIP TO Q133]

- 1 Yes
- 2 No **SKIP TO 133**
- 8 (VOL) Don't Know **SKIP TO 133**
- 9 (VOL) Refused **SKIP TO 133**

Q131c What is this language? (**DO NOT READ, MULTIPLE RESPONSE**)

- 1 Spanish
- 2 Chinese
- 3 French
- 4 German
- 5 Tagalog
- 6 Vietnamese
- 7 Italian
- 8 Korean
- 9 Russian
- 10 Polish
- 11 Arabic
- 12 Portuguese
- 13 Japanese
- 14 French Creole
- 15 Greek
- 16 Hindi
- 17 Persian
- 18 Urdu
- 19 Gujarathi
- 20 Armenian
- 21 Other (Specify)
- 99 (VOL) Refused

Q132 **DELETED**

- Q133 What is the highest grade or year of school you completed?
 - 8 8th grade or less
 - 9 9th grade
 - 10 10th grade
 - 11 11th grade
 - 12 12th grade/GED
 - 13 Some college
 - 14 College graduate or higher
 - 99 (VOL) Refused
- Q134 Which of the following categories best describes your total household income before taxes in 2006? (Includes the income of all persons in the household.) Was your total household income ...

[READ LIST]

- 1 Less than \$5,000
- 2 \$5,000 to \$14,999
- 3 \$15,000 to \$29,999
- 4 \$30,000 to \$49,999
- 5 \$50,000 to \$74,999
- 6 \$75,000 to \$99,999
- 7 \$100,000 or more
- 8 (VOL) Not sure
- 9 (VOL)Refused

Q135 **DELETED**

- Q136 Not including cell phones, beepers and pagers, do you have more than one telephone number in your household at which you normally can receive in-coming phone calls?
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No **SKIP TO Q136b** 9 (VOL) Refused **SKIP TO Q136b**
 - Q136a How many different telephone numbers do you have at this residence at which you can normally receive incoming phone calls?

```
(10 OR MORE=10; DON'T KNOW=98; REFUSED=99)
```

- Q136b Did you visit the D.O.T. website to find out more information about the survey? (at www.nhtsa.dot.gov)
 - 1 Yes
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) Don't Know
 - 9 (VOL) Refused

Q138 FROM OBSERVATION, ENTER SEX OF RESPONDENT

- 1 Male
- 2 Female
- Q139 INTERVIEW WAS CONDUCTED IN:
 - 1 ENGLISH
 - 2 SPANISH

That completes the survey. Thank you very much for your time and cooperation.

APPENDIX B1:

SPANISH LANGUAGE

QUESTIONNAIRE

VERSION 1

NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10001

SCHULMAN, RONCA AND BUCUVALAS, INC. 3629AS 275 Seventh Avenue; Suite 2700 STUDY NUMBER

January 8, 2007 OMB No. 2127-0645 Expiration Date: 6/30/2009

SURVEY ON OCCUPANT PROTECTION: 2006 FINAL VERSION 1 SPANISH

	PLE READ-IN le Type: Cross-section 1 Oversample 2					
State:		County:	Metro Status:			
			CATI ID:			
Telep	hone Number:					
			TOTAL TIME:			
Estam sus ac	nos llevando a cabo u etitudes ante las leyes r a nuestra línea gratu	un estudio nacional so de circulación actuale tita 1-888-772-4269 o de 16 años de edad o	del Departamento de Transporte de los Estados Unidos bre los hábitos de conducción de los americanos y sobre es. (Si usted desea saber más acerca de la encuesta, puede visitar el sitio web de DOT: www.nhsta.dot.gov.) mayores viven en este grupo familiar?			
A2	¿Cuántas de estas	¿Cuántas de estas personas adultas son (mujeres/hombres)?				
	a muje b hom	res (VOL) bres (VOL)	(VOL) Ninguna = 00 (VOL) Ninguna = 00			
	[Si son hombres y	mujeres, seleccione h	ombres 60%/mujeres 40%.]			
A3	IF A1 = 1 read "¿Puedo hablar con él o ella, por favor?" If A1 >1 read "Con el fin de seleccionar sólo a una persona para la entrevista, ¿puedo hablar con la (GENDER, If Refused in A2, read-in: "persona") de su grupo familiar, de 16 de edad o mayor cuyo cumpleaños (fue el más reciente/será el próximo)?"					
	1 Quien resp 2 Otra perso 3 Quien resp 4 (VOL) Ra	oonde es la persona na se pone al teléfono oonde no está disponib chaza	le			
B1	¿Cuántas personas	, de 16 a 39 años de e	dad, viven en este grupo familiar?			

B2	¿Cuántas	de estas personas	adultas entre 16 y 39 años de edad son (mujeres/hombr	es)?	
	a b	mujeres hombres	(VOL) (VOL) Ninguna00 (VOL) (VOL) Ninguna00		
	[Si son h	ombres y mujeres,	seleccione hombres 60%/mujeres 40%.]		
В3.	If B1 >1 la (GEN) edad, cuy 1 2 3	read "Con el fin d DER, If Refused in	blar con él o ella, por favor?" de seleccionar sólo a una persona para la entrevista, ¿pu in A2, read-in: "persona") de su grupo familiar, entre 1 e el más reciente/será el próximo)? la persona ne al teléfono está disponible		
QD	Unidos. I american completa	Hola, me llamo (INAME) y llamo en nombre del Departamento de Transporte de los Estado Unidos. Estamos llevando a cabo un estudio nacional sobre los hábitos de conducción de lo americanos y sobre sus actitudes ante las leyes de circulación actuales. La encuesta e completamente confidencial. (Si usted desea saber más acerca de la encuesta, puede llamar nuestra línea gratuita 1-888-772-4269 o visitar el sitio web de DOT: www.nhsta.dot.gov.)			
D1	con propusted. Si aproxima	ósitos estadísticos. hay alguna pregun damente 15 ó 20 m	y la información que usted nos proporcione será utili. No recopilaremos información personal que permita inta que usted no quiere responder, no hay problema. La minutos. (Este estudio ha sido revisado y aprobado po esto bajo número de control OMB 2127-0645.) ¿Pode	identificarlo/a a entrevista dura or la Oficina de	
	2 A 3 (CONTINUAR EN Arreglar devolución Quiere pensarlo/no No responde	n de llamada		
D2	sitio wel	Si usted lo prefiere, puede llamar a nuestra línea gratuita para hacer la entrevista o puede ir a sitio web de National Highway Traffic Safety Administration para saber más acerca de la encuesta. ¿Le gustaría el número telefónico gratuito o la dirección del sitio web?			
	2 8	Solicitó la línea gra Solicitó dirección d Solicitó ambos Ninguno			

¿Me diría usted por favor por qué no quiere hacer la entrevista?

D3

Esas son todas las preguntas que tengo para hoy. Gracias por su tiempo.

- Q111 POR OBSERVACIÓN, ANOTE EL SEXO DE QUIEN RESPONDE
 - 1 Hombre
 - 2 Mujer
- Q1 ¿Con qué frecuencia conduce un vehículo a motor? ¿Casi todos los días, varios días a la semana, varios días al mes, varios días al año o nunca?
 - 1 Casi todos los días/todos los días
 - 2 Varios días a la semana
 - 3 Varios días al mes
 - 4 Varios días al año
 - 10 Nunca
 - 5 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q1a ¿Con qué frecuencia conduce usted un vehículo automotor de noche, después de las 9:00 p.m.? ¿Conduce usted de noche casi todos los días, unos cuantos días a la semana, unos cuantos días al mes, unos cuantos días al año o nunca conduce después de las 9:00 de la noche?
 - 1 Casi todos los días
 - 2 Unos cuantos días a la semana
 - 3 Unos cuantos días al mes
 - 4 Unos cuantos días al año, o usted
 - Nunca conduce después de las 9:00 de la noche
 - Hace más de un año
 - 12 Otro ESPECIFICAR)
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) No responde
- Q2 Sin incluir el ir y volver del trabajo, ¿conduce usted algún vehículo como parte del trabajo o negocio?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 3 No trabaja
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q3 ¿Con qué frecuencia conduce usted un vehículo como parte de su trabajo o negocio? ¿Casi todos los días, varios días a la semana, varios días al mes, varios días al año?

- 1 Casi todos los días/todos los días
- 2 Varios días a la semana
- 3 Varios días al mes
- 4 Varios días al año
- 10 (VOL) Nunca/Hace más de un año
- 12 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q4 ¿Tiene su empresa o negocio alguna política que obligue a llevar el cinturón mientras está trabajando?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q4a ¿Se trata de una política escrita?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Ahora quiero pensar en toda la conducción que hace (sea o no parte de su trabajo). ¿El vehículo que conduce con más frecuencia es un coche, una furgoneta o "minivan", una moto, un vehículo utilitario deportivo, camioneta descapotable u otro tipo de camión? (NOTA: SI QUIEN RESPONDE CONDUCE MÁS DE UN VEHÍCULO CON FRECUENCIA, PREGUNTAR:) "¿Cuál ha sido el ÚLTIMO vehículo que ha conducido?"
 - 1 Coche (station wagon)
 - 2 Furgoneta o minivan
 - 3 Motocicleta
 - 4 Camioneta descapotable (pick up truck)
 - 5 Vehículo utilitario deportivo (Jeep/Explorer/Trooper/etc)
 - 10 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 1 Otro camión (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechazada

- Q6 Para la próxima serie de preguntas, por favor responda solamente para el/la que dice que conduce habitualmente. ¿Los cinturones de seguridad delanteros del/de la van por el hombro solamente, por el regazo solamente, tanto por el hombro como por el regazo?

 PARA QUIEN HACE LA ENCUESTA: LAS PREGUNTAS SOBRE EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD SE REFIEREN A LOS CINTURONES DEL LADO DEL CONDUCTOR.
 - 1 Por el hombro
 - 2 Por el regazo
 - 3 Por ambos
 - 4 El vehículo no tiene cinturones
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q7 ¿Son los cinturones del hombro y del regazo de una pieza o son dos cinturones separados?
 - 1 Una pieza
 - 2 Dos cinturones separados
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q8 ¿Son los cinturones del hombro y del regazo automáticos, sólo el del hombro es automático o ninguno de los dos es automático?
 - 1 Ambos son automáticos
 - 2 Sólo el del hombro es automático
 - 3 Ninguno es automático
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- O9 ¿Es el cinturón del hombro automático o se lo tiene que poner usted?
 - 1 Automático
 - 2 Manual
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q10 Cuando conduce, ¿lleva siempre el cinturón, o está alguna vez desconectado, desactivado o puesto detrás de usted?
 - 1 iempre lo llevo
 - 2 Desconectado
 - 3 Desactivado
 - 4 Detrás de mí
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q11	Los cinturones de seguridad del hombro suelen estar fijados a la puerta o al chasis por la parte del hombro izquierdo del conductor. En algunos vehículos, esta fijación se puede mover hacia arriba o abajo para ajustar el cinturón del hombro. ¿Es ajustable esta fijación en su vehículo?			
	1 Sí, es ajustable 2 No, no es ajustable 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza			
	Q11a	¿Ha intentado alguna vez ajustarlo?		
		1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechazada		
	Q11b	¿Fue capaz de conseguir que el cinturón del hombro fuera más cómodo al ajustarlo?		
		1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza		
	Q11c	¿Hay alguna razón por la que nunca ha intentado ajustarlo?		
		1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza		
	Q11d	¿Cuál es la razón?		
		Ajusta bien ya Es lo suficientemente cómodo Alguien lo ajustó por mí Nunca pensé en ello Otra (ESPECIFICAR) ¿Cuál es la razón? Dificil de ajustar Aajuste automático No uso cinturón de seguridad No sabía que era ajustable (VOL) No está seguro (VOL) Rechaza		

- Q12 Al conducir este/esta, ¿con qué frecuencia lleva puesto el cinturón del hombro... (LEER LISTA)
 - 1 TODO EL TIEMPO
 - 2 LA MAYOR PARTE DEL TIEMPO

- 3 PARTE DEL TIEMPO
- 4 RARAMENTE O
- 5 NUNCA
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q13 Al conducir este/esta, ¿con qué frecuencia lleva puesto el cinturón del regazo... (LEER LISTA)
 - 1 TODO EL TIEMPO
 - 2 LA MAYOR PARTE DEL TIEMPO
 - 3 PARTE DEL TIEMPO
 - 4 RARAMENTE O
 - 5 NUNCA
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q14 ¿Cuándo fue la última vez que NO llevaba puesto el cinturón de seguridad (ni el cinturón de seguridad del hombro ni el cinturón de seguridad del regazo) mientra conducía?
 - 1 Hoy
 - 2 Durante la semana pasada
 - 3 Durante el mes pasado
 - 4 Durante los úlimos 12 meses
 - 5 Hace un año o más / siempre lo llevo puesto
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q14a ¿Hubo alguna vez en los últimos 12 meses que no se abrocho o puso el cinturón de seguridad (ni el de seguridad del hombro ni el de seguridad del regazo) mientra conducía?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q15 ¿Es más probable, menos probable o igual de probable que se ponga el cinturón de seguridad en el trabajo comparado con la conducción para su uso personal?
 - 1 Más probable
 - 2 Menos probable
 - 3 Igual de probable
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q16a ¿Por qué es MÁS probable que se ponga el cinturón mientras conduce por trabajo? ¿Otra cosa?

ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE. NO LEER.

- 1 Política de la compañía
- 2 Mayor concienciación sobre la seguridad
- 3 Ley de cinturón de seguridad
- 4 No quiero que me pongan una multa
- 5 Hábito/siempre lo llevo
- 6 Conduzco grandes distancias
- 7 Llevo pasajeros / clientes conmigo en el vehículo
- 8 Motivos de seguro
- 9 Conducción en tráfico pesado
- 10 Conducción de vehículo más grande
- 11 Más conducción en autopista
- 8 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q16b ¿Por qué es MENOS probable que se ponga el cinturón mientras conduce por trabajo? ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE. NO LEER.
 - 1 No es práctica ni política de empresa
 - 2 No conduzco por carretera ni calles importantes
 - 3 No me gusta que me digan qué hacer
 - 4 No me gusta ponérmelo
 - 5 Hábito/nunca/raramente lo llevo
 - 6 Conduzco distancias cortas
 - 7 Salgo y entro del vehículo todo el tiempo//tipo de trabajo/el equipo interfiere
 - 8 Conducción lenta
 - 9 No llevo pasajeros conmigo
 - 10 Cinturón de seguridad roto/no funciona
 - 11 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q17 En los últimos 12 meses, ¿ha aumentado, disminuido o permanecido igual su uso de los cinturones de seguridad al conducir (el coche que conduzca con más frecuencia)?
 - 1 Aumentado
 - 2 Disminuido
 - 3 Permanecido igual
 - 4 Conductor nuevo
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q18_1	¿Qué provocó el cambio? Fue debido a (a) Se concienció más sobre temas de seguridad?		
	1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza		
Q18_2	8_2 ¿Fue debido a (b) la ley del cinturón de seguridad		
	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza		
Q18_3	¿Fue debido a (c) que no quiere que le pongan una multa		
	1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza		
Q18_4	¿Fue debido a (d) que le pusieron una multa por no llevar el cinturón/amonestación		
	1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza		
Q18_5	¿Fue debido a (e) que usted o alguien a quien conoce ha tenido un accidente		
	1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe^s 9 (VOL) Rechazada^s		
Q18_6	¿Fue debido a (f) que otras personas le animaron o presionaron a utilizar los cinturones de seguridad		
	1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza		

Q18_7	8_7 ¿Fue debido a (g) que usted quería darle un buen ejemplo a los niños		
	1 2 8 9	Si No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza	
Q18_8	8_8 ¿Fue debido a (h) Alguien que usted conoce fue multado		
	1 2 8 9	Si No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza	
Q18i	8i (Q18 ¿Qué provocó el cambio?) Fue debido a (LEER LISTA) ¿ALGÚN OTRO MOTIVO?		
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza	
Q18i	¿Qué provocó el cambio? Fue debido a (LEER LISTA) ¿ALGÚN OTRO MOTIVO? [ESPECIFAR]		
Q19	Le voy a leer una lista de motivos por los que pudiera usar el cinturón de seguridad. Según vaya leyendo, ¿dígame sí o no cada motivo que se le pueda aplicar a usted?		
Q19_1	1 Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque a. ES UN HÁBITO?		
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza	
Q19_2	Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porqueb. NO QUIERO QUE ME PONGAN UNA MULTA		
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza	

Q19_3	2_3 Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque c. ESTOY INCÓMODO/INCÓMODA SIN ÉL CINTURÓN			
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza		
Q19_4	19_4 Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porq d. OTROS QUIEREN QUE ME LO PONGA			
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza		
Q19_5 Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque. ES LA LEY?				
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza		
Q19_6		Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque f. QUIERO EVITAR SUFRIR DAÑOS SERIOS/O MUERTE?		
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza		
Q19_7	Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque g. QUIERO DAR BUEN EJEMPLO A OTROS?			
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza		
Q19_8	Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque h. LA GENTE CON CON QUIEN ESTOY LO LLEVAN PUESTO?			
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza		

- Q19_9 Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque...
 i. ME (AUTOMÓVIL/CAMIÓN/CAMIONETA)LO RECUERDA UNA CAMPANA, UN
 ZUMBADOR O UNA LUZ?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q19 10 ¿Existen otras razones por las que se pone el cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q19 11; Qué otras razones (por las que se pone el cinturón de seguridad)?
 - 1 Me hace sentir cómodo/a
 - 2 Conducir una mayor distancia
 - 3 Tiempo malo/inclemente
 - 4 Conducir en autopista
 - 5 Tráfico pesado
 - 6 Es automático
 - 7 Conducir más
 - 8 Imagen de buena compañía/más profesional
 - 10 OTROS MALOS CONDUCTORES
 - 11 HACERLO ES INTELIGENTE/ES LO CORRECTO
 - Me educaron para usarlo
 - 13 Otro (Especificar)
- Q20 De los siguientes motivos que me dijo para llevar el cinturón de seguridad, ¿cuál es el más importante?

(LEER LISTA. ANOTAR SOLO UNO)

- 1 ES UN HÁBITO
- 2 NO QUIERO QUE ME PONGAN UNA MULTA
- 3 ESTOY INCÓMODO/INCÓMODA SIN ÉL
- 4 OTROS QUIEREN QUE ME LO PONGA
- 5 ES LA LEY
- 6 OUIERO EVITAR SUFRIR DAÑOS
- 7 QUIERO DAR BUEN EJEMPLO A OTROS
- 8 LA GENTE CON LA QUE ESTOY LLEVAN PUESTO EL CINTURÓN DEL ASIENTO
- 9 OTRO:[q19ioth]
- 10 Me hace sentir cómodo/a
- 11 Conducir una mayor distancia
- 12 Tiempo inclemente
- 13 Conducir en autopista

- 14 Tráfico pesado
- 15 Es automático
- 16 Conducir más
- 17 Imagen de buena compañía/más profesional
- 19 OTROS MALOS CONDUCTORES
- 20 HACERLO ES INTELIGENTE/ES LO CORRECTO
- 21 Me educaron para usarlo
- 22 OTRO (ESPECIFICAR)
- 23 (VOL) No puedo decir que sólo uno es el más importante/todos son importantes
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) No responde
- PQ21 Por favor, dígame si está DE ACUERDO o EN DESACUERDO con las siguientes afirmaciones sobre su uso de los cinturones de seguridad. A veces no utilizo mi cinturón de seguridad porque...')
- Q21 1 a CONDUZCO SOLAMENTE DISTANCIAS CORTAS.
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q21 2 b CONDUZCO CON POCO TRÁFICO
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q21 3 c TENGO PRISA
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q21 4 d SE ME OLVIDÓ PONÉRMELO
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q21_5 e NO QUIERO QUE SE ME ARRUGUE LA ROPA
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe

		9	(VOL) Rechaza			
Q21_6	f	EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD ES INCÓMODO/INCÓMODA				
		1 2 8 9	DE ACUERDO EN DESACUERDO (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
Q21_7	g	LA PR	OBABILIDAD DE TENER UN ACCIDENTE ES DEMASIADO BAJA			
		1 2 8 9	DE ACUERDO EN DESACUERDO (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
Q21_8	h	LA GENTE CON LA QUE VOY NO LLEVAN PUESTO EL CINTULASIENTO				
		1 2 8 9	DE ACUERDO EN DESACUERDO (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
Q21_9i		NO ME GUSTA QUE ME DIGAN LO QUE TENGO QUE HACER				
		1 2 8 9	DE ACUERDO EN DESACUERDO (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
Q21i	¿Нау а	lguna ot	ra razón por la que no se pone el cinturón de seguridad?			
	1 2 8 9		No sabe Rechaza			
Q21IO		s son (la	s otras razones para no ponerse el cinturón de seguridad)?			
	1 2 3 4	En acci	causar lesiones/enredos dente donde el cinturón de seguridad causa lesiones co a alguien que se lesionó/murió debido al cinturón de seguridad Especificar)			

- Q22 De las siguientes razones que me ha dado para no llevar el cinturón de seguridad, ¿cuál es la más importante? (LEER LISTA. ANOTAR SOLAMENTE UNA)
 - 1 SÓLO CONDUZCO DISTANCIAS CORTAS
 - 2 CONDUZCO CON POCO TRÁFICO
 - 3 TENGO PRISA
 - 4 SE ME OLVIDÓ PONÉRMELO
 - 5 NO OUIERO OUE SE ME ARRUGUE LA ROPA
 - 6 EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD ES INCÓMODO
 - 7 LA PROBABILIDAD DE TENER UN ACCIDENTE ES DEMASIADO BAJA
 - 8 LA GENTE CON LA QUE VOY NO LLEVAN EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD PUESTO
 - 9 (VOL) No puedo decir cuál es más importante / todas son importantes
 - 10 Puede causar lesiones/enredos
 - 11 En accidente donde el cinturón de seguridad causa lesiones
 - 12 Conozco a alguien que se lesionó/murió debido al cinturón de seguridad
 - 13 (VOL) No puedo decir que sólo uno es el más importante/Todos son importantes
 - 14 (VOL) Otra :[q21ioth]
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q22a Al conducir de noche, ¿es más probable, menos probable o apenas probable que usted use el cinturón de seguridad en comparación con cuando conduce de día?
 - 1 Más probable
 - 2 Menos probable
 - 3 Apenas probable
 - 4 (VOL) No conduzco de noche
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q23 ¿Hay algo que le disguste especialmente o encuentra molesto sobre ponerse el cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q24 ¿Qué es lo que le disgusta o encuentra molesto? ¿Algo más?
 - 1 Poco cómodo
 - 2 Los cinturones de seguridad son molestos/fastidiosos/engorrosos
 - 3 Se siente uno limitado/demasiado confinado/restringido
 - 4 Presión en el cuello/me ahoga/atraviesa el cuello
 - 5 Presión en el hombro/la tira del hombro queda demasiado apretada
 - 6 Presión en el pecho/La tira no se acomoda al pecho
 - 7 Irrita/roza la piel/sarpullido

- 8 Arruga la ropa
- 9 Otro (Especificar
- 98 No sabe/no está seguro
- 99 No responde
- Q25 ¿ Para hacer la siguiente serie de preguntas, necesito saber cuántos niños de 15 años o menos de edad viven en su casa, al menos parte del tiempo o que la consideren su residencia principal? [NÚMERO (Rango 0-12); No sabe = 98; Rechazada = 99]

Q26 ¿Qué edad tiene (Q26TXT)? [EDAD (Rango = 0-15) MENOS DE 1 = 0; No sabe = 98 Rechazada = 99]

Q27 Piense en todas las veces que este/esta niño/niña viajó con usted en los últimos treinta días, tanto con otros pasajeros como sin ellos. ¿Sobre qué proporción de esos viajes diría que el/la niño/niña viajó en el asiento delantero? Usted diría que el en los últimos treinta días el/la niño/niña montó en el asiento delantero...

[LEER LISTA Y ANOTAR SOLAMENTE UNA]

- 1 Casi todas las veces, esto es el 90% o más
- 2 La mayoría de las veces
- 3 Aproximadamente la mitad de las veces
- 4 Algunas veces
- 5 Unas pocas veces, esto es, el 10% o menos
- 6 Nunca
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q28 Si se compara con hace 12 MESES este/esta niño/niña, ¿es más probable que se viaje en el asiento delantero, igual de probable que se viaje en el asiento delantero?
 - 1 Más probable que se monte en el asiento delantero
 - 2 Igual de probable que se monte en el asiento delantero
 - 3 Menos probable que se monte en el asiento delantero
 - 4 (VOL) No conduce actualmente con el/la niño/niña
 - 5 (VOL) No conducía con el/la niño/niña hace doce meses
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q28a ¿Por qué es más probable que este/esta niño/niña viaje en el asiento delantero cuando usted conduce? NO LEER. ANOTACIONES MÚLTIPLES
 - 1 El/ella es mayor/más grande
 - 2 El/ella y yo vamos solos en el vehículo

- 3 El/ella prefiere ir delante
- 4 Le gusta sentarse a mi lado
- 5 Prefiero tenerlo/tenerla cerca para poder verlo/verla y poder alcanzarlo/alcanzarla
- No hay otro sitio para el/la niño/niña en el vehículo
- 7 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q28b ¿Por qué es menos probable que el/la niño/niña viaje en el asiento delantero cuando usted conduce?

[NO LEER. ANOTACIONES MÚLTIPLES]

- 1 Más seguro/segura atrás
- 2 Peligro por los airbags
- 3 El/la niño/niña prefiere ir atrás
- 4 La silla para el/la niño/niña está atrás
- No hay otro sitio para el/la niño/niña en el vehículo
- 6 Es la ley
- 7 El niño es demasiado joven/pequeño
- 8 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q29 En los últimos treinta días, ¿ha conducido un vehículo a motor en donde haya tenido a tres o más niños/niñas como pasajeros al mismo tiempo?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 VOL) No sabe
 - 9 VOL) Rechaza
 - Q29a ¿Ha habido algún día en los últimos 30 cuando tuvo que poner a un/una niño/niña en el asiento delantero porque había demasiados niños/niñas para el asiento trasero?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q30 ¿Con cuánta frecuencia viaja como pasajero en cualquier tipo de coche, furgoneta o camión? Diría que...(LEER LISTA)
 - 1 CASI TODOS LOS DÍAS
 - 2 VARIOS DÍAS POR SEMANA
 - 3 VARIOS DÍAS AL MES
 - 4 VARIOS DÍAS AL AÑO, O
 - 5 NUNCA
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

	\11	0 1 1	•		1 4	1	1 1 4	1 .	0
()31	Cuando usted e	s nasaiero	; viaia n	ormalmente en	el asiento	delantero o e	en el asie	nto trasero/
`	/ _ 1	Caana astea c	b pubujero,	1, v 14 ju 11	Officialiticitie Cit	or abronio	acialities o	on abres	nto trascro.

- 1 Asiento delantero
- 2 Asiento trasero
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q32 Cuando viaja como pasajero en el asiento delantero, ¿con qué frecuencia lleva su cinturón de seguridad? (LEER LISTA)
 - 1 TODAS LAS VECES
 - 2 LA MAYORÍA DE LAS VECES
 - 3 ALGUNAS VECES
 - 4 RARAMENTE, O
 - 5 NUNCA
 - 6 (VOL) Nunca monta en el asiento delantero
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q33 Cuando viaja como pasajero en el asiento trasero, ¿con qué frecuencia lleva su cinturón de seguridad? (LEER LISTA)
 - 1 TODAS LAS VECES
 - 2 LA MAYORÍA DE LAS VECES
 - 3 ALGUNAS VECES
 - 4 RARAMENTE, O
 - 5 NUNCA
 - 6 (VOL) Nunca monta en el asiento trasero
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q34 Le voy a leer una lista de motivos por los que puede que lleve el cinturón de seguridad. Según vaya leyendo, dígame sí o no cada motivo se le puede aplicar a usted.
- Q34 1 Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque...
 - a. ES UN HÁBITO?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q34 2 Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, lo hago porque...
 - b. NO QUIERO QUE ME PONGAN UNA MULTA

	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza
Q34_3		o llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque OY INCÓMODO/INCÓMODA SIN ÉL CINTURÓN?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza
Q34_4	Cuando d. OTF	o llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque ROS QUIEREN QUE ME LO PONGA?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza
Q34_5		o llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque LA LEY?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza
Q34_6		o llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque ERO EVITAR DAÑOS SERIOS?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza
Q34_7		o llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque ERO DAR BUEN EJEMPLO A OTROS?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza

Q34_8	Cuando llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque h. LA GENTE CON LA QUE VOY SE PONEN EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD?				
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
Q34_9		o llevo puesto el cinturón de seguridad, ¿lo hago porque +ctv+] TIENE UNA CAMPANA, ZUMBADOR O LUZ QUE LO RECUERDA?			
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
Q34I	¿Hay al	gún otro motivo por el que se pone el cinturón de seguridad?			
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
Q34IO	Е	¿Qué otras razones (por las que se pondría el cinturón)?			
		Me hace sentir cómodo Conducir una mayor distancia Tiempo inclemente Conducir en autopista Tráfico pesado Es automático Conducir más Imagen de buena compañía/más profesional Otro (Especificar)			
Q35	De las s importa	siguientes razones que me acaba de dar para llevar su cinturón de seguridad, ¿cuál es más inte? (LEER LISTA. ANOTAR SÓLO UNA)			
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	ES UN HÁBITO NO QUIERO QUE ME PONGAN UNA MULTA ESTOY INCÓMODO/INCÓMODA SIN ÉL OTROS QUIEREN QUE ME LO PONGA ES LA LEY QUIERO EVITAR DAÑOS GRAVES QUIERO DAR BUEN EJEMPLO A OTROS LA GENTE CON QUE ESTOY LLEVAN PUESTO EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD LO RECUERDA UNA CAMPANA, UN ZUMBADOR O UNA LUZ Me hace sentir cómodo Conducir una mayor distancia			

- 12 Tiempo inclemente
- 13 Conducir en autopista
- 14 Tráfico pesado
- 15 Es automático
- 16 Conducir más
- 17 Imagen de buena compañía/más profesional
- 18 OTRO (ESPECIFICAR)
- 19 (VOL) No puedo decir que sólo uno es el más importante/todos son importantes
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36 Por favor, dígame si está DE ACUERDO o EN DESACUERDO con las siguientes afirmaciones sobre su uso de los cinturones de seguridad.
- Q36 1 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - a. SÓLO ESTOY CONDUCIENDO UNA DISTANCIA CORTA
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36 2 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - b. VOY CON POCO TRÁFICO
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36 3 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - c. TENGO PRISA
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36 4 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - d. SE ME OLVIDÓ PONÉRMELO
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

- Q36 5 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - e. NO QUIERO QUE SE ME ARRUGUE LA ROPA
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36 6 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - f. EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD ES INCÓMODO
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36 7 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - g. LA PROBABILIDAD DE TENER UN ACCIDENTE ES DEMASIADO BAJA
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36 8 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - h. LA GENTE CON LA QUE ESTOY NO LLEVAN PUESTOS LOS CINTURONES DE SEGURIDAD
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36 9 Algunas veces no llevo puesto mi cinturón de seguridad porque...
 - i. NO ME GUSTA QUE ME DIGAN LO QUE TENGO QUE HACER
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q36i ¿Hay alguna otra razón por la que a veces usted no utiliza su cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q36IOTH ¿Cuáles son (la razones para no utilizar el cinturón de seguridad)?

- Q37 De las razones siguientes que me acaba de dar para no utilizar el cinturón de seguridad, ¿cuál es la más importante para no llevar el cinturón de seguridad?
 - (LEER LISTA. ANOTAR SOLAMENTE UNA)
 - 1 SÓLO CONDUZCO DISTANCIAS CORTAS
 - 2 CONDUZCO CON POCO TRÁFICO3 TENGO PRISA
 - 4 SE ME OLVIDÓ PONÉRMELO
 - 5 NO QUIERO QUE SE ME ARRUGUE LA ROPA
 - 6 EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD ES INCÓMODO
 - 7 LA PROBABILIDAD DE TENER UN ACCIDENTE ES DEMASIADO BAJA
 - 8 LA GENTE CON LA QUE VOY NO LLEVAN EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD PUESTO
 - 9 NO ME GUSTA QUE ME DIGAN LO QUE TENGO QUE HACER
 - 10 (VOL) No puedo decir cuál es más importante / todas son importantes
 - 11 (VOL) Otra :[q21ioth]
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q38 ¿Hay algo que le disgusta especialmente o que encuentra molesto sobre utilizar el cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q39 ¿Qué es lo que le disgusta o encuentra molesto? ¿Algo más?
 - 1 Poco cómodo
 - 2 Los cinturones de seguridad son molestos/fastidiosos/engorrosos
 - 3 Se siente uno limitado/demasiado confinado/restringido
 - 4 Presión en el cuello/me ahoga/atraviesa el cuello
 - 5 Presión en el hombro/la tira del hombro queda demasiado apretada
 - 6 Presión en el pecho/La tira no se acomoda al pecho
 - 7 Irrita/roza la piel/sarpullido
 - 8 Arruga la ropa
 - 9 OTRO (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechaza

- Q40 Ahora me gustaría preguntarle sobre su opinión acerca de las leyes sobre el uso del cinturón de seguridad. ¿Qué opina sobre las leyes que obligan a utilizar los cinturones de seguridad a los pasajeros del asiento delantero y a los conductores?¿Está muy a favor de estas leyes, algo a favor o no está nada a favor?
 - 1 Muy a favor
 - 2 Algo a favor
 - 3 Nada a favor
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q41 ¿Cree usted que las leyes sobre los cinturones de seguridad se deben aplicar también a los pasajeros ADULTOS del asiento trasero?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 3 Depende de la edad del pasajero
 - 4 Depende del tipo de vehículo
 - 5 (VOL) Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q42 ¿Está a favor o en contra de las multas a los conductores que no utilizan el cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 A favor
 - 2 En contra
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q42a ¿Cuál piensa que debe ser la multa mínima por la primera infracción de los cinturones de seguridad? [CANTIDAD DE LA MULTA (Rango 0-1000); Sin multa/aviso = 0; No sabe = (VOL) 9998]
- Q43 ¿Está a favor o en contra de recibir puntos en su licencia de conducir como multa por las infracciones de cinturones de seguridad?
 - 1 A favor
 - 2 En contra
 - 3 Depende de las infracciones pasadas
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

- Me gustaría que pensara en alguien a quien conoce que no utiliza el cinturón de seguridad siempre. Si pararan a esa persona y le pusieran una multa de (\$OFINE) por no llevar el cinturón de seguridad, ¿utilizaría esta persona el cinturón más frecuentemente, probablemente definitivamente utilizaría esta persona el cinturón de seguridad con más frecuencia o probablemente no cambiaría sus hábitos de uso del cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Seguro que lo utilizaría con más frecuencia
 - 2 Probablemente lo utilizaría con más frecuencia
 - 3 Probablemente no cambiaría sus hábitos de uso de cinturón de seguridad
 - 4 (VOL) Puede que haya un cambio a corto plazo, pero no un cambio a largo plazo
 - 5 (VOL) No estoy seguro/segura
 - 6 (VOL) No conozco a nadie así
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q45 Suponga que le ponen una multa por no utilizar el cinturón de seguridad. ¿Cuál de las siguientes afirmaciones describe mejor su reacción probable?
 - 1 Me merezco la multa porque violé la ley, o
 - NO me merezco la multa porque el uso del cinturón de seguridad debería ser la decisión del individuo
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q46 Las preguntas siguientes son acerca de las leyes sobre el uso del cinturón de seguridad en su estado.

¿Tiene [oempty] una ley que obligue al uso del cinturón de seguridad?

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q47 ¿A quién se le obliga a utilizar el cinturón de seguridad según la ley de su estado?
- Q47 1 ¿Se les obliga a los/las
 - a. Conductores/conductoras a utilizar el cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q47 2 ¿Se les obliga a
 - b. los/las niños/niñas en el asiento delantero a utilizar el cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No

- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q47 3 ¿Se les obliga a

- c. los/las niños/niñas en el asiento trasero a utilizar el cinturón de seguridad?
- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q47 4 ¿Se les obliga a

- d. los/las pasajeros/pasajeras adultos/adultas del asiento delantero a utilizar el cinturón de seguridad?
- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q47 5 ¿Se les obliga a

- e. los/las pasajeros/pasajeras adultos/adultas del asiento trasero a utilizar el cinturón de seguridad?
- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q48 Según la ley de su estado, ¿puede parar la policía a un vehículo si ve una infracción del uso del cinturón de seguridad o tienen que detectar otra infracción primero para parar al vehículo?
 - 1 Puede parar sólo por infracción del uso del cinturón de seguridad
 - 2 Tiene que detectar otra infracción primero
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q49 En su opinión, DEBERÍA permitirse a la policía parar vehículos si observa una infracción de uso del cinturón de seguridad si no hay ninguna otra infracción de las leyes de tráfico?
 - 1 Debería permitírsele parar
 - 2 No debería
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q49a La mayoría de las otra leyes sobre el tráfico permite a la policía parar a un vehículo cada vez que vea una infracción. ¿Por qué piensa que las infracciones del uso del cinturón de seguridad se deberían tratar diferentemente de otras infracciones de tráfico?

NO LEER LISTA. ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE

- 1 No suponen un riesgo para otros
- 2 No es una infracción tan grave
- 3 La policía abusa de ello
- 4 Debería ser una opción personal/ no es una buena norma/infringe los derechos
- No siempre puedo decir que el cinturón de seguridad está puesto/Puede estar mal puesto
- 6 Sólo debería aplicarse a los niños
- 10 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q50 En los últimos doce meses, desde (Q50TXT) del año pasado, ¿le ha parado la policía por CUALQUIER razón que tuviera que ver con el tráfico mientras conducía?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q50a ¿Utilizaba el cinturón de seguridad cuando le pararon?
 (SI LE PARARON MÁS DE UNA VEZ EN LOS ÚLTIMOS 12 MESES, PREGUNTAR SOBRE LA MÁS RECIENTE)
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q50b ¿Le pusieron multa por violar las leyes sobre el uso del cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q50c ¿Recibió usted un aviso por violar las leyes sobre el uso del cinturón de seguridad?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

	Q50d	¿Le pusieron una multa por alguna otra infracción del tráfico?				
		1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza				
	Q50e	¿Le pusieron una multa por cualquier infracción del tráfico?				
		1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechaza				
Q51	¿Le ha	n puesto alguna vez una multa por no utilizar los cinturones de seguridad?				
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza				
Q52	¿Le han dado alguna vez un aviso por no utilizar los cinturones de seguridad?					
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza				
		Después de recibir el/la [q52atxt] por el uso del cinturón de seguridad, ¿empezó a usted a los cinturones de seguridad con más frecuencia, menos frecuentemente o no hubo cambio recuencia con que los utilizaba?				
		Utilizó el cinturón de seguridad con más frecuencia Utilizó el cinturón de seguridad con menos frecuencia Sin cambio en la frecuencia de utilización del cinturón de seguridad (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza				
Q53	meses.	ga que no utiliza el cinturón de seguridad NUNCA mientras conduce en los próximos seis ¿Cuán probable es que le pongan una multa por no utilizar el cinturón de seguridad? LISTA)				
	1 2 3 4 8 9	MUY PROBABLE ALGO PROBABLE ALGO IMPROBABLE MUY IMPROBABLE (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza				

¿Con cuánta frecuencia cree que la policía debe que poner multas por infracciones del uso del cinturón de seguridad? En una escala del 1 al 10, donde 1 significa que la policía casi nunca debería poner multas y 10 significa que la policía debería poner multas en todas las ocasiones cuando se trata de hacer cumplir las leyes sobre el uso del cinturón de seguridad, ¿Cuán estricta debe ser la imposición de la policía?

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[(VOL) No sabe = 98; (VOL) Rechaza = 99]
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- Ahora le voy a leer varias afirmaciones. Por favor, dígame usted si está muy de acuerdo, algo de acuerdo, algo en desacuerdo o muy en desacuerdo.
- Q55_1 a. Es igual de probable que los cinturones de seguridad le ayuden como que le dañen (Q55TXT)
 - 1 Muy DE ACUERDO
 - 2 Algo DE ACUERDO
 - 3 Algo EN DESACUERDO
 - 4 Muy EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q55_2 b. La policía de mi comunidad generalmente no se molesta en poner multas por infracciones del uso del cinturón de seguridad
 - 1 Muy DE ACUERDO
 - 2 Algo DE ACUERDO
 - 3 Algo EN DESACUERDO
 - 4 Muy EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q55 3 c. Los accidentes cerca de casa normalmente no tienen la gravedad de los accidentes más lejanos
 - 1 Muy DE ACUERDO
 - 2 Algo DE ACUERDO
 - 3 Algo EN DESACUERDO
 - 4 Muy EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q55 4 d. Si tuviera un accidente, me gustaría llevar el cinturón de seguridad puesto
 - 1 Muy DE ACUERDO
 - 2 Algo DE ACUERDO
 - 3 Algo EN DESACUERDO
 - 4 Muy EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q55_5 e. La mayoría de los accidentes de vehículos a motor ocurren dentro de un radio de cinco millas de la casa

- 1 Muy DE ACUERDO
- 2 Algo DE ACUERDO
- 3 Algo EN DESACUERDO
- 4 Muy EN DESACUERDO
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q55 6 f. Me daría reparo con mis amigos si yo utilizara el cinturón de seguridad y ellos no

- 1 Muy DE ACUERDO
- 2 Algo DE ACUERDO
- 3 Algo EN DESACUERDO
- 4 Muy EN DESACUERDO
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q55_7 g. Tengo el hábito de utilizar el cinturón de seguridad porque mis padres insistieron en que lo utilizara cuando era niño/niña

- 1 Muy DE ACUERDO
- 2 Algo DE ACUERDO
- 3 Algo EN DESACUERDO
- 4 Muy EN DESACUERDO
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q55 9 i. El ponerme el cinturón de seguridad hace que me preocupe más de tener un accidente

- 1 Muy DE ACUERDO
- 2 Algo DE ACUERDO
- 3 Algo EN DESACUERDO
- 4 Muy EN DESACUERDO
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Me gustaría hacerle varias preguntas sobre límites de velocidad.

- Q57 En general, ¿piensa usted que la mayoría de los límites de velocidad de las autopistas son demasiado bajos, demasiado altos o aproximadamente correctos?
 - 1 Demasiado bajos
 - 2 Demasiado altos
 - 3 Aproximadamente correctos
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

- Q58 ¿Y qué opina sobre los límites de velocidad residenciales o que no sean en autopistas? ¿Cree que son demasiado bajos, demasiado altos o aproximadamente correctos?
 - 1 Demasiado bajos
 - 2 Demasiado altos
 - 3 Aproximadamente correctos
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q59 ¿Usted cree que la conducción de la mayoría de los/las otros/otras conductores/conductoras es ...(LEER LISTA)
 - 1 EXCELENTE
 - 2 MUY BUENA
 - 3 BUENA
 - 4 ACEPTABLE
 - 5 MALA
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q60 ¿Con cuánta frecuencia se siente presionado por parte de otros/otras conductores/conductoras para que conduzca por encima del límite de velocidad? (LEER LISTA)
 - 1 CON MUCHA FRECUENCIA
 - 2 CON FRECUENCIA
 - 3 RARAMENTE
 - 4 NUNCA
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q61 ¿Qué afirmación describe mejor su conducción en autopista.
 - 1 > TIENDO A ADELANTAR A OTROS COCHES CON MÁS FRECUENCIA QUE OTROS COCHES ME ADELANTAN, O
 - 2 > OTROS COCHES TIENDEN A ADELANTARME CON MÁS FRECUENCIA
 - Tiendo a adelantar a otros coches con más frecuencia que otros coches me adelantan a mí
 - 2 Otros coches tienden a adelantarme a mí con más frecuencia
 - 3 (VOL) Ninguna, conduzco parecido a la mayoría de los/las otros/otras
 - 4 (VOL) No conduzco en autopistas
 - 5 (VOL) Ambas, esto es, tiendo a adelantar y otros tienden a delantarme
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q62 En general, ¿a qué velocidad conduce en autopista? [RANGO: 40 A 120 MPH; No conduce en autopista = 997; No sabe = 998; Rechazada = 999]

Ahora me gustaría hacerle varias preguntas sobre los airbags.

- Q63 ¿Tiene el/la que usted conduce normalmente airbag?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q64 ¿Tiene su airbag delante del/de la conductor/conductora?
 - 1 Sólo para el conductor
 - 2 Para el conductor y pasajero/pasajera delantero/delantera
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q65 ¿Tiene su airbag delante de donde iría un/una pasajero/pasajera en el asiento delantero?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q65a ¿Tiene su airbag en algún otro sitio? En caso afirmativo, ¿dónde?

(SÍ: ¿DÓNDE?) ¿Dónde más? [Si dice que air bag lateral, pregunte si frontal o posterior o ambas cosas].

(ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE; LEER SI ES NECESARIO)

- 1 En las puertas del coche cercanas al asiento delantero
- 2 En las puertas del coche cercanas al asiento trasero
- 3 Cortina descendiente encima de la puerta delantero
- 4 Cortina descendiente encima de la puerta trasero
- 5 En el asiento delantero
- 6 En el asiento trasero
- 7 Añadir luego(7)
- 8 Añadir luego(8)
- 9 Sí, pero no sé dónde
- 10 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 11 No
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechaza

- Q66 Si está conduciendo un vehículo que tiene airbag y usted tiene un accidente que involucra daños importantes del vehículo, ¿es probable o improbable que usted sufra daños?
 - 1 Probable
 - 2 Improbable
 - 3 (VOL) Depende del tipo de accidente
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q67 Por favor, dígame si usted está DE ACUERDO o EN DESACUERDO con la siguiente afirmación. Si mi coche tiene (Q67TXT1) airbag(s) lateral(es), no necesito utilizar mi cinturón de seguridad al (Q67TXT2).
 - 1 DE ACUERDO
 - 2 EN DESACUERDO
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q71 ¿Preferiría usted que su próximo vehículo tenga airbag para el/la CONDUCTOR/CONDUCTORA solamente, airbag para el/la CONDUCTOR/CONDUCTORA Y PASAJERO/PASAJERA o que no tenga airbags?
 - 1 Conductor/Conductora
 - 2 Conductor/Conductora y pasajero/pasajera
 - 3 Sin airbags
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q72 ¿Tiene alguna preocupación sobre la seguridad de los airbags?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q72a ¿Cuáles son esas preocupaciones (sobre la seguridad de los airbags)?
 - 1 Se infla accidentalmente/despliegue prematuro
 - No se despliega/preocupación de que no funcionen correctamente
 - 4 Polvo químico que quema
 - 5 La velocidad del inflado del airbag causa lesiones
 - 6 Lesiones/airbags pueden fracturar el cuello
 - Huesos fracturados/los airbags pueden fracturar los huesos (nariz, dedos, etc.)
 - 8 Lesiones cuando el airbag se abre tras el impacto
 - 10 Los adultos pueden lesionarse con los airbags
 - Los adultos pueden sofocarse/no pueden respirar con los airbags
 - Los adultos jóvenes pueden lesionarse con los airbags

- 13 Seguridad/lesiones en niños
- 14 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- Q73 En general, ¿se siente usted más seguro/segura en coches con airbags, aproximadamente igual o menos seguro/segura en coches con airbags?
 - 1 Más seguro/segura en vehículos a motor con airbags
 - 2 Aproximadamente igual
 - 3 Menos seguro/segura en coches con airbags
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q73a En general, "cu nta protecci¢n contra her¡das le siente un airbag habr¡a proveer en un accidente involucrando da¤os importante al veh¡culo? Lo diria...(LEERE LISTA)
 - 1 Mucho protecci¢n contra heridas,
 - 2 Alguna protecci¢n contra heridas,
 - 3 Muy poca protecci¢n contra heridas, o
 - 4 No provee ninguna protecci¢n contra heridas?
 - 5 (VOL) Depende en el tipo de accidente
 - 6 (VOL) No sabe
 - 7 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q78 Ahora le voy a hacer varias preguntas sobre el consumo de alcohol. Durante los últimos 30 días, ¿ha tomado al menos una copa de bebida alcohólica, incluyendo licor, cerveza, vino o wine coolers?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q79 ¿Ha tomado alguna bebida alcohólica durante los últimos 12 meses?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q80 ¿Cuántos días de los últimos 30 tomó bebidas alcohólicas? [(Rango=0-30) No sabe = 98; Rechazada = 99]

Como media, ¿cuántas bebidas tomó típicamente en los días que bebió?
[(Rango=0-12); MÁS DE 12 = 13; No sabe = 98; Rechazada = 99]

Q82 Durante los últimos 30 días, ¿ha conducido algún vehículo después de beber alcohol?

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q83 ¿Cuántos días de los últimos 30 ha conducido usted después de beber bebidas alcohólicas? [(Rango=0-30); No sabe = 98; Rechazada = 99]

Q84 En los últimos 30 días, ¿ha conducido algún vehículo cuando pensaba que había consumido demasiado alcohol para conducir con toda seguridad?

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q86 ¿Ha sufrido USTED alguna herida en un accidente de vehículo a motor? Cuente solamente los heridas que necesitaron atención médica.

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q86a ¿Ha sufrido USTED algún daño en un accidente de vehículo a motor en el que usted era pasajero/pasajera o ha sido usted golpeado/golpeada y herido/herida por un vehículo a motor mientras caminaba o montaba en bicicleta? Cuente solamente los daños que necesitaron atención médica.

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q87 ¿Cuántas veces le ha ocurrido esto? [No sabe = 98; Rechazada = 99]

Q88 ¿Hace cuánto tiempo que pasó %Q88TXT% accidente? [SOLAMENTE LOS ACCIDENTES DONDE SE NECESITÓ AYUDA MÉDICA]

[EN EL ÚLTIMO 12 MESES = 0; No sabe = 98; Rechazada = 99]

Q88a ¿Ocurrió (Q88TXT) accidente a menos de 5 millas de donde usted vivía?

- 1 Sí, a menos de 5 millas
- 2 No, a 5 millas o más
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q88b ¿A dónde IBA usted cuando tuvo ese accidente? Iba a casa, al trabajo, al supermercado, al domicilio de un/una amigo/amiga o a otro sitio?

- 1 Casa
- 2 Trabajo
- 3 Supermercado
- 4 Domicilio de un/una amigo/amiga/ de un familiar
- 5 Escuela/Universidad/Clase
- 6 Restaurante/Sitio de comidas rápidas
- 7 Actividad recreativa (juego de pelota, cine, etc.)
- 8 Ningún lugar en particular/sólo viajaba/caminaba
- 9 De compras/centro comercial/almacén
- 10 Otro sitio (ESPECIFICAR)
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechazada

Q88c ¿A dónde IBA usted cuando tuvo ese accidente? Venía del trabajo, del supermercado, del domicilio de un/una amigo/amiga o de otro sitio?

- 1 Hogar
- 1 Trabajo
- 2 Supermercado
- 3 Domicilio de un/una amigo/amiga/ de un familiar
- 4 Escuela/Universidad/Clase
- 5 Restaurante/Sitio de comidas rápidas
- 6 Actividad recreativa (juego de pelota, cine, etc)
- Ningún lugar en particular/sólo viajaba/caminaba
- 8 De compras/centro comercial/almacén
- 9 Otro sitio (ESPECIFICAR)
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechazada

Q89	¿Era usted pasajero/pasajera o conductor/conductora en ese accidente				
	1	Conductor/conductora			
	2	Pasajero/pasajera			
	3	(VOL) Peatón/peatona			
	4	(VOL) Ciclista			
	5	(VOL) Motocicleta			
	6	(VOL) Otra (ESPECIFICAR)			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechaza			
Q90	¿Llevał	oa el cinturón de seguridad abrochado en el momento del accidente?			
	1	Sí			
	2	No			
	3	(VOL) Conductor/conductora/pasajero/pasajera de motocicleta			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechaza			
Q91	¿En cuá	ál de los siguientes recibió tratamiento para sus heridas?			
Q91_1	¿Recibió tratamiento en(LEER LISTA)? (a) Sala de urgencias de un hospital				
	1	Sí			
	2	No			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechaza			
Q91_2	-	tó tratamiento en (LEER LISTA)? consulta de un doctor?			
	1	Sí			
	2	No			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechaza			
Q91_3		o tratamiento en (LEER LISTA)? a clínica?			
	1	Sí			
	2	No			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechaza			
		,			

Q91_4	¿Recibió tratamiento en (LEER LISTA)? (d) En el lugar del accidente?						
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechaza					
Q91E	(Q91	¿En dónde de los siguientes recibió tratamiento para sus heridas?) ¿OTRO SITIO?					
	1	Respondió					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechaza					
Q92	¿Se le	transportó desde el lugar del accidente en ambulancia o en helicóptero?					
	1	Sí, ambulancia (o vehículo de rescate)					
	2	Sí, helicóptero					
	3	No, ninguno					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechaza					
Q93	¿Estuvo hospitalizado/hospitalizada?						
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechaza					
	Q93a	¿Cuánto tiempo estuvo hospitalizado/hospitalizada?					
		1 Respondió en DÍAS					
		2 Respondió en HORAS					
		8 (VOL) No sabe					
		9 (VOL) Rechaza					
	(Q93a	¿Cuánto tiempo estuvo hospitalizado/hospitalizada?) [ANOTAR DÍAS (0-365)]					
	(Q93a	¿Cuánto tiempo estuvo hospitalizado/hospitalizada?) [ANOTAR HORAS (0-23)]					

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094
       ¿Recibió usted algún tratamiento continuado o de seguimiento para sus heridas?
       1
              Sí
       2
              No
       8
              (VOL) No sabe
       9
              (VOL) Rechaza
Q94A 1 (LEER LISTA)
                         ¿Fue en..... La consulta de un doctor?
       1
              Sí
       2
              No
       8
              (VOL) No sabe
       9
              (VOL) Rechaza
Q94a ¿Dónde recibió este tratamiento de seguimiento?
Q94A 2 (LEER LISTA) ¿Fue en...... En la consulta de un fisioterapeuta?
       1
              Sí
       2
              No
       8
              (VOL) No sabe
       9
              (VOL) Rechaza
Q94A 3 (LEER LISTA) ¿Fue en...... Una clínica?
       1
              Sí
       2
              No
       8
              (VOL) No sabe
       9
              (VOL) Rechaza
Q94A 4 (LEER LISTA) ¿Fue en......... Un hospital?
       1
              Sí
       2
              No
              (VOL) No sabe
       8
       9
              (VOL) Rechaza
Q94A 5 (LEER LISTA) ¿Fue en.......... Un quiropráctico?
       1
              Sí
       2
              No
       8
              (VOL) No sabe
       9
              (VOL) Rechaza
      ¿Dónde recibió este tratamiento de seguimiento?
Q94a
       ¿EN OTRO SITIO?
       1
              Sí
       2
              No
       8
              (VOL) No sabe
              (VOL) Rechaza
(Q94a ¿Dónde recibió este tratamiento de seguimiento?
```

(¿EN OTRO SITIO?) [ESPECIFICAR]

- Q95 ¿Le impidieron los daños de ese accidente al realizar alguna de sus actividades normales (trabajo, clases, trabajo doméstico) durante al menos una semana?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q95a ¿Hubo alguna actividad que fuera incapaz de efectuar debido a sus daños incluso un año después del accidente?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 3 Pasó hace menos de 1 año
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q96 ¿Ha tenido alguna vez daños de un accidente de tráfico que le hayan impedido realizar alguna de sus actividades normales (trabajo, clases, trabajo doméstico) durante al menos una semana?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q96a ¿Hubo actividades que no pudo desarrollar debido a los daños incluso un año después del accidente?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 3 Pasó hace menos de 1 año
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q96b ¿Ha tenido daños causados por un accidente de tráfico que le impidiese hacer cualquiera de sus actividades normales (trabajo, clases, trabajo doméstico) un año después del accidente?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q97 ¿Ha sido alguna vez el/la conductor/conductora o pasajero/pasajera de un accidente en un vehículo de motor que involucrara la muerte o heridas que necesitaran atención médica?

	1	Sí			
	2	No (VOL) No coho			
	8 9	(VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
		(VOL) Rechaza			
La gen	ite tiene	creencias diferentes sobre sus propias posibilidades de supervivencia en un accidente.			
Q98		DE ACUERDO o EN DESACUERDO con que si es su hora de morir, morirá, por lo que orta si utiliza o no el cinturón de seguridad?			
	1 2 8 9	DE ACUERDO EN DESACUERDO (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechaza			
Q99		tengo que hacerle unas preguntas sobre usted y su casa. ¿Qué edad tiene? D Rechazada = 99]			
Q101	¿Cuántos/cuántas niños/niñas MENORES DE 16 viven en su casa al menos parte del tiempo o la consideran su residencia principal? [NINGUNO/NINGUNA = 0; Rechazada = 99]				
Q102	¿Se considera usted hispano/hispana o latino americano/latina americana?				
	1	Sí			
	2	No			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechaza			
Q103		de los siguientes grupos raciales le describe a usted? Puede seleccionar más de uno. LA LISTA Y ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE			
	1	Indio/india americano/americana o nativo/nativa de Alaska			
	2	Asiático/asiática			
	3	Negro/negra o africanoamericano/africanoamericana			
	4	Nativo/nativa de Hawaii o de otra isla del Pacífico			
	5	Blanco/blanca			
	6	(VOL) Hispano/latino			
	7	Otra (ESPECIFICAR)			
	9	(VOL) Rechazada			

Q103b ¿Habla usted en casa un idioma diferente al inglés?

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Q103c ¿Cuál es este idioma?

- 1 Spanish
- 2 Chinese
- 3 French
- 4 German
- 5 Tagalog
- 6 Vietnamese
- 7 Italian
- 8 Korean
- 9 Russian
- 10 Polish
- 11 Arabic
- 12 Portuguese
- 13 Japanese
- 14 French Creole
- 15 Greek
- 16 Hindi
- 17 Persian
- 18 Urdu
- 19 Gujarathi
- 20 Armenian
- 21 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 99 (VOL) Rechazada

Q105 ¿Cuál es el curso o año académico más alto que ha completado?

- 8 Octavo grado o menos
- 9 Noveno grado
- 10 Décimo grado
- 11 Undécimo grado
- 12 Duodécimo grado/GED
- 13 Algo de universidad
- Graduado/graduada de universidad o más alto
- 99 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q106 ¿Cuál de las siguientes categorías define mejor los ingresos totales de su casa antes de impuestos en 1999? (Incluir los ingresos de todas las personas de la casa.) Los ingresos totales de su casa fueron de [LEER LISTA]

- 1 Menos de 5.000 dólares
- 2 5.000 a 14.999 dólares
- 3 15.000 a 29.999 dólares
- 4 30.000 a 49.999 dólares
- 5 50.000 a 74.999 dólares
- 6 75.000 a 99.999 dólares
- 7 100.000 dólares o más
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza

Para entender mejor las características de conductor/conductora y pasajero/pasajera, nos gustaría preguntarle su peso y altura.

Q108 ¿Cuál es aproximadamente su estatura sin zapatos?

- 1 Respondió
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechaza
- Q108a ¿Aproximadamente, cuánto mide usted sin zapatos?) [ANOTAR PIES]
- Q108b Aproximadamente, cuánto mide usted sin zapatos?) [ANOTAR PULGADAS]
- Q109 ¿Cuánto pesa usted? [LIBRAS] [No sabe =998 ; Rechazada =999]
- Q110 Sin incluir buscas y mensáfonos, ¿tiene más de un número de teléfono en su casa en los que pueda recibir llamadas telefónicas entrantes?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 9 (VOL) Rechaza
 - Q110a ¿Cuántos números de teléfono distintos tiene usted en esta residencia en los que puede recibir normalmente llamadas telefónicas entrantes?

```
[10 \text{ O MAS} = 10; \text{ No sabe} = 11; \text{ Rechazada} = 12]
```

- Q110b qweb ¿Visitó usted elsitio web de D.O.T. para averiguar más información sobre la encuesta? (en www.nhtsa.dot.gov)
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No

- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q112 La encuesta se realizó en:
 - 1 Inglés
 - 2 Español

QEND Esas son todas las preguntas que tengo para usted hoy.

ENCUESTADOR: AGRADECER Y TERMINAR. ANOTAR INICIALES.

ANOTAR EN MAYÚSCULAS 'Fecha del turno actual'

APPENDIX B2:

SPANISH LANGUAGE

QUESTIONNAIRE

VERSION 2

SCHULMAN, RONCA AND BUCUVALAS, INC. 3629BS 145 EAST 32ND STREET NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10016

January 7, 2007 OMB No. 2127-0645

STUDY NUMBER

Expiration Date: 6/30/2009

SURVEY ON OCCUPANT PROTECTION: 2006 FINAL VERSION 2 SPANISH

Sampl	ELE REA e Type: section ample		FIVAL VERSIO	IV 2 SI AIVISII	
State:			County:	Metro Status:	
Date: _			CA	ATI ID:	
Intervi	ewer:				
Teleph	one Nur	mber:			
Time S	Start:		Time End:	TOTAL TIME:	
QA		eleccionar sólo una p nás de 16 años?	persona a quien encu	uestar ¿Podría hablar con la persona de la	a casa que
	1 2 3 9 Esas so	Quien responde es Otra persona que o Quien responde no (VOL) Rechazada on todas las pregunt	coge el teléfono o está disponible	sted. Gracias por su tiempo.	
QB	¿Нау а	ılguien de entre 15 y	y 39 años de edad qu	ue viva en su casa?	
	1 2	Sí No			
	Esas so	on todas las pregunt	as que tengo para us	sted. Gracias por su tiempo.	
QC	Puedo	hablar con alguien o	que tenga entre 15 y	39 años de edad que viva en su casa?	
	1 2 3 9	Quien responde es Otra persona que o Quien responde no (VOL) Rechazada	coge el teléfono. resp o está disponible	ponde	

Esas son todas las preguntas que tengo para usted. Gracias por su tiempo.

QD Hola, me llamo (NAME) y llamo en nombre del Departamento de Transporte de los Estados Unidos. Estamos llevando a cabo un estudio nacional sobre los hábitos de conducir de los americanos y sobre las actitudes acerca de las leyes de circulación actuales. La encuesta es completamente confidencial. Dura de quince a veinte minutos.

¿Podemos empezar ahora?

- 1 CONTINUAR ENTREVISTA
- 2 Programar nueva llamada
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- QD1 ¿Por favor, me puede decir por qué no quiere hacer la encuesta?
 - 1 Respondió
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Esas son todas las preguntas que tengo para usted. Gracias por su tiempo.

- Q138 POR OBSERVACIÓN, ANOTE EL SEXO DE QUIEN RESPONDE
 - 1 Hombre
 - 2 Mujer
- Q1 ¿Con qué frecuencia conduce un vehículo a motor? ¿Casi todos los días, varios días a la semana, varios días al mes, varios días al año o nunca?
 - 1 Casi todos los días
 - 2 Varios días a la semana
 - 3 Varios días al mes
 - 4 Varios días al año
 - 10 Nunca
 - 12 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechazada
 - Q1a ¿Cuántos años lleva usted conduciendo? (Leer lista si es necesario)
 - 1 Menos de 1 año
 - 2 De 1 a 4 años
 - 3 De 5 a 9 años
 - 4 De 10 a 14 años
 - 5 De 15 a 19 años
 - 6 20 años o más
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde

- Q1b Antes de recibir su licencia de conducción, ¿tomó usted un curso de formación en conducción?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q1c Por favor, dígame si usted recibió su formación en conducción de cualquiera de los siguientes.. ¿Tomó usted para su formación en conducción un.....?

		Sí	No	(VOL) No sabe	(VOL) No responde
a.	curso en la escuela	1	2	8	9
b.	curso en una empresa privada	1	2	8	9
c.	curso a través de internet	1	2	8	9
d.	curso con uno de sus padres/familiar	1	2	8	9
e.	curso en otro lugar (Especificar)	1	2	8	9

- ¿El vehículo que conduce más frecuentemente es un coche, una Furgoneta o "minivan", una moto, un vehículo utilitario deportivo u otro tipo de camión? (NOTA: SI QUIEN RESPONDE CONDUCE MÁS DE UN VEHÍCULO CON FRECUENCIA, PREGUNTAR:) "¿Cuál ha sido el ÚLTIMO vehículo que ha conducido?"
 - 1 Coche
 - 2 Furgoneta o minivan
 - 3 Motocicleta
 - 4 Camioneta descapotable (pick up truck)
 - 5 Vehículo utilitario deportivo (Jeep/Explorer/Trooper/etc)
 - 10 Otro (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 11 Otra camioneta (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q3 Cuando se compró el/la, ¿era nuevo/nueva o usado/usada?
 - 1 Nuevo/nueva
 - 2 Usado/usada
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

INSTRUCCIÓN PARA QUIEN HACE LA ENCUESTA: LAS PREGUNTAS SOBRE EL CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD SE REFIEREN A LOS CINTURONES DEL LADO DEL CONDUCTOR.

- Para la próxima serie de preguntas, por favor responda solamente para el/la que dice que conduce habitualmente. ¿Los cinturones de seguridad del/de la van por el hombro solamente, por el regazo solamente, tanto por el hombro como por el regazo?
 - 1 Por el hombro
 - 2 Por el regazo
 - 3 Por ambos
 - 4 El vehículo no tiene cinturones
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q5 ¿Son los cinturones del hombro y del regazo de una pieza o son dos cinturones divididos?
 - 1 Una pieza
 - 2 Dos cinturones divididos
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q6 ¿Son los cinturones del hombro y del regazo automáticos, sólo el del hombro es automático o ninguno de los dos es automático?
 - 1 Ambos son automáticos
 - 2 Sólo el del hombro es automático
 - 3 Ninguno es automático
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q7 ¿Es el cinturón del hombro automático o se lo tiene que poner usted?
 - 1 Automático
 - 2 Manual
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q8 Cuando conduce, ¿lleva siempre el cinturón, o está alguna vez desconectado, desactivado o puesto detrás de usted?
 - 1 Siempre lo llevo
 - 2 Desconectado
 - 3 Desactivado
 - 4 Detrás de mí
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q9	Al conducir este/esta, ¿con qué frecuencia lleva puesto el cinturón del hombro (LEER LISTA)					
	1 TODO EL TIEMPO					
	2 LA MAYOR PARTE DEL TIEMPO 3 PARTE DEL TIEMPO					
	4 RARAMENTE O					
	5 NUNCA					
	8 (VOL) No sabe					
	9 (VOL) Rechazada					
Q10	Al conducir este/esta, ¿con qué frecuencia lleva puesto el cinturón del regazo (LEER LISTA)					
	1 TODO EL TIEMPO					
	2 LA MAYOR PARTE DEL TIEMPO					
	3 PARTE DEL TIEMPO					
	4 RARAMENTE O					
	5 NUNCA					
	8 (VOL) No sabe					
	9 (VOL) Rechazada					
Q11	¿Cuándo fue la última vez que NO llevaba puesto el cinturón de seguridad (ni el del hombro ni el del regazo) mientras conducía?					
	1 Hoy					
	2 Durante la semana pasada					
	3 Durante el mes pasado					
	4 Durante los últimos 12 meses					
	5 Hace un año o más / siempre lo llevo puesto					
	8 (VOL) No sabe					
	9 (VOL) Rechazada					
Q11a	¿En los últimos 12 meses hubo alguna vez que no se abrocho o puso el cinturón de seguridad (ni el del hombro ni el del regazo) mientras conducía?					
	1 Sí					
	2 No					
	8 (VOL) No sabe					
	9 (VOL) Rechazada					
Q12	Para hacerle la siguiente serie de preguntas, necesito saber cuántos niños/niñas MENORES DE 16 AÑOS viven en su casa al menos la mitad del tiempo o la consideran su residencia principal?					
	[NÚMERO (Rango 0-12); NINGUNO/A = 0; No sabe = 98;					
Q14a	Rechazada=99] ¿Qué edad tiene (este niño/el niño más pequeño)? (ANOTE EL AÑO MÁS CERCANO)					
-						

[NOTA: GEMELOS O MELLIZOS (TRILLIZOS, ETC.) SE DEBEN ANOTAR SEPARADAMENTE, EL/LA MÁS JOVEN, PRIMERO]

0 =	Menos de 1 año	9 = 9 años
1 =	1 año	10 = 10 años
2 =	2 años	11 = 11 año
3 =	3 años	12 = 12 años
4 =	4 años	13 = 13 años
5 =	5 años	14 = 14 años
6 =	6 años	15 = 15 años
7 =	7 años	98 = (VOL) No sabe
8 =	8 años	99 = (VOL) Rechazada

Q14b ¿Es (Q14BTXT) niño o niña?

- 1 Niño
- 2 Niña
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q14c ¿Cuál es la relación entre (Q14BTXT) y usted?
 - 1 Hijo/hija/hijastro/hijastra
 - 2 Nieto/nieta
 - 3 Hermano/hermana
 - 4 Otro/otra pariente
 - 5 Sin parentesco
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q15 ¿Conduce alguna vez con el/la (Q15TXT) Que acaba de mencionar en su?
 - 1 Sí, un/una niño/niña de la casa
 - 2 Sí, más de un/una niño/niña
 - 3 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q16 ¿Con quien de los/las niños/niñas menores de nueve años conduce algunas veces? (ANOTAR DEBAJO LA EDAD DE CADA NIÑO/NIÑA CON QUIEN CONDUCE AL MENOS A VECES) (MENCIONAR NÚMERO....)
 - 1 Menos de 1 año
 - 2 1 año
 - 3 2 años
 - 4 3 años
 - 5 4 años
 - 6 5 años
 - 7 6 años
 - 8 7 años

	9	8 años
	10	9 años
	11	10 años
	12	11 año
	13	12 años
	14	13 años
	15	14 años
	16	15 años
	99	(VOL) Rechazada
Q17	Durant	te los últimos 12 meses, ¿ha conducido usted con algún/alguna niño/niña menor de 9 años?
	1	Sí
	2	No
	8	(VOL) No sabe
	9	(VOL) Rechazada
Q18	¿Con c	qué frecuencia conduce usted con niños/niñas menores de nueve años? Es
	1	Casi todos los días
	2	Varios días a la semana
	3	Varios días al menos
	4	Varios días al año
	10	Nunca
	12	Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
	98	(VOL) No sabe
	99	(VOL) Rechazada
	Q18b	¿Con cuántos/cuántas de estos/estas niños/niñas menores de 9 años conduce usted al menos de vez en cuando?
	Rechaz	[NÚMERO (Rango 1-8); (VOL) No sabe = 98; (VOL) zada=99]
	Q19a	¿Cuál es la relación entre el/la (Q19ATXT) menor de 9 años con quien conduce al menos de vez en cuando?
		1 Hijo/hija/hijastro/hijastra
		2 Nieto/nieta
		3 Hermano/hermana
		4 Otro/otra pariente
		5 Sin parentesco
		8 (VOL) No sabe
		9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q19b ,	¿Qué edad	tiene el/la	(Q19ATXT)) menor de	9 años?
--------	-----------	-------------	-----------	------------	---------

(ANOTAR EL AÑO MÁS PRÓXIMO)

- 0 = Menos de 1 año
- 1 = 1 año
- 2 = 2 años
- 3 = 3 años
- 4 = 4 años
- 5 = 5 años
- 6 = 6 años
- 7 = 7 años
- 8 = 8 años
- 9 = (VOL) Rechazada
- Q19c ¿Es (Q19BTXT) niño o niña?
 - 1 Niño
 - 2 Niña
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q20 ¿Cuando usted conduce y lleva niños/niñas menores de 9 años con usted, ¿diría ellos van en el asiento de seguridad , asiento de seguridad elevado o llevando el cinturón de seguridad todas las veces, la mayoría de las veces, algunas veces, raramente o nunca?
 - 1 Todas las veces
 - 2 La mayoría de las veces
 - 3 Algunas veces
 - 4 Raramente
 - 5 Nunca
 - 6 (VOL) Depende del/de la niño/niña
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q21 Las próximas preguntas son para, solamente. ¿Cuánto pesa (HE/SHE)?

(NOTA: IGNORAR LAS REFERENCIAS A ONZAS; ANOTAR LIBRAS SOLAMENTE).

[RANGO 1-900; (VOL) No sabe = 998; (VOL) Rechazada = 999]

- Q21a SONDA: ¿Pesa [he/she]....
 - 1 Menos de 20 libras
 - 2 20 A 29 libras
 - 3 30 A 39 libras
 - 4 40 libras o más
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q22 ¿Cuánto mide el/la.....?

1 Respondió
8 (VOL) No sabe
9 (VOL) Rechazada

(Q22a ¿Cuánto mide el/la.....?)
(ANOTAR PIES)

(Q22b ¿Cuánto mide el/la.....?)

(ANOTAR PULGADAS)

ENCUESTADOR/ENCUESTADORA: SI LA ALTURA ES MENOS DE 13 PULGADAS, REPETIR PREGUNTA DE ALTURA

ENCUESTADOR/ENCUESTADORA: SI LA ALTURA ES MÁS DE 61 PULGADAS, REPETIR PREGUNTA DE ALTURA

ENCUESTADOR/ENCUESTADORA: SI NO PASA LA PRUEBA DE CONSISTENCIA, VOLVER A COMPROBAR EL PESO Y LA ALTURA

- Q23 Cuando usted está conduciendo y el/la va en el vehículo con usted, ¿con que frecuencia (HE/SHE) va en el asiento de seguridad para coche? Los asientos de seguridad para coche incluyen asientos para bebés, asientos para niños/niñas y asientos de seguridad elevados. Diría que (HE/SHE) va en un asiento de de seguridad para niño/niña ... (LEER LISTA)
 - 1 TODAS LAS VECES
 - 2 LA MAYORÍA DE LAS VECES
 - 3 ALGUNAS VECES
 - 4 RARAMENTE
 - 5 NUNCA
 - 6 (VOL) Nunca conduce con niño/niña
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
 - Q23a ¿Va el/la al menos de manera ocasional en asiento de seguridad para niño/niña cuando viaja con usted?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q24 ¿Cuándo fue la última vez que el/la NO viajo en el asiento de seguridad para niño/niña cuando usted conducía? [LEER LISTA SI ES NECESARIO]
(RECORDAR QUE ASIENTOS de seguridad INCLUYE asientos para infants,
ASIENTOS PARA NIÑOS/NIÑAS Y ASIENTOS DE SEGURIDAD ELEVADOS)

Hoy

- 2 La semana pasada
- 3 El mes pasado
- 4 En los últimos 12 meses
- 5 Hace un año o más/siempre lo lleva (sigue en la página siguiente)
- 10 (VOL) Nunca monta en coche
- 11 (VOL) Nunca conduce con el/la niño/niña en el coche
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q24a1 Creo que pude haber marcado algo mal, permítame revisar de nuevo, [IF PUNCH =10 leer: "su niño de (EDAD) nunca viaja en un asiento de automóvil"; IF PUNCH 11 leer: "usted nunca conduce con su niño de (EDAD) en un automóvil"]. ¿Es correcto?
 - 1 Correcto
 - No, eso no es correcto
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q24a ¿Hubo alguna vez en los últimos 12 meses en que el/la no viajo en asiento de seguridad cuando usted conducía?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q25a1 Cuando el/la (AGE) viaja en el asiento de carro para ninos, ¿el niño utiliza tiras/correas que pasan sobre los hombros y se engancha/abrocha entre las piernas?
- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 3 (VOL) Nunca usa un asiento de carro para ninos
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q25a1b Creo que pude haber marcado algo mal, permítame revisar de nuevo, ¿su niño de (EDAD) nunca viaja en un asiento de automóvil? ¿Es correcto?
 - 1 Correcto
 - No, eso no es correcto
 - 8 (VOL) No Sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde

Q25a2	¿El niño de (EDAD) generalmente esta' en una posición mirando al frente cuando viaja
	en el asiento del automóvil, en la cual el niño mira hacia la parte frontal del vehículo? ¿O
	está el nino generalmente en una posición mirando hacia atrás al viajar en el asiento del
	automovil, en la cual el niño mira hacia la parte posterior del vehículo?

- 1 Posición mirando al frente
- 2 Posición mirando hacia atrás
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q25b ¿El niño de (EDAD) viaja en un asiento auxiliar para niños?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q25c ¿Podría usted decirme el tipo de asiento de automóvil en que el niño viaja usualmente?
- Q26 Cuando usted está conduciendo y el niño de (EDAD) viaja en el [asiento para niños/"Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"], ¿está él/ella generalmente en el asiento delantero o en el asiento trasero?
 - 1 Asiento delantero
 - 2 Asiento trasero
 - 3 (VOL) Nunca usa asiento de automóvil
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde
 - q26a1 Creo que pude haber marcado algo mal, permítame revisar de nuevo, su niño de (EDAD) nunca viaja en un [asiento de automóvil/"Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"]. ¿Es correcto?
 - 1 Correcto
 - 2 No, eso no es correcto
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde
 - Q26a ¿Está el [asiento para niños/"Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"] normalmente detrás del/de la conductor/conductora, detrás del pasajero/de la pasajera o en el centro del asiento trasero?
 - 1 Detrás del/de la conductor/conductora
 - 2 Detrás del/de la pasajero/pasajera
 - 3 En el centro
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q29 ¿Cuántos días de los últimos treinta viajo el/la en un vehículo conducido por usted?

		[DÍAS: (Rango=0-30); No sabe=98; Rechazada=99]					
Q30		Durante los últimos treinta días, ¿ha viajado el/la en un vehículo donde conducía alguien de fuera de su domicilio (incluye autobús del colegio, taxis y otros vehículos privados)?					
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					
	Q30a	Durante los útlimos treinta días, ¿ha viajado el/la en un vehículo donde conducía alguien de fuera de su domicilio? [(Rango=0-30); No sabe=98; Rechazada=99]					
	Q30b	¿Quiénes fueron esos/esas conductores/conductoras? (Cuál es su relación con el niño/la niña?) (ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE)					
		1 Padre/madre/padrastro/madrastra					
		2 Hermano/hermana					
		3 Abuelo/abuela					
		4 Otros pariente					
		5 Cuidador/cuidadora diurno/diurna					
		6 Padre/madre de amigos					
		7 Otra persona no pariente					
		8 (VOL) No sabe					
		9 (VOL) Rechazada					
Q31		¿Dónde diría que es el lugar más seguro para poner el [asiento para niños/"Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"] para coche en el vehículoen el asiento delantero o en el asiento trasero?					
	1	Asiento delantero					
	2	Asiento trasero					
	3	(VOL) Depende del tipo de asiento de niño/niña para coche					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					
Q33	genera	Ahora, pensando nuevamente en el [asiento para niños/"Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"] en el que generalmente viaja el niño de (EDAD), ¿obtuvo usted el [asiento para niños/"Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"] nuevo o usado?					
	1	Nuevo					
	2	Usado					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					

Q36

9

(VOL) Rechazada

¿Compró el asiento de niño/niña para coche ["Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"], lo consiguió como regalo se los prestó un pariente o lo consiguió en un programa de préstamo (como por ejemplo un hospital u otra organización que presta asientos para automóvil ["Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"] que debe ser devuelto)?

(NOTA: SI QUIEN RESPONDE HA UTILIZADO EL ASIENTO DE NIÑO/NIÑA PARA

			ES, PROBAR PARA DETERMINAR DE DÓNDE VINO EL ASIENTO DE ARA COCHE ORIGINALMENTE)		
	1	Comp	rado		
	2		D/Préstamo		
	3		ima de préstamo		
	9		(ESPECIFICAR)		
	98) No sabe		
	99) Rechazada		
Q36		¿Venía una tarjeta de registro con el asiento de niño/niña para coche ["Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"] cuando lo compró?			
	1	Sí			
	2	No			
	8	(VOL)) No sabe		
	9	(VOL)) Rechazada		
	Q36a	¿Relle	nó y envió por correo la tarjeta de registro?		
		1	Sí		
		2	No		
		8	(VOL) No sabe		
		9	(VOL) Rechazada		
Q37	¿Oyó o leyó alguna información o recibió algún consejo sobre la necesidad de utilizar asientos de seguridad niño/niña para coche de alguna de las siguientes fuentes?				
	Q37_1	¿Cons	iguió su información a. DE UN DOCTOR O ENFERMERO/ENFERMERA		
		1	Sí		
		2	No		
		8	(VOL) No sabe		
		9	(VOL) Rechazada		
	Q37_2	¿Cons	iguió su información b. EN UN LIBRO, REVISTA O ARTÍCULO		
		1	Sí		
		2	No		
		8	(VOL) No sabe		

	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q37_4	¿Consi RADIO	guió su información d. POR LA INFORMACIÓN EN TELEVISIÓN O EN LA O
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q37_5	¿Consi	guió su información e. DE UN MIEMBRO DE SU FAMILIA O UN AMIGO
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q37_6	¿Consi	guió su información f. EN UNA LÍNEA DE INFORMACION SEGURIDAD
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q37g		o leyó acerca de la necesidad de utilizar asiento de seguridad niño/niña para coche in otro sitio?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q37h		leyó acerca de la necesidad de utilizar asiento de seguridad niño/niña para coche in otro sitio?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q37i	¿En dó	nde?

Q37_3 ¿Consiguió su información... c. PERSONA QUE OFRECE CUIDADO POR EL DÍA

Q38 ¿Cómo aprendió a ajustar el asiento de niño/niña para coche en el vehículo? (ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE)

- 1 Leí las instrucciones
- 2 Un/una pariente o amigo/amiga me ayudó
- Fue a una estación de ajuste/de inspección
- 4 Un/una profesional de la salud me lo mostró
- 5 Lo averigué yo mismo
- 6 El asiento para coche venía ajustado al coche
- 7 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 8 Porogama de televisión
- 9 Departamento de policía
- Departamento de bomberos
- 11 Clase sobre asientos de autos
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q39 ¿Leyó las instrucciones [para el asiento para niños/"para el Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"]?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

PULSAR INTRO PARA CONTINUAR

XRQ40 ORDEN DE LOS ELEMENTOS PARA Q40

- -1- LAS INSTRUCCIONES QUE ESTABAN EN LA CAJA DEL ASIENTO PARA COCHE
- -2- LAS INSTRUCCIONES QUE ESTABAN EN LA ETIQUETA DEL ASIENTO PARA COCHE
 - -3- LAS INSTRUCCIONES OUE VINIERON EN EL MANUAL DEL PROPIETARIO
 - -4- AÑADIR LUEGO (4)
 - -5- AÑADIR LUEGO (5)
 - -6- AÑADIR LUEGO (6)
 - -7- AÑADIR LUEGO (7)

Q40 1 (-Q40- ¿Qué instrucciones leyó?)

Leyó: LAS INSTRUCCIONES QUE ESTABAN EN LA CAJA DEL ASIENTO PARA COCHE

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

_ I			AN EN LA ETIQUETA DEL ASIENTO PARA
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada	
· —		- ¿Qué instrucciones leyó?) LAS INSTRUCCIONES QUE VINIER	ON EN EL MANUAL DEL PROPIETARIO
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada	
Q40_4	(-Q40-	- ¿Qué instrucciones leyó?) Leyó:	AÑADIR LUEGO (4)
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada	
Q40_5	(-Q40-	- ¿Qué instrucciones leyó?) Leyó:	AÑADIR LUEGO (5)
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada	
Q40_6	(-Q40-	- ¿Qué instrucciones leyó?) Leyó:	AÑADIR LUEGO (6)
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada	
Q40_7	(-Q40-	- ¿Qué instrucciones leyó?) Leyó:	AÑADIR LUEGO (7)
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada	
Q40_8	(-Q40-	- ¿Qué instrucciones leyó?) Leyó:	AÑADIR LUEGO (8)
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada	

Q41 ¿Cuán fáciles o difíciles fueron de entender las instrucciones? ¿Diría que las muy fáciles, algo fáciles, algo difíciles o muy difíciles de entender?		n fáciles o difíciles fueron de entender las instrucciones? ¿Diría que las instrucciones fueron áciles, algo fáciles, algo difíciles o muy difíciles de entender?				
	1 2 3 4 8 9	Muy fáciles Algo fáciles Algo difíciles Muy difíciles (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada				
Q42	¿Наbí	a instrucciones disponibles?				
	1	Sí				
	2	No				
	8	(VOL) No sabe				
	9	(VOL) Rechazada				
Q43		¿Cuán fácil le resulta ajustar el asiento de seguridad niño/niña para coche al vehículo que conduce normalmente(LEER LISTA)				
	1	MUY FÁCIL				
	2	ALGO FÁCIL				
	3	NADA FÁCIL				
	8	(VOL) No sabe				
	9	(VOL) Rechazada				
Q44	¿Qué le resulta difícil de ajustar el asiento de seguridad niño/niña para coche al vehículo? ENCUESTADOR/ENCUESTADORA: (NOTAR AL PIE DE LA LETRA LAS RESPUESTAS SOBRE SEGURIDAD JUNTO A Q44 Y LUEGO ANOTAR "1" PARA CONTINUAR)					
	1	Acomodar el cinturón de seguridad en el agujero/aro del asiento del auto				
	2	Engancharlo/sujetarlo al asiento/abrocharlo				
	3	Ajustar el cinturón de seguridad asegurándose de que está suficientemente apretado				
	4	No hay suficiente espacio para maniobrar/El diseño del asiento trasero lo hace torpe				
	5	Tengo que poner la mano/el brazo por atrás del asiento para niños para sujertarlo				
	6	Otro (Especificar)				
	8	(VOL) No sabe/no está seguro				
	9	(VOL) No responde				
Q46	¿Ha conducido alguna vez con el niño/la niña en el asiento para coche y más tarde se ha dado cuenta de que el asiento para coche no estaba ajustado de manera segura?					
	1	Sí				
	2	No				
	8	(VOL) No sabe				
	9	(VOL) Rechazada				

Q46a	6a ¿Por qué ocurrió esto?			
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Lo olvidé/no estaba prestando atención/descuido Dificil de sujetarlo de manera suficientemente apretada Asento puesto por el cónyuge/otra persona que no lo colocó correctamente Se cambió el asiento del auto a otro auto/dentro del mismo auto El niño sabe cómo desabrocharlo él mismo Otro niño aflojó accidentalmente el asiento para bebés Otro (Especificar) (VOL) No sabe/no está seguro (VOL) No responde		
Q46b	Cuando ajusta al siento de niño/niña para coche a su ¿utiliza el cinturón de seguridad en el/la para ajustar el asiento de niño/niña para coche o utiliza otra cosa para ajustar el asiento para coche al vehículo?			
	1 2 8 9	Utiliza el cinturón de seguridad Utiliza otra cosa (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada		
Q46c	¿Qué ut	tiliza usted para ajustar el asiento de niño/niña para coche a su?		
	1 8 9	Respondió (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada		
Q46d	Algunos asientos de niño/niña para coche tienen una cinta por la parte TRASERA del asiento para coche, cerca de la parte superior. Esta cinta o tether está diseñada para ajustar a un vehículo a motor detrás del asiento del coche cuando el niño/la niña está sentado/sentada mirando hacia delante. ¿Tiene el asiento de niño/niña para coche que utiliza usted con este tipo de tether por detrás ?			
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada		
Q46e	Cuando el/la niño/niña de años monta en el asiento de niño/niña para coche, ¿con qué frecuencia está la tether ajustada al vehículo a motor? ¿Diría que la tether está ajustada al vehículo a motor en(LEER LISTA)			
	1 2 3 4 8 9	Todos los viajes en que el niño/la niña monta en el asiento para coche, La mayoría de los viajes, Algunos viajes, o Ningún viaje? (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada		

Q46f	Cuando el niño/la niña está montado/montada en el asiento de niño/niña para coche y la
	tether no está ajustada al vehículo a motor, ¿cuáles son las razones por las que la tether
	no está ajustada? (NO LEER LISTA; ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE)

- 1 No hay sitio en el vehículo para sujetar la theter
- 2 No sabe cómo sujetar la tether
- 3 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 4 No se requiere/necesita
- 5 No quiere molestarse
- 6 El cinturón de seguridad es suficientemente bueno
- 7 Lo olvidé
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q47 ¿Le resulta fácil abrochar correctamente a su niño/niña en el asiento de niño/niña para coche? (LEER LISTA)
 - 1 MUY FÁCIL
 - 2 ALGO FÁCIL
 - 3 NADA FÁCIL
 - 4 (VOL) El niño/la niña se abrocha solo/sola
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q48 ¿Qué le resulta difícil al abrochar a su niño/niña al asiento de niño/niña para coche ["Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"]?

(ANOTAR LAS RESPUESTAS AL PIE DE LA LETRA EN SAF JUNTO A Q48, LUEGO ANOTAR "1" PARA CONTINUAR)

- 1 Difícil de insertar/abrochar
- 2 Ajustar las correas para hombro para que queden bien/estrechez del asiento
- 3 La ropa pesada/voluminosa/de invierno hace dificil abrochar al niño
- 4 El niño no se sienta/se sienta quieto/no coopera/se retuerce
- 5 Difícil que un adulto pase/se estire hacia la parte posterior del vehículo para abrocharlo
- 6 Otro (Especificar
- 8 (VOL) No sabe/no está seguro
- 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q50 Alguna vez su niño de (EDAD) se ha salido del asiento auxiliar para niños mientras usted va manjando?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

- Q50a ¿Con qué frecuencia cambia el asiento de niño/niña para coche ["Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"]de un vehículo a motor a otro vehículo a motor? ¿Diría usted que cambia el asiento de niño/niña para coche["Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"] de un vehículo a motor a otro casi todos los días, varios días a la semana, varios días al mes, varios días al año o nunca?
 - 1 Casi todos los días/todos los días
 - 2 Varios días por semana
 - 3 Varios días al mes
 - 4 Varios días al año
 - 10 Nunca
 - 12 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechazada
- If Q25b = 1 Leer:

"Para la siguiente serie de preguntas, voy a indagar acerca de su experiencia con asientos de auto para niños en lugar del asiento auxiliar para niños que actualmente usa usted".

- Q51 En muchas comunidades, hay sitios a donde la gente puede ir para que alguien compruebe si están ajustando los asientos de niño/niña para coche y si están abrochando a sus niños/niñas de manera correcta. ¿Ha ido alguna vez a un sitio como estos para que alguien comprobara cómo estaba ajustando el asiento de niño/niña para coche ?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
 - Q51a ¿Me podría decir qué tipo de organización o empresa patrocinó la prueba del asiento de niño/niña para coche a la que fue?
 - 1 Concesionario de coches
 - 2 Fabricante de coches
 - 3 El estado o condado
 - 4 Unidades de bombero o de rescate
 - 5 Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 6 Almacén minorista
 - 7 Hospital/centro médico/de salud
 - 8 Organización de beneficiencia/organización de servicio comunitario/AAA/interés público
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechazada
 - Q51b ¿Cómo se enteró de la prueba del asiento de niño/niña para coche al que fue? (NO LEER LISTA; ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE)
 - 1 Me enteré por la televisión
 - 2 Me enteré por la radio

	3	Lo leí en un periódico local			
	4	Alguien que conozco me lo dijo			
	5	Sitio Web/Internet			
	6	Otra (ESPECIFICAR)			
	7	Volantes			
	8	Lo vi/pasé conduciendo cerca			
	9	En el trabajo			
	10	Aviso en el camino/fuera			
	11	Consultorio médico/Hospital			
	98	(VOL) No sabe			
	99	(VOL) Rechazada			
Q51c		ntró la persona que comprobó su asiento para coche que había algo mal en la a en que usted había ajustado el asiento o abrochado a su niño/niña?			
	1	Sí			
	2	No			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechazada			
Q51d	~ ~	rió algo la persona que comprobó el asiento para coche que usted hiciera algo de a diferente de como ajusta el asiento o abrocha a su niño/niña?			
	1	Sí			
	2	No			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechazada			
Q51e	¿Qué sugirió que hiciera diferentemente?				
	MAR	TAR LA RESPUESTA AL PIE DE LA LETRA EN SAF JUNTO A Q51e Y QUE LA ANOTACIÓN "1", SI NO MARQUE LA ANOTACIÓN "98" SI NO ; ANOTACIÓN "99" PARA RECHAZADA)			
	1	Apretar más el cinturón de seguridad/Más presión en el cinturón de seguridad			
	2 3	Colocar rodilla/peso en un asiento de auto para asegurarlo más			
		Usé espuma/toalla/algo detrás/debajo para asegurarlo más			
	4	Ajustar las correas para el niño			
	5	Otro (Especificar)			
Q51f	Durante la comprobación del asiento para coche, ¿se le dio la oportunidad de practicar e				
	-	el asiento y abrochar al niño/a? ¿O pasó todo el tiempo observando a alguier obar el asiento y mostrarle cómo ajustarlo?			
	1	Se me dio oportunidad para practicar			
	2	Pasé todo el tiempo observando			
	3	Otra (ESPECIFICAR)			
	8	(VOL) No sabe			
	9	(VOL) Rechazada			

- Q51g Antes de dejar la comprobación del asiento para coche, ¿quién fue la última persona en ajustar el asiento para coche? ¿Fue usted o la persona que comprobó los asientos?
 - 1 Usted (quien responde)
 - 2 La persona que comprueba los asientos
 - 3 Otra persona (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q51h (Cuál de las siguientes afirmaciones describe mejor cómo se sintió al salir del sitio de comprobación de asientos para coche? (**LEER LISTA**)
 - 1 Me sentí más confuso/confusa cuando me fui que cuando llegué
 - 2 Sintió que no había aprendido nada que usted no supiera ya
 - 3 Sintió que usted había aprendido a hacer un mejor trabajo al sujetar y abrochar a su niño/niña, pero seguía inseguro/insegura de poder hacer todo correctamente,
 - 4 Me sentí completamente seguro de que podía ajustar y abrochar a su niño/niña de manera segura por sí mismo/misma
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q51i Cuando usted se fue, ¿sobre qué se sentía más inseguro?

(ANOTAR LA RESPUESTA AL PIE DE LA LETRA EN SAF JUNTO A Q51i Y MARQUE LA ANOTACIÓN "1", SI NO MARQUE LA ANOTACIÓN "98" SI NO SABE; ANOTACIÓN "99" PARA RECHAZADA)

- 1 Respondió
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q51j Recientemente, se ha diseñado una nueva manera de ajustar los asientos de niño/niña para coche llamada LATCH. Eso significa Tether Y Anclajes inferiores para niños/niñas. Antes de hoy, ¿había oído hablar alguna vez de LATCH?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q511 ¿Ha utilizado alguna vez un sistema LATCH en su asiento de niño/niña para coche?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

	Q51m	¿Tuvo alguna dificultad ajustando el sistema de asiento para coche LATCH a un vehículo a motor?							
		1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechazada							
	Q51n	¿Qué dificultades tuvo? (ANOTAR LA RESPUESTA AL PIE DE LA LETRA EN SAF JUNTO A Q51n Y MARQUE LA ANOTACIÓN "1", SI NO MARQUE LA ANOTACIÓN "98" SI NO SABE; ANOTACIÓN "99" PARA RECHAZADA)							
		1 Respondió 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechazada							
Q52		or, responda sí o no a cada una de las siguientes afirmaciones. Cuando mi (RCHILD) no en el asiento de niño/niña para coche ["Asiento Auxiliar para Niños"], es a veces porque							
Q52_1	a. [he/s	she] ES DEMASIADO GRANDE							
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada							
Q52_2	b.								
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada							
Q52_3	c. [he/s	she] NO SE QUEDA DENTRO							
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada							
Q52_4	d. NO	HAY SITIO EN EL COCHE PARA EL ASIENTO							
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada							

Q52_5	e. [he/	she] SÓLO ESTARÁ EN EL COCHE UN RATO CORTO
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q52_6	f. TEN	JEMOS PRISA
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q52_7	g. EL	ASIENTO DE NIÑO/NIÑA PARA COCHE NO ESTÁ DISPONIBLE
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q52h		lguna otra razón por la que (HE/SHE) no se monta en el asiento de niño/niña para coche nto Auxiliar para Niños"]?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
	Q52H0	¿Qué otras razones? (Por las que el niño/la niña no se monta en el asiento de niño/niña para coche)
Q53		o el/la no monta en el asiento de niño/niña para coche ["Asiento Auxiliar para]al ir con usted, ¿se sienta (HE/SHE) normalmente en el regazo de alguien?
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
Q54		o el/la no monta en el asiento de niño/niña para coche ["Asiento Auxiliar para]al ir con usted, ¿se sienta (HE/SHE) normalmente en el asiento delantero o en el asiento?
	1 2 3 8 9	Asiento delantero Asiento trasero (Vol) En la parte trasera de un coche familiar o camioneta (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada

Q55	Cuando el/la	no monta en el	asiento de nii	ño/niña para c	coche ["Asient	to Auxiliar pa	ra
Niños"]al ir con usted,	¿con cuánta frecu	uencia tiene %	HESHE% el	cinturón de se	eguridad abro	chado?
(LEER	R LISTA)						

1 TODAS I	LAS V	ECES
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- 2 LA MAYORÍA DE LAS VECES
- 3 ALGUNAS VECES
- 4 RARAMENTE O
- 5 NUNCA
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q56 El cinturón de seguridad que se pone normalmente el niño/la niña, ¿va por el hombro solamente, por el regazo solamente o por el hombro y por el regazo?
 - 1 Por el hombro
 - 2 Por el regazo
 - 3 Por ambos
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q57 Por favor dígame sí o no si las siguientes cosas pasan cuando el/la (RCHILD) lleva el cinturón de seguridad mientras monta en un vehículo a motor. En la mayoría de los viajes,......?
- Q57 1 (a) ¿Va el cinturón del hombro va por el cuello o cara del niño/de la niña?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q57 2 (b) ¿Va el cinturón del regazo por la parte superior de los muslos o caderas del niño/de la niña?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q57 3 (c) ¿Va el cinturón del regazo por el estómago del niño/de la niña?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q57_4	(d) ¿El	niño/la n	iña puso el cinturón del hombro por detrás de él/ella?				
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL)	No sabe				
	9	(VOL) I	Rechazada				
Q57_5	(e) ¿El	ni¤o pus	o el cintur¢n de hombro bajo su/su brazo?				
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL)					
	9	(VOL) I	Rechazada				
Q57_6	(f) ¿Las	s piernas	del ni¤o se agachan la orilla del asiento?				
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL)					
	9	(VOL) I	Rechazada				
Q58	_	ıridad en	ué edad cree que un niño/una niña está listo/lista para empezar a llevar cinturón vez de utilizar algún tipo de asiento de niño/niña para coche? ANGO = 1 A 12; OTRO = 13; No sabe = 98; Rechazada = 99]				
Q59	Por favor, responda sí o no a cada una de las siguientes afirmaciones para indicar si esta es la razón por la que el/la (RCHILD) no monta en un asiento de niño/niña para coche.						
Q59_1	Mi	no monta	a en asiento de niño/niña para coche porque				
	a. [he/she] NO TIENE						
		1	Sí				
		2	No				
		8	(VOL) No sabe				
		9	(VOL) Rechazada				
	b.	[he/she]	ES DEMASIADO GRANDE				
			Sí				
			No				
			(VOL) No sabe				
		9	(VOL) Rechazada				

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[he/she] NO LE GUSTA

c.

	1 2	Sí No (VOL) No cobo					
	8 9	(VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada					
d.	[he/she	e] NO SE QUEDA DENTRO					
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					
e.	[he/she	e] UTILIZA CINTURÓN DE SEGURIDAD					
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					
f.	NO HA	AY SITIO SUFICIENTE EN EL COCHE					
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					
g.	LA LEY NO LO OBLIGA PARA EL TAMAÑO Y EDAD DEL NIÑO/DE LA NIÑA						
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					
h.	[he/she	e] ES DEMASIADO MAYOR					
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					
Q59i	¿Hay a coche?	alguna otra razón por la que [he/she] no monte en un asiento de niño/niña para					
	1	Sí					
	2	No					
	8	(VOL) No sabe					
	9	(VOL) Rechazada					
Q59i	¿Qué o para co	otras razones? (Para que el niño/la niña no se monte en un asiento de niño/niña oche)					

	Q59j	¿Hay alguna razón en particular por la que no tiene uno?							
		1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechazada							
		Q59j1 ¿Cuál es esa razón?							
		Tiene demasiada edad/tiene la edad para usar cinturón de seguridad El niño está por encima del límite de peso/pesa bastante para no usar uno El niño es demasiado grande El niño ha crecido y no le queda/le queda pequeño El niño usa cinturón de seguridad (sin mencionar tamaño, peso, etc.) La ley no exige que se use uno No es necesario/no necesita uno Demasiado costoso/no puedo pagarlo Otro (Especificar) (VOL) No sabe (VOL) No responde							
Q60		e se sienta normalmente el/la en el vehículo cuando usted conduce en el asiento ero o en el trasero?							
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 98 99	Asiento delantero Asiento trasero Aproximadamente igual (VOL) Asiento/fila del medio AÑADIR LUEGO (5) AÑADIR LUEGO (6) AÑADIR LUEGO (7) AÑADIR LUEGO (8) Otra (ESPECIFICAR) (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada							
Q61	¿Con o	cuánta frecuencia utiliza [he/she] el cinturón de seguridad? (LEER LISTA)							
	1 2 3 4 5 8	TODAS LAS VECES LA MAYORÍA DE LAS VECES ALGUNAS VECES RARAMENTE O NUNCA (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada							

Q62	El cinturón que normalmente lleva el/la ¿va por el hombro solamente, por el regazo solamente o por el hombro y por el regazo?									
	1 Por el hombro									
	2		regazo							
	3	Por an								
	8) No sabe							
	9 (VOL) Rechazada									
Q63		avor, dígame sí o no si las siguientes cosas pasan normalmente cuando el/la (RCHILD) lleva aturón de seguridad mientras en un vehículo a motor.								
Q63_1	En la n	nayoría	de los viajes,							
	(a)	¿Va e	l cinturón del hombro por la cara o cuello del niño/de la niña?							
		1	Sí							
		2	No							
		8	(VOL) No sabe							
		9	(VOL) Rechazada							
	(b)	¿Va e	l cinturón del regazo por la parte superior de los muslos o por las caderas?							
		1	Sí							
		2	No							
		8	(VOL) No sabe							
		9	(VOL) Rechazada							
	(c)	¿Va e	l cinturón del regazo por el estómago del niño/de la niña?							
		1	Sí							
		2	No							
		8	(VOL) No sabe							
		9	(VOL) Rechazada							
	(d)	¿Pone el niño/la niña el cinturón del hombro por detrás de él/ella?								
		1	Sí							
		2	No							
		8	(VOL) No sabe							
		9	(VOL) Rechazada							
	(e)	¿Pone	e el niño/la niña el cinturón del asiento para el hombro por debajo de su brazo?							
		1	Sí							

		 No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
	(f)	¿Se doblan las piernas del niño/de la niña por el borde del asiento?
		1 Sí 2 No 8 (VOL) No sabe 9 (VOL) Rechazada
Q64		eral, ¿a qué edad cree que un niño/una niña está preparado/preparada para empezar a lleva rón de seguridad en vez de utilizar algún tipo de asiento para coche?
Q65		le hoy, ¿había visto usted u oído hablar de un tipo de asiento para coche llamado asiento uridad elevado antes de hoy?
	1	Sí
	2	No
	8 9	(VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
		(VOE) Rechazada
Q66	¿Ha ut	lizado alguna vez un asiento de seguridad elevado mientras conducía con su (CHILD)?
	1	Sí
	2	No
	8 9	(VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada
	9	(VOL) Rechazada
	Q66a	¿A qué edad empezó usted a utilizar un asiento de seguridad elevado para su (CHILD)?
		[RANGO = 0 A 8; Menos de 1 YR = 0; No sabe/Rechazada = 9
	Q66b	¿Aproximadamente cuánto pesaba el/la (CHILD) en el momento en que empezó a utiliza asiento de seguridad elecado? [ANOTAR EN LIBRAS]
		[No sabe = 998; Rechazada = 999]
Q67	¿Tiene	algún tipo de preocupaciones sobre la seguridad de los asientos de seguridad elevados?
	1	Sí
	2	No No

- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q67a ¿Cuáles son esas preocupaciones (sobre la seguridad de los asientos de seguridad elevados)?

(ANOTAR LA RESPUESTA AL PIE DE LA LETRA EN SAF JUNTO A Q67a Y MARQUE LA ANOTACIÓN "1", SI NO MARQUE LA ANOTACIÓN "98" SI NO SABE; ANOTACIÓN "99" PARA RECHAZADA)

- 1 El asiento no está sujetado de manera segura al asiento del auto/no es estable
- 2 Restricción inadecuada/No sujeta completamente al niño
- 3 El asiento no es seguro
- 4 El niño/bebé podría salirse de él
- 5 Preocupaciones de seguridad/No sé qué tan seguros son
- 6 Qué tan seguros son en comparación con los asientos de seguridad normales
- 7 Qué tan seguros serían en un accidente
- 8 Otro (Especificar)
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) No responde
- Q67b ¿Cuál diría que es la razón MÁS IMPORTANTE para que un niño/una niña utilice un asiento de seguridad elevado? (**NO LEER LISTA**)
 - 1 Que el niño/la niña esté más seguro/segura
 - 2 Hacer que el cinturón de seguridad ajuste correctamente
 - 3 Los profesionales de la salud y de la seguridad lo recomiendan
 - 4 Permitir que el niño/la niña vea mejor fuera de la ventana
 - 5 Es la ley
 - 6 No quiero que me pongan una multa
 - 7 (VOL) Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 8 Cuando el niño es demasiado grande para asiento de seguridad pero demasiado pequeño para cinturón de seguridad
 - 9 Mejor que el cinturón de seguridad
 - 10 Mantiene quieto al niño
 - 98 (VOL) No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) No responde

Q67c ¿Qué hace que el asiento de seguridad elevado para que el niño/la niña esté más seguro/segura?

(ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE. NO LEER)

- 1 Hace que el cinturón de seguridad ajuste correctamente
- 2 Eleva al niño/a la niña
- 3 Mantiene al niño/a la niña en su sitio
- 4 Evita que el niño/la niña salga despedido del vehículo
- 5 (VOL) Otra (ESPECIFICAR)
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q68

	use u	use un asiento de carro auxiliary diferente o cinturon de seguridad solamente?									
	1 2 8 9 10 98 99	Asie Otro (VO (VO (VO	erente asi ento auxi o (ESPEC L) Nada oL) Asier L) No sa oL) Rech	liar sola CIFICAF nto de se abe	mente R)						
Q69	de se multa	guridad is y 10	l? En u significa	na escala que la p	a de a 1 policía d	0, donde ebería p	e 1 signi oner mu	fica que ltas por	la polic	ía casi nunca	so del cinturón debería poner s leyes sobre el policía?
	LA P PONI MUL INFR	OLICÍ	ONES	R	A						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	98 99	,	L) No sa L) Rech								
Q70		¿Cuál piensa que debería ser la multa mínima por la infracción de las leyes sobre el uso del asiento de niño/niña para coche?									
					[(Range	o=1-10	00); Sin	multa/a	aviso =	0 ; (VOL) N	o sabe =
	9998	9998; No responde = 9999]									
						No resp	onae –	9999]			
Q71	¿Qué opina sobre cuando a los niños/las niñas se les queden pequeños los asientos de niño/niña para coche, incluyendo los asientos de seguridad elevados? ¿Está de acuerdo o en desacuerdo en que se les debería obligar por ley a llevar el cinturón de seguridad al montar en un vehículo?										
	1 2 3 8 9	Dep En d (VO	ncuerdo ende de lesacuero L) No sa L) Rech	do abe							

¿Cuando su niño de (EDAD) deje su actual asiento auxiliary para niños; espera usted que el/ella

Q72	¿Qué edad deberían tener los niños/las niñas antes de que no se les obligue por ley a llevar el
	cinturón de seguridad o piensa que a todos los niños/las niñas se les debería obligar?

[EDAD (Rango: 0-21); SE DEBERÍA OBLIGAR A TODOS LOS NIÑOS = 21; 0=NO SE DEBERÍA OBLIGAR A NINGUNA EDAD; (VOL) No sabe = 98; No responde=99]

Q72a Ahora me gustaría hacerle algunas preguntas acerca de enseñar a los adolescentes a conducir. En su opinión, ¿cuál es la edad más temprana en la que se les debería otorgar a los adolescentes un permiso de practicante para conducir?

EDAD
98 (VOL) No sabe
99 (VOL) No responde

- Q72b Si los adolescentes toman un curso de formación en conducción, ¿qué tan importante es que ellos **también tengan** a uno de sus padres o tutor que les enseñe a conducir además de la instrucción del curso? ¿Diría usted que es muy importante, un poco importante o que no es importante?
 - 1 Muy importante
 - 2 Un poco importante
 - 3 No es importante
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q72c ¿Cuántas horas recomendaría usted que un padre o tutor pase enseñando a su hijo adolescente a conducir? ¿Recomendaría usted que un padre o tutor pase más de 50 horas, entre 25 y 50 horas, menos de 25 horas o ninguna hora enseñando a su hijo adolescente a conducir?
 - 1 Más de 50 horas
 - 2 Entre 25 y 50 horas
 - 3 Menos de 25 horas
 - 4 Ninguna hora
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde
- Q72d Cuando **usted** aprendió a conducir, ¿cuántas horas pasaron sus padres enseñándole a conducir. ¿Diría usted que pasaron más de 50 horas, entre 25 y 50 horas, menos de 25 horas o ninguna hora enseñándole a usted a conducir?
 - 1 Más de 50 horas
 - 2 Entre 25 y 50 horas
 - 3 Menos de 25 horas
 - 4 Ninguna hora
 - 5 (VOL) Un adulto diferente a mis padres me enseñó
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) No responde

Q72e En la mayoría de los estados, los adolescentes deben conducir con un permiso de practicante durante un periodo de tiempo requerido, generalmente 6 meses. Después de este periodo, algunos estados permiten a los adolescentes obtener la misma licencia de conducción que obtienen las personas adultas. Otros estados exigen que se otogue una licencia provisional, la cual tiene normas especiales que los conductores deben seguir, como no conducir de noche.

¿Qué cree usted que es lo mejor **después del permiso de practicante**......?

- Que los adolescentes obtengan la misma licencia de conducción que los adultos,
- 2 Que los adolescentes obtengan una licencia provisional con reglas especiales
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) No responde

Q72f Por favor, dígame si usted está de acuerdo, en desacuerdo o no tiene opinión acerca de si una licencia provisional para adolescentes debería incluir las siguientes normas especiales.

		De	En	No
		acuerdo	desacuerdo	opina
a.	El adolescente No puede conducir sin supervisión después de las 9:00 p.m	1	2	3
b.	El adolescente tiene restricción sobre el número de pasajeros adolescentes cuando está conduciendo	1	2	3
c.	El adolescente NO puede usar teléfono celular mientras conduce	1	2	3
d.	El adolecente debe conducir por lo menos un año sin violaciones en su registro de conducición antes de obtener la licencia regular de adulto	1	2	3
e.	El adolescente debe usar cinturón de seguridad todo el tiempo mientras conduce	1	2	3

Ahora me gustaría hacerle unas preguntas sobre los airbags.

Q73 ¿Tiene el/la [ctv] que conduce [drive] normalmente airbag?

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q74 ¿Tiene ese/esa [ctv] un airbag delante del conductor/de la conductora?

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

- Q75 ¿Tiene ese/esa [ctv] un airbag en frente de donde se sentaría un pasajero/una pasajera en el asiento delantero?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
 - Q75a ¿Hay un airbag en algún otro sitio en ese/esa [ctv]?
 (SI Sí: ¿Dónde?) ¿Dónde más? (ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE; LEER SI ES NECESARIO)
 - 1 En las puertas del coche, al lado del asiento delantero
 - En las puertas del coche, al lado del asiento trasero
 - 3 En la cortina descendiente de encima de las puertas delanteras
 - 4 En la cortina descendiente de encima de las puertas traseras
 - 5 En el mismo asiento delantero
 - 6 En el mismo asiento trasero
 - 7 AÑADIR LUEGO (7)
 - 8 AÑADIR LUEGO (8)
 - 9 Sí, pero no sé dónde
 - 10 Otro (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 11 No
 - 98 (VOL No sabe
 - 99 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q76 ¿Según lo que sabe o ha oído, ¿cuán probable es que un adulto que esté sentado en el asiento delantero sufra daños por un airbag al abrirse normalmente? Es ... (**LEER**)?
 - 1 Muy probable sufrir danos
 - 2 Algo probable sufrir daños
 - 3 Algo improbable sufrir daños, o
 - 4 Muy improbable sufrir daños
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q76a ¿Seg£n lo que sabe o ha o¡do, "cu n probable es que un adulto que est, sentado en el asiento delantero sufra da¤os por un airbag al abrirse normalmente? Es ... (LEER)?

- 1 Muy probable sufrir da¤os
- 2 Algo probable sufrir da¤os
- 3 Algo improbable sufrir da¤os, o
- 4 Muy improbable sufrir da¤os
- 5 (VOL) No sabe
- 6 (VOL) Rechazada

Q76b ¿Basado en lo que usted sabe o ha o¡do, cu n probable es que un adulto que se sienta en el asiento anterior y no lleva un cintur¢n del asiento ser¡a herido por un airbag o una bolsa a,rea cuando abre normalmente?

- 1 Muy probable sufrir da¤os
- 2 Algo probable sufrir da¤os
- 3 Algo improbable sufrir da¤os, o
- 4 Muy improbable sufrir da¤os
- 5 (VOL) No sabe
- 6 (VOL) Rechazada

Q77 ¿Es muy probable que un niño/niña pequeño/pequeña que esté sentado/sentada en el asiento delantero sufra daños por un airbag al abrirse? Es... (**LEER LISTA**)

- 1 Muy probable sufrir daños
- 2 Algo probable sufrir daños
- 3 Algo improbable sufrir daños, o
- 4 Muy improbable sufrir daños
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q78 ¿Ha visto u oído usted algún aviso sobre airbags?

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q79 ¿Qué aviso sobre la seguridad de los airbags ha visto u oído? ¿Algo Ma's?

[NO LEER LISTA. ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE]

- 1 Los airbags pueden matar a los niños/las niñas/adultos pequeños
- 2 El asiento trasero es más seguro para los niños/las niñas
- Nunca ponga a los niños/las niñas mirando hacia atrás en el asiento delantero
- 4 Siéntese lo más lejos posible del airbag
- 5 Los airbags pueden lesionarlo
- 6 Le pusieron restricciones/amonestaciones sobre peso/altura/edad

- 7 Siempre usar su cinturón de seguridad con airbag
- 8 Los airbags pueden quemar/los químicos pueden causar daños
- 9 Apagar los airbags si hay niños/adultos jóvenes en el asiento delantero
- 10 Fuerza/impacto/velocidad del airbag
- 11 Los airbags se despliegan accidentalmente
- 12 Otro (ESPECIFICAR)
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q80 ¿Hay avisos sobre la seguridad de los airbags en el/la que usted conduce normalmente?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q81 En el/la, ¿dónde están las etiquetas de aviso?

[NO LEER LISTA. ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE.]

- 1 Protector solar
- 2 Salpicadero
- 3 Manual del propietario
- 4 Guantera
- 5 Puerta interior/panel de puerta
- 6 Volante
- 7 Otro (ESPECIFICAR)
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Ahora me gustaría hacerle varias preguntas sobre un asunto sobre el que puede que no sepa mucho . ¿Puede decirme qué significan las iniciales "EMS"?
 - 1 Sí, servicio/EMS
 - 2 Sí, respuesta errónea
 - 3 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
 - Q91b Otra respuesta a los que significa "EMS".

Muchas personas no lo saben, pero ems significa servicios medicos de emergencias (por sus siglas en ingles). Llos servicios medicos de emergencia incluye a todas las personas de su comunidad que responden a emergencias medicas , tales como ambulancias, grupos de rescate y servicios de emergencias en los hospitales.

Q92a1	92a1 En su opinión, ¿son los servicios médicos de emergencia más importantes, igual de importantes importantes para su comunidad que los servicios que proporciona el departamento policía?				
	1 N	Más importantes			
		gual de importantes			
		Menos importantes			
		VOL) No sabe			
	9 (VOL) Rechazada			
Q92a2		inión, ¿son los servicios médicos de emergencia más importantes, igual de importantes o nportantes para su comunidad que los servicios que proporciona el departamento de s?			
	1 N	Más importantes			
		gual de importantes			
	3 N	Menos importantes			
		VOL) No sabe			
	9 (VOL) Rechazada			
Q93	Si hubiera una emergencia médica en su vecindario y llamara a una ambulancia, ¿cuánto tiem cree que tardaría en llegar la ambulancia?				
		[(ANOTAR MINUTOS): (Rango: 1-60) MÁS DE UNA HORA=61; No sabe=98; Rechazada=99]			
Q94	Independientemente del tipo de emergencia médica, ¿cuán confiado está usted de que la ambulancia u otros trabajadores de emergencias sabrán qué hacer? (LEER LISTA)				
	1 N	MUY SEGURO/SEGURA			
		ALGO SEGURO/SEGURA, O			
	3	NO SEGURO/SEGURA			
		VOL) No sabe			
	9 (VOL) Rechazada			
Q95	¿Ha llam ayuda?	¿Ha llamado usted personalmente alguna vez al 911 o a otro número de emergencia pidiendo ayuda?			
	1 5	Sí			
		No			
	,	VOL) No sabe			
	9 (VOL) Rechazada			

Q95a ¿Cuánto tiempo hace que ocurrió eso (la última vez)?

- 1 Hoy
- 2 Durante la semana pasada
- 3 Durante el mes pasado
- 4 En los últimos 12 meses
- 5 Hace un año o más
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q95b ¿Llamó a la policía, los bomberos, una ambulancia o a algo diferente? [ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE]

- 1 Policía
- 2 Departamento de bomberos
- 3 Ambulancia
- 4 Grupo de rescate
- 5 Servicios médicos de emergencia
- 6 Control de intoxicaciones
- 7 Otro (ESPECIFICAR)
- 8 (VOL) No sabía que 911 era el apropiado
- 98 (VOL) No sabe
- 99 (VOL) Rechazada

Q96a1 ¿Llamó usted de un teléfono que estaba unido a la pared o a una salida? ¿O llamó usted de un teléfono inalámbrico, como un teléfono celular?

- 1 Conectado a la pared
- 2 Inalámbrico
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q96a2 Si usted utilizara un teléfono celular para llamar al 911 por una emergencia en su comunidad, ¿puede el Centro de Atención Telefónica del 911 identificar su NÚMERO TELEFÓNICO sin que usted se lo diga?

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Q96a3 Si usted utilizara un teléfono celular para llamar al 911 por una emergencia en su comunidad, ¿puede el Centro de Atención Telefónica del 911 identificar su UBICACIÓN sin que usted se la diga?

- 1 Si
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada

- Q96b Las comunidades pagan por los servcios de llamada al 911 a través de tarifas o impuestos cobrados al público. ¿Estaría usted dispuesto o poco dispuesto a pagar más de lo que usted paga actualmente por los servicios de llamada al 911 para ubicar más fácilmente a las personas que llaman?
 - 1 Dispuesto a pagar más
 - 2 Poco dispuesto a pagar más
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q96c ¿Cuánto más estaría usted dispuesto a pagar por año por servicios de llamada al 911? ¿Estaría usted dispuesto a pagar menos de \$5 más, entre \$5 y \$10 más, entre \$10 y \$20 más o más de \$20 más por año?
 - 1 Menos de \$5 más
 - 2 Entre \$5 y \$10 más
 - 3 Entre \$10 y \$20 más
 - 4 Más de \$20 más
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q96d Las comunidades utilizan otros impuestos y tarifas cobrados al público para pagar los sistemas de servicios médicos de emergencia, los cuales incluyen ambulancias, grupos de rescate y servicios de emergencia hospitalarios. ¿Estaría usted dispuesto o poco dispuesto a pagar más de lo que usted paga actualmente para el sistema de servicios médicos de emergencia de su comunidad para mejorar los equipos y la capacitación de los servicios médicos de emergencia?
 - 1 Dispuesto a pagar más
 - 2 Poco dispuesto a pagar más
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q96e ¿Cuánto más estaría usted dispuesto a pagar por año para el sistema de servicios médicos de emergencia de su comunidad? ¿Estaría usted dispuesto o poco dispuesto a pagar menos de \$5 más, entre \$5 y \$10 más, entre \$10 y \$20 más o más de \$20 más por año?
 - 1 Menos de \$5 más
 - 2 Entre \$5 y \$10 más
 - 3 Entre \$10 y \$20 más
 - 4 Más de \$20 más
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q97A Suponiendo que fuera a un precio razonable y en una ubicación conveniente, ¿qué tan interesado estaría usted en tomar una capacitación para ser proveedor de servicios médicos de emergencia?
 - 1 Muy interesado
 - 2 Un poco interesado
 - 3 Nada interesado

- 4 (VOL) Ya tengo capacitación en servicios médicos de emergencia
- 5 (VOL) Depende
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q104 Cuando conduce un vehículo a motor, ¿lleva habitualmente un teléfono radiofónico de algún tipo en el vehículo con usted? Este podría ser un teléfono de coche, un celular, un teléfono PCS, un teléfono GSM o un teléfono por satélite.
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q.105 ¿Cuando usted maneja, a menudo c¢mo usted dir¡a usted mantiene el tel,fono prendi¢ para que usted pudiera recibir las llamadas? "H galo dice que usted mantiene el tel,fono prendi¢ durante.?
 - 1 En todos los viajes
 - 2 En la mayor¡a de los viajes
 - 3 Aproximadamente en la mitad de los viajes
 - 4 Menos de la mitad de los viajes, o
 - 5 Nunca
 - 6 (VOL) No sabe
 - 7 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q105a ¿Cuando recibe una llamada telefónica mientras conduce, ¿con qué frecuencia responde a la llamada? Diría que usted siempre, normalmente, raramente o nunca responde una llamada mientras conduce?
 - 1 Siempre
 - 2 Normalmente
 - 3 Raramente
 - 4 Nunca
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q106 ¿Con cuánta frecuencia habla por teléfono mientras conduce? Diría que usted está al teléfono mientras conduce en......?
 - 1 En todos los viajes
 - 2 En la mayoría de los viajes
 - 3 Aproximadamente en la mitad de los viajes
 - 4 Menos de la mitad de los viajes, o
 - 5 Nunca
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

- Q106a Cuando usted habla por teléfono mientras que conduce, ¿tiende a sostener el teléfono con su mano o tiende a utilizar el manos libres?
 - 1 Sujeta el teléfono
 - 2 Utiliza el manos libres
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q106b ¿Utiliza siempre el manos libres cuando habla por teléfono mientras conduce o a veces sujeta el teléfono con la mano al conducir y hablar por teléfono?
 - 1 Siempre utiliza el manos libres
 - 2 A veces utiliza el manos libres
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q106c Cuando está hablando por teléfono mientras conduce, ¿lleva normalmente audífono o auricular para hablar, utiliza normalmente un teléfono con altavoz o normalmente utiliza otra cosa para hablar?
 - 1 Audífono/auricular
 - 2 Teléfono con altavoz
 - 3 Sólo el teléfono
 - 4 Otra cosa (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q106d ¿Cuando se pone normalmente el auricular/auricular? ¿Se pone normalmente el audífono/auricular antes de empezar a conducir, se los pone mientras conduce o se los pone normalmente al parar temporalmente?
 - 1 Antes de empezar a conducir
 - 2 Mientras conduce
 - 3 Al parar temporalmente
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q106e Cuando está conduciendo y quiere marcar el teléfono, ¿tiende a marcar el teléfono mientras está conduciendo, intenta marcar el teléfono mientras está PARADO TEMPORALMENTE o intenta parar y detener el vehículo a motor antes de marcar?
 - 1 Mientras conduce
 - 2 Al parar temporalmente
 - 3 Para y se detiene
 - 4 (VOL) Nunca marco
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q107 ¿En su estado hay alguna ley por la cual sea ilegal hablar por teléfono celular utilizando la mano mientras se conduce?

	1 2 8	Sí No (VOL) No sabe				
	9	(VOL) Rechazada				
Q108	¿Ha utilizado alguna vez un teléfono de coche o teléfono celular u otro tipo de teléfono inalámbrico para informar de una emergencia mientras conducía o montaba en un vehículo motocicleta?					
	1	Sí				
	2	No				
	8	(VOL) No sabe				
	9	(VOL) Rechazada				
Q109	¿Sobre qué llamada de emergencia llamó?					
	1	Auto varado en la carretera/avería/vehículo descompuesto				
	2	Conductor ebrio				
	3	Accidente automovilístico/colisión/choque/estrellada				
	5	Conductor imprudente/agresivo				
	6	Restos y escombros en la vía				
	7	Animal golpeado/arrollado				
	8	Fuego				
	10	Emergencia médica				
	11	Comportamiento criminal				
	12	Incendio vehicular				
	13	Otro (Especificar)				
	98	(VOL) No sabe				
	99	(VOL) No responde				
Q99	Supongamos que usted va conduciendo y ve que ocurre un accidente y no hay nadie en la escena para ayudar. ¿Qué preocupaciones tendría usted para detenerse y ayudar? ¿Algo Ma's?					
	1	No tengo preocupaciones				
	2	Procesos judiciales/responsabilidades				
	3	No sabría qué hacer/cómo ayudar				
	4	Truco para hacerlo detener				
	5	Causar más lesiones a la víctima				
	6	Seguridad personal				
	7	Seguridad de mis hijos/pasajeros				
	8	Qué tan lesionada puede estar la víctima/gravedad de la lesión				
	13	Otro (ESPECIFICAR)				
	14	No me gusta ver muertos/cuerpos mutilados				
	15	No soy fisicamente apto para ayudar/demasiado viejo para ayudar				
	98	(VOL) No sabe				
	99	(VOL) No responde				

Q110	¿Ha sufrido USTED heridas en un accidente de vehículo a motor? Cuente solamente las heridas
	que necesitaron atención médica.

- 1 Sí
- 2 No
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q110a ¿Ha sufrido USTED alguna herida en un accidente de vehículo a motor en el que usted era pasajero/pasajera o ha sido usted golpeado/golpeada y lesionado/lesionada por un vehículo a motor mientras caminaba o montaba en bicicleta? Cuente solamente las heridas daños que necesitaron atención médica.
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q111 ¿Cuántas veces le ha ocurrido esto? [No sabe=98; Rechazada=99]
- Q112 ¿Hace cuánto tiempo que pasó %Q112TXT% accidente? [EN EL ÚLTIMO AÑO=0; NO SABE=98; RECHAZADA=99] [ANOTAR EL NÚMERO DE AÑOS]
- Q113 ¿Era usted conductor/conductora o pasajero/pasajera en ese accidente?
 - 1 Conductor/conductora
 - 2 Pasajero/pasajera
 - 3 (VOL) Peatón
 - 4 (VOL) Ciclista
 - 5 Otro (ESPECIFICAR)
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q114 ¿Llevaba el cinturón de seguridad abrochado en el momento del accidente?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 3 (VOL) No sabe
 - 4 (VOL) Conductor/conductora/pasajero/pasajera de motocicleta
- Q115 ¿En cuál de los siguientes recibió tratamiento para sus heridas?'

Q115_	1	¿Recibió tratamiento en(LEER LISTA)? (a) Sala de urgencias de un hospital					
		1	Sí				
		2	No				
		8	(VOL) No sabe				
		9	(VOL) Rechazada				
		(b) La consulta de un doctor					
		1	Sí				
		2	No				
		8	(VOL) No sabe				
		9	(VOL) Rechazada				
		(c) Una	(c) Una clínica				
		1	Sí				
		2	No				
		8	(VOL) No sabe				
		9	(VOL) Rechazada				
		(d) En el lugar del accidente					
		1	Sí				
		2	No				
		8	(VOL) No sabe				
		9	(VOL) Rechazada				
		(e) Otro sitio					
		1	Sí				
		2	No				
		8	(VOL) No sabe				
		9	(VOL) Rechazada				
Q116	¿Se le transportó desde el lugar del accidente en ambulancia o en helicóptero?						
	1 Sí, ambulancia (o vehículo de rescate)						
	2						
	3 No, ninguno 8 (VOL) No sabe						
	9	` ,	Rechazada				
		. ,					

Q117 ¿Estuvo hospitalizado/hospitalizada?

1 Sí

```
2
              No
       8
              (VOL) No sabe
              (VOL) Rechazada
       Q117a ¿Cuánto tiempo estuvo hospitalizado/hospitalizada?
                      Respondió en DÍAS
              1
              2
                      Respondió en HORAS
              8
                      (VOL) No sabe
              9
                      (VOL) Rechazada
                             ¿Cuánto tiempo estuvo hospitalizado/hospitalizada?)
              (Q117a1
                             [ANOTAR DÍAS (0-365)]
              (Q117a2
                             ¿Cuánto tiempo estuvo hospitalizado/hospitalizada?)
                             [ANOTAR HORAS (0-23)]
Q118
       ¿Recibió usted algún tratamiento continuado o de seguimiento para sus heridas?
       1
              Sí
       2
              No
       8
              (VOL) No sabe
              (VOL) Rechazada
       Q118a ¿Dónde recibió este tratamiento de seguimiento?
       Q118A 1
                      ¿Fue en..... La consulta de un doctor?
                      1
                             Sí
                      2
                             No
                      8
                             (VOL) No sabe
                             (VOL) Rechazada
                      9
                      ¿Fue en..... En la consulta de un fisioterapeuta?
       Q118A 2
                      1
                             Sí
                      2
                             No
                      8
                             (VOL) No sabe
                      9
                             (VOL) Rechazada
       Q118A 3
                      ¿Fue en..... Una clínica?
                      1
                             Sí
                      2
                             No
                      8
                             (VOL) No sabe
                             (VOL) Rechazada
       Q118A 4
                      ¿Fue en..... Un hospital
                      1
                             Sí
```

1

Sí

			8	No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada			
	Q118A	_5	5 ¿Fue en? Otro sitio?				
			2 8	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada			
Q118a		(¿Dónd	le recibió	este tratamiento de seguimiento?)			
				recibió este tratamiento de seguimiento? ¿Fue en otro sitio?) RO ESPECIFICAR]			
Q119	¿Le impidieron los daños de ese accidente el realizar alguna de sus actividades normales (trabajo clases, trabajo doméstico) durante al menos una semana?						
	1 2 8 9		No sabe Rechaza	da			
	Q119a ¿Hubo alguna actividad que fuera incapaz de efectuar debido a sus daños incluso un a después del accidente?						
		1 2 3 8 9	(VOL)	ce menos de 1 año No sabe Rechazada			
Q120	¿Ha sufrido alguna vez daños de un accidente de tráfico de vehículos que le hayan impedido realizar alguna de sus actividades normales (trabajo, clases, trabajo doméstico) durante al menos una semana?						
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada					
Q120a ¿Hubo actividades que no pudo desarrollar debido a los daños incluso un accidente?							

- 2 No
- 3 Pasó hace menos de 1 año
- 8 (VOL) No sabe
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q120b ¿Ha sufrido daños causados por un accidente de tráfico que le impidiese hacer cualquiera de sus actividades normales (trabajo, clases, trabajo casero un año después del accidente)?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada

Ahora me gustaría hacerle una preguntas sobre usted y luego habremos terminado.

Q128 ¿Qué edad tiene? [EDAD RECHAZADA=99]

- Q130 ¿Se considera usted hispano/hispana o latino/latina?
 - 1 Sí
 - 2 No
 - 8 (VOL) No sabe
 - 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q131 ¿Cuál de los siguientes grupos raciales le describe a usted? Puede seleccionar más de uno.

LEER LA LISTA Y ANOTACIÓN MÚLTIPLE

- 1 Indio/india americano/americana o nativo/nativa de Alaska
- 2 Asiático/asiática
- 3 Negro/negra o afroamericano/afroamericana
- 4 Nativo/nativa de Hawaii o de otra isla del Pacífico
- 5 Blanco/blanca
- 6 Hispano/latino (VOL)
- 7 Otro (ESPECIFICAR)
- 9 (VOL) Rechazada
- Q131 ¿Cuál de las categorías raciales siguientes le describe a usted? Puede seleccionar más de una. (MENCIONAR NÚMERO....)
- Q133 ¿Cuál es el curso más alto académico que ha completado?
 - 8 Octavo grado o menos
 - 9 Noveno grado

	10 11 12 13 14 99	Décimo grado Undécimo grado/instituto Duodécimo grado/instituto Algo de universidad Graduado/graduada de universidad o más alto (VOL) Rechazada			
Q134	¿Cuál de las siguientes categorías define mejor los ingresos totales de su casa antes de impen 2002? (Incluir los ingresos de todas las personas de la casa.) Los ingresos totales de su fueron de [LEER LISTA]				
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Menos de 5.000 dólares 5.000 a 14.999 dólares 15.000 a 29.999 dólares 30.000 a 49.999 dólares 50.000 a 74.999 dólares 75.000 a 99.999 dólares 100.000 dólares o más (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada			
Q136	que pueda recibir llamadas telefónicas entrantes? 1 Sí 2 No 9 (VOL) Rechazada Q136a ¿Cuántos números de teléfono distintos tiene usted en esta residencia en los que pue				
		recibir normalmente llamadas telefónicas entrantes? [10 O MÁS=10; No sabe=98; Rechazada=99]			
		usted la D. O. T. sitio web para averiguar m s information acerca peccién? (en www.nhtsa.dot.gov)			
	1 2 8 9	Sí No (VOL) No sabe (VOL) Rechazada			
Q138	POR O	BSERVACIÓN, ANOTE EL SEXO DE QUIEN RESPONDE			
Q139	1 2 LA EN	Hombre Mujer CUESTA SE REALIZÓ EN:			
	1 2	Inglés Español			

QEND Esas son todas las preguntas que tengo para usted hoy.				
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ENCUESTADOR/ENCUESTADORA: AGRADECER Y TERMINAR. ANOTAR INICIALES				
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